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MOTORCYCLE IDENTIFICATION



GENERAL INFORMATION

MOTORCYCLE IDENTIFICATION VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION NUMBER

The vehicle identification number ① is stemped into the right side of the steering head.

Starting serial number: FZR400A (Except for California): JYA3BFE0 * LA012101 FZR400SAC (For California): JYA3FHC0 * LA003101

NOTE: _

The vehicle identification number is used to identify your motorcycle and may be used to register your motorcycle with the licensing authority in your state.



ENGINE SERIAL NUMBER

The engine serial number (1) is stamped into the right side of the engine.

Starting serial number: FZR400A (Except for California): 3BF-012101 FZR400SAC (For California): 3FH-003101

NOTE:

- The first three digits of these numbers are for model identifications; the remaining digits are the unit production number.
- Designs and specifications are subject to change without notice.

FZR400A



FZR400SAC





SPECIFICATIONS

GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

| Model | FZR400A/F | ZR400SAC | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|
| Model Code Number: | 3BF5 (FZR400A) 3FH3 (FZR400SAC) | 3FH3 (FZR400SAC) | | |
| Vehicle Identification Number: | JYA3BFE0 * LA01210 JYA3FHC0 * LA00310 | JYA3BFE0 * LA012101 (FZR400A) JYA3FHC0 * LA003101 (FZR400SAC) | | |
| Engine Starting Number: | 3BF-012101 (FZR400A) 3FH-003101 (FZR400S/ | 3BF-012101 (FZR400A) 3FH-003101 (FZR400SAC) | | |
| Basic Weight: With Oil and Full Fuel Tank | 188 kg (414 lb) (FZR40 191 kg (421 lb) (FZR40 | 188 kg (414 lb) (FZR400A) 191 kg (421 lb) (FZR400SAC) | | |
| | Front | Rear | | |
| Tire: Type Size Manufacture (Type) | Tubeless 110/70R17-54H BRIDGESTONE (CY15) DUNLOP (K510F) | Tubeless 140/60R18-64H BRIDGESTONE (CY16) DUNLOP (K510) | | |

SPEC

MAINTENANCE SPECIFICATIONS

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| Model | | FZR400A/FZR400SAC | |
|--|--|--|--|
| Front Suspension: Front Fork Travel Front Spring Free Length < Limit > Collar Length Spring Rate: Stroke Optional Spring Oil Capacity Oil Level (Fully Compression) | K1 K2 K1 K2 | 130 mm (5.12 in) 412 mm (16.2 in) 408 mm (16.1 in) 160 mm (6.3 in) 4.4 N/mm (0.5 kg/mm, 25.2 lb/in) 6.6 N/mm (0.7 kg/mm, 37.5 lb/in) 0.0 \sim 90 mm (0.0 \sim 3.54 in) 90 \sim 130 mm (3.54 \sim 5.12 in) No 440 cm ³ (15.5 Imp oz, 14.9 US oz) 92 mm (3.62 in) Bellow the top of inner fork tube without fork spring | |
| Oil Grade Front Disc Brake: Type Disc Outside Diameter x Thickne Pad Thickness Pad Thickness Master Cylinder Inside Diameter Caliper Cylinder Inside Diameter | Inner < Limit > * Outer < Limit > * | Yamaha Fork Oil 10WT or equivalent Dual 282 x 4 mm (11.10 x 0.16 in) 5.5 mm (0.22 in) 0.5 mm (0.02 in) 5.5 mm (0.22 in) 0.5 mm (0.02 in) 15.87 mm (0.62 in) 32.10 mm (1.26 in) | |
| Brake Fluid Type | | DOT # 4 or DOT # 3 | |

MAINTENANCE SPECIFICATIONS



TIGHTENING TORQUE

| | | Tigh | tening toro | que |
|---|--|---|--|--|
| Part to be tightened | Thread size | Nm | m∙kg | ft∙lb |
| Front Axle and Outer Tube Rear Axle and Nut Handlebar Crown and Inner Tube Handlebar Crown and Steering Stem Brake Caliper (Front/Rear) Bleed Screw and Brake Caliper Brake Hose and Union Bolt Front Master Cylinder and Master Cylinder Holder Front Master Cylinder and Cylinder Cap Front Fender and Outer Tube Handlebar and Inner Tube Engine Mounting: Front Rear – Upper Rear – Lower Down Tube and Frame: Front Rear Footrest Bracket and Frame Pivot Axle and Nut Relay Arm and Frame Arm and Swingarm Arm and Relay Arm Rear Shock Absorber and Relay Arm Rear Shock Absorber and Frame Footrest and Footrest Bracket Rear Footrest Bracket and Frame Rear Master Cylinder and Rear Arm Bracket Cowling and Stay Compression Bar and Brake Caliper Bracket Front Fork Pinch Bolt Sprocket and Clutch Hub Brake Disc and Clutch Hub Inner Tube and Steering Stem Frame and Rear Frame: Upper Lower | $\begin{array}{c} M14 \times 1.5 \\ M16 \times 1.5 \\ M8 \times 1.25 \\ M22 \times 1.0 \\ M10 \times 1.25 \\ M8 \times 1.25 \\ M10 \times 1.25 \\ M10 \times 1.25 \\ M10 \times 1.25 \\ M6 \times 1.0 \\ M5 \times 0.8 \\ M6 \times 1.0 \\ M8 \times 1.25 \\ M10 \times 1.25 \\ M8 \times 1.25 \\ M10 \times 1.25 \\ M$ | $\begin{array}{c} 58\\ 107\\ 26\\ 110\\ 35\\ 6\\ 26\\ 9\\ 2\\ 6\\ 23\\ 55\\ 55\\ 45\\ 60\\ 33\\ 33\\ 90\\ 40\\ 40\\ 40\\ 40\\ 40\\ 40\\ 40\\ 40\\ 40\\ 4$ | $\begin{array}{c} 5.8\\ 10.7\\ 2.6\\ 11.0\\ 3.5\\ 0.6\\ 2.6\\ 0.9\\ 0.2\\ 0.6\\ 2.3\\ 5.5\\ 5.5\\ 4.5\\ 6.0\\ 3.3\\ 3.3\\ 9.0\\ 4.0\\ 4.0\\ 4.0\\ 4.0\\ 4.0\\ 4.0\\ 4.0\\ 4$ | $\begin{array}{c} 42\\ 77\\ 19\\ 80\\ 25\\ 4.3\\ 19\\ 6.5\\ 1.4\\ 4.3\\ 17\\ 40\\ 40\\ 32\\ 43\\ 24\\ 24\\ 65\\ 29\\ 29\\ 29\\ 29\\ 29\\ 29\\ 29\\ 29\\ 29\\ 29$ |

GENERAL TORQUE SPECIFICA-TIONS

This chart specifies torque for standard fasteners with standard I.S.O. pitch threads. Torque specifications for special components or assemblies are included in the applicable sections of this book. To avoid warpage, tighten multifastener assemblies in a crisscross fashion, in progressive stages, until full torque is reached. Unless otherwise specified, torque specifications call for clean, dry threads. Components should be at room temperature.

| A | specifications | | | |
|-------|----------------|-----|------|-------|
| (Nut) | (Bolt) | Nm | m∙kg | ft∙lb |
| 10 mm | 6 mm | 6 | 0.6 | 4.3 |
| 12 mm | 8 mm | 15 | 1.5 | 11 |
| 14 mm | 10 mm | 30 | 3.0 | 22 |
| 17 mm | 12 mm | 55 | 5.5 | 40 |
| 19 mm | 14 mm | 85 | 8.5 | 61 |
| 22 mm | 16 mm | 130 | 13.0 | 94 |

SPEC



- A: Distance across flats
- B: Outside thread diameter

DEFINITION OF UNITS

| Unit | Read | Definition | Measure |
|----------------------|---------------------------------|--|-------------------------|
| mm cm | millimeter centimeter | 10 ⁻³ meter 10 ⁻² meter | Length Length |
| kg | kilogram | 10 ³ gram | Weight |
| N | Newton | 1 kg x m/sec ² | Force |
| Nm m∙kg | Newton meter Meter kilogram | N x m m x kg | Torque Torque |
| Pa N/mm | Pascal Newton per millimeter | N/m² N/mm | Pressure Spring rate |
| L cm ³ | Liter Cubic centimeter | | Volume or Capacity |
| r/min | Revolution per minute | | Engine Speed |



DRIVE CHAIN SLACK ADJUSTMENT

PERIODIC INSPECTIONS AND ADJUSTMENTS

CHASSIS

DRIVE CHAIN SLACK ADJUSTMENT

NOTE: _

Before checking and/or adjusting the chain slack, rotate the rear wheel several revolutions. Check the chain slack several times to find the point where the chain is the tightest. Check and/or adjust the chain slack where the rear wheel is in this "tight chain" position.

CAUTION:

Too little of chain slack will overload the engine and over vital parts; keep the slack within the specified limits.

WARNING

Securely support the motorcycle so there is no danger of it falling over.

- 1. Place the motorcycle on a level place, and hold it in an upright position.
- 2. Check:
 - Drive chain slack ⓐ
 Out of specification → Adjust.



Drive chain slack: $10 \sim 20 \text{ mm} (0.4 \sim 0.8 \text{ in})$ at both wheels should be on the ground without the rider on it.

- 3. Adjust:
 - Drive chain slack

Adjustment steps:

- Remove the cotter pin ① .
- \bullet Loosen the axle nut (2).
- Loosen both locknuts ③ (adjuster) and turn the adjuster ④ clockwise or counterclockwise until the specified slack is obtained.







Clockwise → Slack is increased.

Counterclockwise → Slack is decreased.

NOTE:_

Turn each adjuster exactly the same amount to maintain correct axle alignment. (There are marks on each side of swingarm; use them to check for proper alignment.)

- Tighten the locknut.
- Tighten the axle nut to specification, while pushing up or down on the chain to zero slack.

Axle nut: 107 Nm

107 Nm (10.7 m · kg, 77 ft · lb)

• Install the cotter pin.

AWARNING

Always use a new cotter pin on the axle nut.

CAUTION:

Do not loosen the axle nut after torque tightening. If the axle nut groove is not aligned with the cotter pin hole, align groove with the hole by tightening up on the axle nut.



REAR WHEEL

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REAR WHEEL

- 1) Collar
- 2 Oil seal
- (3) Bearing
- (4) Spacer
- 5 Clutch hub
- 6 Collar
- () Cotter pin
- (8) Tension bar



REAR WHEEL CHAS

REMOVAL

1. Place the motorcycle on a level place.

WARNING

Securely support the motorcycle so there is no danger of it falling over.

- 2. Elevate the rear wheel by placing a suitable stand under the swingarm.
- 3. Remove:
 - Bolts (brake caliper) ①

NOTE: ____

Do not depress the brake pedal while the caliper is removed.

- 4. Loosen:
 - Locknut 🛈
 - Adjuster (2)
- 5. Remove:
 - Cotter pin ③
 - Axle nut ④
 - Washer (5)
- 6. Push the rear wheel forward and disconnect the drive chain ① from the driven sprocket
 ②
- 7. Remove:
 - Rear wheel axle
 - Adjuster collars (left and right)
 - Rear wheel ③
- 8. Remove:
 - Collar (left and right)







REAR WHEEL



INSPECTION

- 1. Inspect:
 - Tire
 - Rear wheel axle
 - Wheel
 - Wheel bearings
 - Oil seals Refer to the "FRONT WHEEL – INSPEC-TION".
- 2. Measure:
 - Wheel runout Refer to the "FRONT WHEEL -- INSPEC-TION".
- 3. Check:
 - Wheel balance
 - Refer to the "FRONT WHEEL INSPECTION".

INSTALLATION

Reverse the "Removal" procedure. Note the following points.

- 1. Lubricate:
 - Rear wheel axle
 - Bearings
 - Oil seals
 - Spacer
 - Collar



Lithium soap base grease

- 2. Adjust:
 - Drive chain slack



Drive chain slack: $10 \sim 20 \text{ mm} (0.4 \sim 0.8 \text{ in})$

Refer to the "DRIVE CHAIN SLACK ADJUSTMENT".

- 3. Tighten:
 - Nut (rear wheel axle)
 - Bolts (brake caliper)

Nut (rear wheel axle): 107 Nm (10.7 m · kg, 77 ft · lb) Bolt (brake caliper): 35 Nm (3.5 m · kg, 25 ft · lb)

REAR WHEEL





CAUTION:

• Do not loosen the axle nut after torque tightening.

CHAS of To

- If the axle nut groove is not aligned with the wheel shaft cotter pin hole, align groove with the hole by tightening up on the axle nut.
 - 4. Install:
 - Cotter pin

AWARNING

- Always use a new cotter pin on the axle nut.
- Make sure that the brake hose is routed properly.

1 Brake hose

(2) Brake hose guide

STATIC WHEEL BALANCE ADJUSTMENT

NOTE: ____

- After replacing the tire and/or rim, wheel balance should be adjusted.
- Adjust the wheel balance with brake disc and wheel hub installed.
 - 1. Adjust:
 - Wheel balance
 - Refer to the "FRONT WHEEL STATIC WHEEL BALANCE ADJUSTMENT" section.

FRONT AND REAR BRAKE

- ① Master cylinder cap
- ② Diaphragm
- 3 Master cylinder kit
- Master cylinder
- 5 Brake hose
- () Union bolt
- ⑦ Copper washer
- (8) Joint

Pad spring
 Piston
 Piston seal
 Dust seal

(9) Brake caliper

- Brake pad
- (15) Brake disc
- Diake dise

D The arrow mark (a) on the pad spring must pointing the disc rotating direction.

CHAS



FRONT AND REAR BRAKE

CHAS

(1) Union bolt (1) Reservoir tank cap (2) Bush (1) Copper washer (3) Diaphragm (12) Brake caliper (4) Reservoir tank (3) Piston (5) Reservoir hose (14) Piston seal (6) Master cylinder (15) Dust seal (7) Master cylinder kit (16) Brake pad (8) Brake hose 17 Pad shim (9) Brake pedal (18) Pad spring (19) Brake disc



CAUTION:

Disc brake components rarely require disassembly. DO NOT:

- Disassembly components unless absolutely necessary.
- Use solvents on internal brake component.
- Use contaminated brake fluid for cleaning. Use only clean brake fluid.
- Allow brake fluid to come in contact with the eyes otherwise eye injury may occur.
- Allow brake fluid to contact painted surfaces or plastic parts otherwise damage may occur.
- Disconnect any hydraulic connection otherwise the entire system must be disassembled, drained, cleaned, and then properly filled and bled after reassembly.

BRAKE PAD REPLACEMENT

NOTE:

It is not necessary to disassemble the brake caliper and brake hose to replace the brake pads.

WARNING

Securely support the motorcycle so there is no danger of it falling over.

Front brake

- 1. Remove:
 - Cover ①

- 2. Remove:
 - Retaining clips ①
 - Retaining pins (2)
 - Pad spring ③

CHAS avo











3. Remove:

FRONT AND REAR BRAKE

• Brake pads (1)

NOTE: ____

- Replace the pad spring if the pad replacement is required.
- Replace the pads as a set if either is found to be worn to the wear limit.



0.5 mm (0.02 in)

- 4. Install:
 - Brake pads (1)
 - Pad spring (2)

Installation steps:

- Connect a suitable hose ③ tightly to the caliper bleed screw. Then, place the other end of this hose into an open container.
- Loosen the caliper bleed screw and push the piston into the caliper by your finger.
- Tighten the caliper bleed screw.



• Install the brake pad (new) and pad spring (new).

NOTE: _

The arrow mark (4) on the pad spring must point in the disc rotating direction.

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FRONT AND REAR BRAKE





- 5. Install:
 - Retaining pins ①
 - Retaining clips ②
 - Cover ③

6. Inspect:

• Brake fluid level Refer to the "BRAKE FLUID INSPEC-TION" section in the CHAPTER 3.

- () "LOWER" level line
- 7. Check:
 - Brake lever operation

A softy or spongy filling \rightarrow Bleed brake system.

Refer to the "AIR BLEEDING" section in the CHAPTER 3.





Rear brake

- 1. Remove: • Seat
- 2. Remove:
 - Bolts (brake caliper) ①
- 3. Remove:
 - Retaining bolts ①

FRONT AND REAR BRAKE CHAS











- 4. Remove:
 - Brake pads (with shims) ①
 - Pad spring (2)

NOTE: ____

• Replace the pad spring if the pad replacement is required.

67

- Replace the pads as a set if either is found to be worn to the wear limit.
- Replace the pad shim if the pad replacement is required.

Wear limit (a) : 0.5 mm (0.02 in)

- 5. Install:
 - \bullet Pad shims (1)
 - Pad spring ②
 - Brake pads (with shims) ③

Installation steps:

- Connect a suitable hose ① tightly to the caliper bleed screw. Then, place the other end of this hose into an open container.
- Loosen the caliper bleed screw and push the piston into the caliper by your finger.
- Tighten the caliper bleed screw.



Caliper bleed screw: 6 Nm (0.6 m · kg, 4.3 ft · lb)

• Install the brake pads (new), pad spring (new) and pad shims (new).

NOTE:_

Install pad shims ① and pad spring ② on caliper as shown in the disc rotating direction.

FRONT AND REAR BRAKE CHAS







- 6. Install:
 - Retaining bolts ①



Retaining bolts: 10 Nm (1.0 m · kg, 7.2 ft · lb)

- 7. Install:
 - ullet Bolts (brake caliper) 1



Bolts (brake caliper): 35 Nm (3.5 m · kg, 25 ft · lb)

- 8. Inspect:
 - Brake fluid level Refer to the "BRAKE FLUID INSPEC-TION" section in the CHAPTER 3.
- ① "LOWER" level line
 - 9. Check:
 - Brake pedal operation
 - A softy or spongy filling \rightarrow Bleed brake system.

Refer to the "AIR BLEEDING" section in the CHAPTER 3.

- 10. Install:
 - Seat



CALIPER DISASSEMBLY

NOTE:

Before disassembling the front or rear brake master cylinders, drain the brake hose, master cylinder, brake caliper and reservoir tank of their brake fluid.

WARNING

Securely support the motorcycle so there is no danger of it falling over.

Front brake

- 1. Remove:
 - Cover
 - Reflector
 - Retaining clips
 - Retaining pins
 - Pad spring
 - Brake pads
 - Refer to the "BRAKE PAD REPLACE-MENT" section.
- 2. Remove:
 - Union bolt ①
 - Copper washers (2)
 - Brake hose ③

Place the open hose end into a container and pump the old fluid out carefully.

- 3. Remove:
 - Caliper body

CAUTION:

Do not loosen the bridge bolts 4 .





FRONT AND REAR BRAKE









4. Remove:

- Pistons ①
- Dust seals 2
- Piston seals ③

Remove steps:

• Blow compressed air into the tube joint opening to force out the piston from the caliper body.

CHAS 650

AWARNING

- Never try to pry out the piston.
- Cover the piston with a rag. Use care so that piston does not cause injury as it is expelled from the cylinder.

Rear brake

- 1. Remove:
 - Bolts (brake caliper)
 - Retaining bolts
 - Brake pads (with sims)
 - Brake spring Refer to "BRAKE PAD REPLACEMENT" section.
- 2. Remove:
 - Union bolt ①
 - Copper washers 2
 - Brake hose ③
 Place the open hose end into a container and pump the old fluid out carefully.
- 3. Remove:
 - Pistons ①
 - Dust seals ②
 - Piston seals ③

CAUTION:

Do not loosen the bridge bolts 4 .

FRONT AND REAR BRAKE CHAS



Remove steps:

• Blow compressed air into the tube joint opening to force out the piston from the caliper body.

WARNING

- Never try to pry out the piston.
- Cover the piston with a rag. Use care so that piston does not cause injury as it is expelled from the cylinder.

MASTER CYLINDER DISASSEMBLY

NOTE:

Before disassembling the front or rear brake master cylinders, drain the brake hose, master cylinder, brake caliper and reservoir tank of their brake fluid.

Securely support the motorcycle so there is no danger of it falling over.



Front brake

- 1. Remove:
 - Brake lever ①
 - Brake switch ②

2. Remove:

- \bullet Union bolt 1
- Copper washer (2)

Brake hose ③

Place the open hose end into a container and pump the old fluid out carefully.

FRONT AND REAR BRAKE CHAS











- 3. Remove:
 - Master cylinder ①

- 4. Remove:
 - Cap (master cylinder) ①
 - Diaphragm ②
 - Dust boot ③
 - Circlip ④
 - Master cylinder kit (5)

Rear brake

- 1. Remove:
 - Seat
 - Side cover (right)
- 2. Remove:
 - Cotter pin ①
 - Washer ②
 - Pin ③
- 3. Disconnect:
 - Reservoir hose ①

Place the open hose end into a container and pump the old fluid out carefully.

- 4. Remove:
 - Union bolt 2
 - Copper washers

Place the open hose end into a container and pump the old fluid out carefully.

5. Remove:

Master cylinder ③

- 6. Remove:
 - Dust boot ①
 - Circlip ②
 - Push rod ③
 - Master cylinder kit ④

FRONT AND REAR BRAKE



- 7. Remove:
 - Reservoir tank ① (from flame)
 - Cap (reservoir tank) 2
 - Holder (diaphragm) ③
 - Diaphragm ④

INSPECTION AND REPAIR

WARNING

All internal parts should be cleaned in new brake fluid only. Do not use solvents will cause seals to swell and distort.

CHAS of



- 1. Inspect:
 - Caliper pistons ① Scratches/Rust/Wear → Replace.
 - Caliper cylinders ②
 Wear/Scratches → Replace.
- A Front
- B Rear

AWARNING

Replace the piston seal and dust seal whenever a caliper is disassembled.



- 2. Inspect:
 - Caliper body ① Cracks/Damage → Replace.
 - Oil delivery passage (caliper body)
 - Blow out with compressed air.

A Front

B Rear

FRONT AND REAR BRAKE





3. Inspect:

- Master cylinder ①
 Wear/Scratches → Replace.
- Master cylinder body ②
 Cracks/Damage → Replace.
- Oil delivery passage (master cylinder body) Blow out with compressed air.

CHAS 650

- A Front
- B Rear
- 4. Inspect:
 - Master cylinder kit ①
 Scratches/Wear/Damage → Replace.





- A Front
- B Rear

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- 5. Inspect:
 - Diaphragm (front) ①
 - Diaphragm (rear) ② Wear/Damage → Replace.
 - Reservoir tank ③
 Cracks/Damage → Replace.
- A Front
- B Rear

FRONT AND REAR BRAKE CHAS





- 6. Inspect:
 - Brake hoses ①
 Cracks/Wear/Damage → Replace.

A Front

B Rear

- 7. Measure:
 - Brake pads (thickness) ⓐ Out of specification → Replace.



Wear limit: 0.5 mm (0.02 in)

NOTE: _

- Replace the pad spring as a set if pad replacement is required.
- Replace the pads as a set if either if found to be worn to the wear limit.



ASSEMBLY

WARNING

- All internal parts should be cleaned in new brake fluid only.
- Internal parts should be lubricated with brake fluid when installed.
- Replace the piston seal and dust seal whenever a caliper is disassembled.
- Securely support the motorcycle so there is no danger of it falling over.

Brake fluid: DOT #4 If DOT #4 is not available, #3 can be used.



Front brake

- 1. Install:
 - Piston seals ①
 - Dust seals 2
 - Pistons ③

WARNING

Always use new piston seal and dust seal.

- 2. Install:
 - Brake pads
 - Pad spring
 - Retaining pins
 - Retaining crips
 - Cover
 - Refer to the "BRAKE PAD REPLACE-MENT" section.
- 3. Install:
 - Brake caliper
 - Reflector

Bolts 35

Bolts (brake caliper): 35 Nm (3.5 m · kg, 25 ft · lb)





- 4. Install:
 - Copper washers (1)
 - Brake hose (2)
 - Union bolt ③ (onto brake caliper)



Union bolt: 26 Nm (2.6 m · kg, 19 ft · lb)

CAUTION:

When installing the brake hose to the caliper (1), lightly touch the brake pipe with the projection 2 on brake caliper.

- Proper hose routing is essential to insure safe motorcycle operation. Refer to "CABLE ROUTING".
- Always use new copper washers.





- 5. Install:
 - Master cylinder kit ①
 - Circlip (2)
 - Dust boot ③

6. Install: • Master cylinder ①

NOTE: _

Tighten first the upper bolt, then the lower bolt.



Bolts (master cylinder bracket): 9 Nm (0.9 m · kg, 6.5 ft · lb)


FRONT AND REAR BRAKE





- 7. Install:
 - Brake hose 🛈
 - Copper washers ②
 - Union bolts ③



Union bolts:

26 Nm (2.6 m·kg, 19 ft·lb)

- •Proper hose routing is essential to insure safe motorcycle operation. Refer to the "CABLE ROUTING".
- Always use new copper washers.
 - 8. Install:
 - Brake switch ①
 - Spring ②
 - Brake lever ③

NOTE: ____

Apply lithium soap base grease to pivot shaft of brake lever.

- 9. Fill:
 - Brake fluid



Recommended brake fluid: DOT #4 If DOT #4 is not available, #3 can be used.

CAUTION:

Brake fluid may erode painted surfaces or plastic parts. Always clean up spilled fluid immediately.

WARNING

- Use only the designated quality brake fluid: otherwise, the rubber seals may deteriorate, causing leakage and poor brake performance.
- Refill with the same type of brake fluid; mixing fluids may result in a harmful chemical reaction and lead to poor performance.
- Be careful that water does not enter the master cylinder when refilling. Water will significantly lower the boiling point of the fluid and may result in vapor lock.

FRONT AND REAR BRAKE CHAS



- 10. Install:
 - Diaphragm ①
 - Master cylinder cap ②

Screws (master cylinder cap): 2 Nm (0.2 m · kg, 1.4 ft · lb)

11. Air bleed:

Brake system

Refer to the "AIR BLEEDING" section in the CHAPTER 3.







- 12. Inspect:
 - Brake fluid level
 - Fluid lever is under "LOWER" level line 1 \rightarrow Replenish.
 - Refer to the "BRAKE FLUID INSPEC-TION" section in the CHAPTER 3.

Rear brake

- 1. Install:
 - Piston seals ①
 - •Dust seals (2)
 - •Pistons ③
- 2. Install:
 - •Pad spring ①
 - •Brake pads (with shims) ②
 - Retaining bolts



Retaining bolts: 10 Nm (1.0 m · kg, 13 ft · lb)

Refer to the "BRAKE PAD REPLACE-MENT" section.

FRONT AND REAR BRAKE CHAS









- 3. Install:
 - Brake caliper ①



Bolts (brake caliper): 35 Nm (3.5 m · kg, 25 ft · lb)

- 4. Install:
 - Master cylinder kit ①
 - Push rod 2
 - Circlip ③
 - Dust boot ④
- 5. Install:
 - Master cylinder assembly (5)



Bolts (master cylinder assembly): 35 Nm (3.5 m · kg, 25 ft · lb)

- 6. Install:
 - Pin ①
 - \bullet Plain washer (2)
 - Cotter pin ③

AWARNING

Always use new cotter pin.

- 7. Install:
 - Reservoir tank

CHAS of

- FRONT AND REAR BRAKE
 - 8. Install:
 - Brake hose
 - Copper washers
 - Union bolts
 - Reservoir hose



Union bolts: 26 Nm (2.6 m · kg, 19 ft · lb)







CAUTION:

When installing the brake hose, lightly touch the brake pipe (1) with the projections (2) on the caliper and master cylinder.

- A Master cylinder
- **B** Brake caliper

AWARNING

- Proper hose routing is essential to insure safe motorcycle operation, Refer to the "CABLE ROUTING".
- Always use new copper washers.
- (1) Brake hose
- (2) Brake hose guide
 - 9. Fill:
 - Brake fluid



If DOT #4 is not available, DOT #3 can be used.

CAUTION:

Brake fluid may erode painted surfaces or plastic parts. Always clean up spilled fluid immediately,



- Use only the designated quality brake fluid: otherwise, the rubber seals may deteriorate, causing leakage and poor brake performance.
- Refill with the same type of brake fluid; mixing fluids may result in a harmful chemical reaction and lead to poor performance.
- Be careful that water does not enter the master cylinder when refilling. Water will significantly lower the boiling point of the fluid and may result in vapor lock.
- 10. Install:
 - Diaphragm ①
 - Bush 2
 - Reservoir tank cap (3)
- 11. Air bleed:
 - Brake system Refer to the "AIR BLEEDING" section in the CHAPTER 3.
- 12. Inspect:
 - Brake fluid level Fluid level is under "LOWER" level line (1) \rightarrow Replenish.

Refer to the "BRAKE FLUID INSPEC-TION" section in the CHAPTER 3.

- 13. Adjust:
 - Rear brake pedal height (a)



Pedal height: 42 mm (1.7 in) Below top of footrest.

Refer to "REAR BRAKE ADJUSTMENT" section in the CHAPTER 3.

- 14. Install:
 - Side cover (right)
 - Seat







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MOTORCYCLE IDENTIFICATION



GENERAL INFORMATION

MOTORCYCLE IDENTIFICATION VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION NUMBER

The vehicle identification number ① is stemped into the right side of the steering head.

Starting Serial Number: FZR400U (Except for California): JYA3BFE0 * JA000101 FZR400SUC (For California): JYA3FHC0 * JA000101

NOTE: _

The vehicle identification number is used to identify your motorcycle and may be used to register your motorcycle with the licensing authority in your state.



ENGINE SERIAL NUMBER

The engine serial number ① is stamped into the right side of the engine.

Starting Serial Number: FZR400U (Except for California): 3BF-000101 FZR400SUC (For California): 3FH-000101

NOTE: ____

- The first three digits of these numbers are for model identifications; the remaining digits are the unit production number.
- Designs and specifications are subject to change without notice.

FZR400U



FZR400SUC



IMPORTANT INFORMATION









IMPORTANT INFORMATION

PREPARATION FOR REMOVAL

1. Remove all dirt, mud, dust, and foreign material before removal and disassembly.

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- 2. Use proper tools and cleaning equipment. Refer to "SPECIAL TOOL".
- 3. When disassembling the machine, keep mated parts together. This includes gears, cylinders, pistons, and other mated parts that have been "mated" through normal wear. Mated parts must be reused as an assembly or replaced.
- 4. During the machines disassembly, clean all parts and place them in trays in the order of disassembly. This will speed up assembly time and help assure that all parts are correctly reinstalled.
- 5. Keep away from fire.

ALL REPLACEMENT PARTS

1. Use only genuine Yamaha parts for all replacements. Use oil and/or grease recommended by Yamaha for assembly and adjustment. Other brands may be similar in function and appearance, but inferior in quality.

GASKETS, OIL SEALS, AND O-RINGS

- 1. All gaskets, seals, and O-rings should be replaced when an engine is overhauled. All gasket surfaces, oil seal lips, and O-rings must be cleaned.
- 2. Properly oil all mating parts and bearings during reassembly. Apply grease to the oil seal lips.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION









LOCK WASHERS/PLATES AND COTTER PINS

 All lock washers/plates (1) and cotter pins must be replaced when they are removed. Lock tab(s) should be bent along the bolt or nut flat(s) after the bolt or nut has been properly tightened.

BEARINGS AND OIL SEALS

- 1. Install the bearing(s) ① and oil seal(s) ② with their manufacturer's marks or numbers facing outward. (In other words, the stamped letters must be on the side exposed to view.) When installing oil seal(s), apply a light coating of light-weight lithium base grease to the seal lip(s). Oil the bearings liberally when installing.
- 1 Oil seal

▲ CAUTION:

Do not use compressed air to spin the bearings dry. This causes damage to the bearing surfaces.

1 Bearing

CIRCLIPS

- All circlips should be inspected carefully before reassembly. Always replace piston pin clips after one use. Replace distorted circlips. When installing a circlip ①, make sure that the sharp edged corner ② is positioned opposite to the thrust ③ it receives. See the sectional view.
- (4) Shaft



SPECIAL TOOLS

The proper special tools are necessary for complete and accurate tune-up and assembly. Using the correct special tool will help prevent damage caused by the use of improper tools or improvised techniques.

FOR TUNE UP

1. Inductive Tachometer P/N YU-08036

This tool is needed for detecting engine rpm.

2. Inductive Timing Light P/N YU-08037

This tool is necessary for checking ignition timing.

3. Compression Gauge P/N YU-33223

This gauge is used to measure the engine compression.

4. Fuel Level Gauge P/N YU-01312

This gauge is used to measure the fuel level in the float chamber.





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5. Vacuum Gauge P/N YU-08030

This gauge is needed for carburetor synchroniza-

FOR ENGINE SERVICE

1. Cam Chain Cutter P/N YM-01112

This tool is used when cutting the cam chain.

2. Piston Pin Puller P/N YU-01304

This tool is used to remove the piston pin.

3. Universal Clutch Holder P/N YM-91042

This tool is used to hold the clutch when removing or installing the clutch boss locknut.

4. Rotor Puller P/N YM-01080 This tool is used to remove the rotor.

SPECIAL TOOLS





5. Universal Rotor Holder P/N YU-01235

This tool is used when loosening or tightening the A.C. magneto securing bolt.

6. Heavy Duty Puller P/N YU-33270

This tool is used to remove the starter clutch.

7. Camshaft Wrench P/N YM-04115

This tool is used to turn the camshaft.

8. Valve Spring Compressor ① P/N YM-04019 Attachment ② P/N YM-04114

This tool is needed to remove and install the valve assemblies.

9. Valve Guide Remover (4.5 mm) P/N YM-04116

This tool is used to remove the valve guides.









Use 4 of these to hold the piston during cylinder installation.

16. Radiator Cap Tester P/N YU-24460-01 Adaptor P/N YU-33984

This tester is needed for checking the cooling system.

FOR CHASSIS SERVICE

1. T-Handle P/N YM-01326 – ① Front Fork Cylinder Holder P/N YM-01300-1 – ②

This tool is used to loosen and tighten the front fork damper rod holding bolt.

2. Front Fork Seal Driver (weight) P/N YM-33963 - ① Adapter (38 mm) P/N YM-01372 - ②

These tools are used when installing the fork seat.

3. Ring Nut Wrench P/N YU-33975

This tool is used to loosen and tighten the steering ring nut.









FOR ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS

1. Dynamic Coil Tester P/N YM-34487

This tester is necessary for checking the ignition system components.

2. Pocket Tester P/N YU-03112

This instrument is invaluable for checking the electrical system.





SPECIFICATIONS

GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

| Model | FZR400U/FZR400SUC |
|---|---|
| Model Code Number: | 3BF (FZR400U) 3FH (FZR400SUC) |
| Vehicle Identification Number: | JYA3FHC0 * JA000101 JYA3BFE0 * JA000101 |
| Engine Starting Number: | 3BF-000101 (FZR400U) 3FH-000101 (FZR400SUC) |
| Dimensions: Overall Length Overall Width Overall Height Seat Height Wheelbase Minimum Ground Clearance | 2,070 mm (81.5 in) 690 mm (27.2 in) 1,125 mm (44.3 in) 785 mm (30.9 in) 1,400 mm (55.1 in) 135 mm (5.31 in) |
| Basic Weight: With Oil and Full Fuel Tank | 186 kg (410 lb) (FZR400U) 189 kg (417 lb) (FZR400SUC) |
| Minimum Turning Radius: | 3,100 mm (122 in) |
| Engine: Engine Type Cylinder Arrangement Displacement Bore x Stroke Compression Ratio Compression Pressure Starting System | Liquide cooled 4-stroke, gasoline, DOHC 4-cylinder parallel 399 cm ³ (24.3 cu.in) 56.0 x 40.5 mm (2.2047 x 1.5945 in) 11.5 : 1 932 kPa (9.5 kg/cm ² , 135 psi) Electric starter |
| Lubrication System: | Wet sump |
| Engine Oil Type or Grade: $30 	 40 	 50 	 60^{\circ}F$ - 	 - 	 - 	 - 	 - 	 - 	 - 	 - 	 - 	 - | Yamalube 4-cycle oil or SAE 20W40 type SE motor oil SAE 10W30 type SE motor oil |
| Engine Oil Capacity: Engine Oil: Periodic Oil Change: With Oil Filter Replacement Total Amount | 2.2 L (1.9 Imp qt, 2.33 US qt) 2.5 L (2.2 Imp qt, 2.64 US qt) 3.0 L (2.6 Imp qt, 3.17 US qt) |
| Coolant Total Amount: (Including All Routes) | 1.9 L (1.7 Imp qt, 2.0 US qt) |
| Air Filter: | Dry type element |

GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS



| Model | FZR400U/FZ | R400SUC | |
|--|---|--|--|
| Fuel: Type Tank capacity Reserve Amoun | Unleaded fuel recommended 18.0 L (3.94 Imp gal, 4.8 US gal) 3.0 L (0.66 Imp gal, 0.79 US gal) | | |
| Carburetor: Type x Quantity Manufacturer | BDS32 × 4 MIKUNI | | |
| Spark Plug: Type (Manufacture) Gap | CR8E (NGK), U24ESR-N 0.7 ~ 0.8 mm (0.028 ~ 0 | | |
| Clutch Type: | Wet, multiple-disc | | |
| Transmission: Primary Reduction System Primary Reduction Ratio Secondary Reduction System Secondary Reduction Ratio Transmission Type Operation Gear Ratio 1st 2nd 3rd 4th 5th 6th | Spur gear 89/41 (2.170) Chain drive 55/19 (2.894) Constant-mesh, 6-speed Left foot operation 43/13 (3.307) 40/18 (2.222) 36/21 (1.714) 33/23 (1.434) 28/22 (1.272) 27/23 (1.173) | | |
| Chassis: Frame Type Caster Angle Trail | Double cradle 24° 89 mm (3.5 in) | | |
| Tire | Front | Rear | |
| Type Size Manufacture (Type) | Tubeless 110/70R17-53H BRIDGESTONE (CYROX-03) DUNLOP (K455F) | Tubeless 140/60R18-64H BRIDGESTONE (CYROX-04) DUNLOP (K455) | |
| Maximum Load * | 156 kg (344 lb) (Except 153 kg (337 lb) (For Cal | for California) ifornia) | |
| Tire Pressure (Cold tire): | Front | Rear | |
| Up to 90 kg (198 lb) load X | 200 kPa (2.0 kg/cm² , 28 psi) | 230 kPa (2,3 kg/cm² , 32 psi) | |
| 90 kg (198 lb) \sim Maximum load \star | 200 kPa (2.0 kg/cm² , 28 psi) | 250 kPa (2.5 kg/cm ² , 36 psi) | |
| High speed riding | 200 kPa (2.0 kg/cm² , 28 psi) | 250 kPa (2.5 kg/cm² , 36 psi) | |
| *Load is total weight of cargo, rider, passenger, and accessories. | | | |

GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS



| Model | FZR400U/FZR400SUC |
|--|--|
| Brake: Front Brake Type Operation Rear Brake Type Operation | Dual disc brake Right hand operation Single disc brake Right foot operation |
| Suspension: Front Suspension Rear Suspension | Telescopic fork Swingarm (New monocross) |
| Shock Absorber: Front Shock Absorber Rear Shock Absorber | Coil spring/Oil damper Coil gas spring/Oil damper |
| Wheel Travel: Front Wheel Travel Rear Wehel Travel | 130 mm (5.12 in) 130 mm (5.12 in) |
| Electrical: Ignition System Generator System Battery Type or Model Battery Capacity | T.C.I. (Digital ignition) A.C. magneto generator GM12AZ-3A-2 12V 12AH |
| Headlight type: | Quartz bulb (Halogen) |
| Bulb Wattage x Quantity: Headlight Tail/Brake Light Rear Flasher Light Front Position Light/Front Flasher Light License Light Meter Light Auxiliary Light | 35W/35W x 2 8W/27W x 1 27W x 2 27W/8W x 2 3.8W x 2 1.7W x 5 3.4W x 2 |
| Indicator Light: Wattage x Quantity "NEUTRAL" "HIGH BEAM" "TURN" "OIL LEVEL" | 3.4W × 1 3.4W × 1 3.4W × 1 3.4W × 1 |



Engine

| Model | FZR400U/FZR400SUC |
|--|--|
| Cylinder Head: Warp Limit * | 0.03 mm (0.0012 in) *Lines indicate straightedge measurement |
| Cylinder: Bore Size Taper Limit Out of Round Limit | 56.000 ~ 56.005 mm (2.2047 ~ 2.2049 in) 0.05 mm (0.002 in) 0.03 mm (0.0012 in) |
| Camshaft: Drive Method Cam Cap Inside Dia. | Chain drive (Center) 23.000 ~ 23.021 mm (0.9055 ~ 0.9063 in) |
| Camshaft Outside Dia. Shaft-to-Cap Clearance < Limit > Cam Dimensions: Intake "A" < Limit > "B" < Limit > "B" < Limit > "B" < Limit > "B" < Limit > "B" < Limit > "B" < Limit > "B" | 22.967 ~ 22.980 mm (0.9042 ~ 0.9047 in) 0.020 ~ 0.054 mm (0.0008 ~ 0.0021 in) 0.08 mm (0.0031 in) 32.55 ~ 32.65 mm (1.2815 ~ 1.2854 in) 32.51 mm (1.2799 in) 25.045 ~ 25.145 mm (0.986 ~ 0.990 in) 25.005 mm (0.9844 in) 32.25 ~ 32.35 mm (1.2697 ~ 1.2736 in) 32.21 mm (1.2681 in) 25.0 ~ 25.1 mm (0.9843 ~ 0.9882 in) 24.96 mm (0.9827 in) |
| சв Camshaft Runout Limit கூரி | 0.03 mm (0.0012 in) |
| | |
| Cam Chain: Cam Chain Type/No. of Links Cam Chain Adjustment Method Valve, Valve Seat, Valve Guide: Valve Clearance (Cold): IN. | BF04MA/112 Links Automatic 0.11 ~ 0.20 mm (0.004 ~ 0.008 in) |
| EX. | $0.11 \sim 0.20$ mm (0.004 ~ 0.008 in) $0.21 \sim 0.30$ mm (0.008 ~ 0.012 in) |
| "B" | "C" |
| Head Dia. Face Width | Seat Width Margin Thickness |

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SPEC

| Model | | FZR400U/FZR400SUC |
|----------------------------------|--------------|--|
| "A" Head Dia. | IN. | 21.9 ~ 22.1 mm (0.8622 ~ 0.8701 in) |
| | EX. | $18.9 \sim 19.1 \text{ mm} (0.7441 \sim 0.7520 \text{ in})$ |
| "B" Face Width | IN. | $1.6 \sim 2.4 \text{ mm} (0.0630 \sim 0.0945 \text{ in})$ |
| "C" Seat Width | EX. IN. | 1.6 ~ 2.4 mm (0.0630 ~ 0.0945 in) 0.9 ~ 1.1 mm (0.0354 ~ 0.0433 in) |
| | EX. | $0.9 \sim 1.1 \text{ mm} (0.0354 \sim 0.0433 \text{ in})$ $0.9 \sim 1.1 \text{ mm} (0.0354 \sim 0.0433 \text{ in})$ |
| < Limit > | IN. | 1.6 mm (0.063 in) |
| | EX. | 1.6 mm (0.063 in) |
| "D" Margin Thickness | IN. | 0.6 ~ 0.8 mm (0.0236 ~ 0.0315 in) |
| | EX. | 0.6 ~ 0.8 mm (0.0236 ~ 0.0315 in) |
| < Limit > | IN. | 0.4 mm (0.0157 in) |
| | EX. | 0.4 mm (0.0157 in) |
| Stem Outside Diameter | IN. | 4.475 ~ 4.490 mm (0.1762 ~ 0.1768 in) |
| | EX. | $4.460 \sim 4.475 \text{ mm} (0.1756 \sim 0.1762 \text{ in})$ |
| < Limit > | IN. | 4.45 mm (0.175 in) |
| Guide Inside Diameter | EX. IN. | 4.435 mm (0.175 in) 4.500 ~ 4.512 mm (0.1772 ~ 0.1776 in) |
| | EX. | $4.500 \sim 4.512$ mm (0.1772 ~ 0.1776 in) $4.500 \sim 4.512$ mm (0.1772 ~ 0.1776 in) |
| < Limit > | IN. | 4.542 mm (0.179 in) |
| | EX. | 4.542 mm (0.179 in) |
| Stem-to-Guide Clearance | IN. | $0.010 \sim 0.037 \text{ mm} (0.0004 \sim 0.0015 \text{ in})$ |
| | EX. | 0.025 ~ 0.052 mm (0.001 ~ 0.002 in) |
| < Limit > | IN. | 0.08 mm (0.0031 in) |
| | EX. | 0.1 mm (0.0039 in) |
| Stem Runout Limit | | 0.02 mm (0.0008 in) |
| | THE X | |
| Valve Seat Width | IN. | 0.9 ~ 1.1 mm (0.0354 ~ 0.0433 in) |
| | EX. | 0.9 ~ 1.1 mm (0.0354 ~ 0.0433 in) |
| < Limit > | IN. | 1.6 mm (0.063 in) |
| | EX. | 1.6 mm (0.063 in) |
| Valve Spring: | | |
| Free Length | IN. | 41.94 mm (1.65 in) |
| Installed Length (Malue Classed) | EX. | 41.94 mm (1.65 in) |
| Installed Length (Valve Closed) | IN. EX. | 37.5 mm (1.48 in) 37.5 mm (1.48 in) |
| Compressed Pressure | IN. | $14.2 \sim 16.4$ kg (31.3 ~ 36.2 lb) |
| (Valve closed) | EX. | $14.2 \sim 16.4 \text{ kg} (31.3 \sim 36.2 \text{ lb})$ $14.2 \sim 16.4 \text{ kg} (31.3 \sim 36.2 \text{ lb})$ |
| Tilt Limit | IN. | 2.5°/1.8 mm (0.0709 in) |
| | EX. | 2.5°/1.8 mm (0.0709 in) |
| | | |
| | | |
| | /////. | \frown |
| Direction of Winding (Top view) | IN. EX. | |

SPEC

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|--|--|--|
| Model | | FZR400U/FZR400SUC |
| Piston: Piston Size "D" Measuring Point "H" | | 55.945 ~ 55.960 mm (2.2026 ~ 2.2031 in) 5 mm (0.197 in) (From bottom line of piston skirt) |
| Piston-to-Cylinder Clearance < Limit > Oversize: 2nd 4th | , | 0.04 ~ 0.06 mm (0.0016 ~ 0.0024 in) < 0.15 mm (0.006 in) > 56.5 mm (2.22 in) 57.0 mm (2.24 in) |
| Piston Ring: Sectional Sketch | Top Ring 2nd Ring Oil Ring | Barrel B = 0.8 mm (0.0315 in) T = 2.1 mm (0.0827 in) Taper B = 0.8 mm (0.0315 in) T = 2.1 mm (0.0827 in) Expander B = 2.0 mm (0.0787 in) T = 2.2 mm (0.0866 in) |
| End Gap (Installed): | Top Ring 2nd Ring Oil Ring Top Ring < Limit > 2nd Ring < Limit > Oil Ring | $0.15 \sim 0.30 \text{ mm} (0.0059 \sim 0.0118 \text{ in})$ $0.15 \sim 0.30 \text{ mm} (0.0059 \sim 0.0118 \text{ in})$ $0.2 \sim 0.8 \text{ mm} (0.0079 \sim 0.0315 \text{ in})$ $0.03 \sim 0.07 \text{ mm} (0.0012 \sim 0.0028 \text{ in})$ 0.10 mm (0.004 in) $0.02 \sim 0.06 \text{ mm} (0.0008 \sim 0.0024 \text{ in})$ 0.10 mm (0.004 in) - |
| Connecting Rod: Connecting Rod Oil Clearance Bearing Size No. Color Code | | 0.043 ~ 0.066 mm (0.0017 ~ 0.0026 in) 1. Blue 2. Black 3. Blown 4. Green |
| Crankshaft: | | |
| Runout Limit ''A'' Big End Side Clearance ''B'' | | 0.03 mm (0.0012 in) 0.160 ~ 0.262 mm (0.0063 ~ 0.0103 in) |

SPEC

| Model | | FZR400U/FZR400SUC |
|--|---|--|
| Main Journal Oil Clearance Bearing Size No. Color Code | | 0.025 ~ 0.043 mm (0.0010 ~ 0.0017 in) 1. Blue 2. Black 3. Brown 4. Green 5. Yellow |
| Clutch: Friction Plate Thickness x Qua Wear Limit Clutch Plate Thickness x Quan Warp Limit Clutch Spring Free Length x Q Clutch Spring Minimum Length Clutch Housing Thrust Clearand Clutch Release Method Push Rod Bending Limit | tity uantity | 2.9 ~ 3.1 mm (0.114 ~ 0.122 in) x 8 2.8 mm (0.11 in) 1.8 ~ 2.2 mm (0.072 ~ 0.085 in) x 7 0.1 mm (0.04 in) 0.1 mm (0.004 in) 29.0 mm (1.14 in) 0.02 ~ 0.10 mm (0.0008 ~ 0.0039 in) Inner push, screw – push 0.5 mm (0.020 in) |
| Transmission: Main Axle Deflection Limit Drive Axle Deflection Limit | | 0.08 mm (0.0031 in) 0.08 mm (0.0031 in) |
| Shifter: Shifter Type | | Guide bar |
| Carburetor: Type/Manufacture x Quantity I.D. Mark Main Jet Main Air Jet Jet Needle-Clip Position Needle Jet Pilot Jet Pilot Outlet Size Pilot Air Jet Pilot Screw Valve Seat Size Starter Jet Bypass 1 Bypass 2 Throttle Valve Size | (M.J.) (M.A.J.) (J.N.) (N.J.) (P.J.) (P.O.) (P.A.J.) (P.S.) (V.S.) (G.S ₁) (G.S ₂) (B.P. 1) (B.P. 2) (Th. V) | BD32/MIKUNI x 4 3BF-00 (Except for California) 3FH-00 (For California) #87.5 #60 5CFZ2 Y-0 #15 0.85 #130 3½ 1.2 #27.5 0.5 0.8 0.8 #130 |
| Fuel Level | (F.L.) | $4.5 \sim 6.5 \text{ mm}$ (0.18 \sim 0.26 in) Below from the float chamber line |

E

| Model | FZR400U/FZR400SUC |
|---------------------------------|---|
| Lubrication System: | |
| Oil Filter Type | Paper |
| Oil Pump Type | Trochoid pump |
| Tip Clearance | 0.09 ~ 0.15 mm (0.0035 ~ 0.0060 in) |
| < Limit > | < 0.2 mm (0.008 in) > |
| Side Clearance | 0.03 ~ 0.08 mm (0.0012 ~ 0.0031 in) |
| < Limit > | < 0.15 mm (0.006 in) > |
| Bypass Valve Setting Pressure | $80 \sim 120 \text{ kPa}$ |
| | $(0.8 \sim 1.2 \text{ kg/cm}^2$, $11.38 \sim 17.06 \text{ psi})$ |
| Relief Valve Operating Pressure | $450\sim550~\mathrm{kPa}$ |
| | $(4.5 \sim 5.5 \text{ kg/cm}^2$, $63.99 \sim 78.21 \text{ psi})$ |
| Cooling System: | |
| Radiator Core Size Width | 325 mm (12.8 in) |
| Height | 160 mm (6.3 in) |
| Thickness | 32 mm (1.26 in) |
| Radiator Cap Opening Pressure | $74 \sim 103 \text{ kPa} (0.75 \sim 1.05 \text{ kg/cm}^2)$ |
| | 10.7 ~ 14.9 psi) |
| Reservoir Tank Capacity | |
| < To Full level > | 0.28 L (0.25 Imp qt, 0.30 US qt) |
| Water Pump | |
| Туре | Single-suction centrifugal pump |
| Reduction Ratio | 89/41 x 48/49 (2.126) |

SPE





TIGHTENING TORQUE

| Part to be tightened | Part name | Thread | Q'ty | Tight | ening to | orque | Remarks |
|-----------------------------------|--------------|--------|--------|----------|----------|------------|-----------------|
| | 1 di l'hanne | size | | Nm | m∙kg | ft∙lb | incinar N3 |
| Camshaft Cap | Flange bolt | M6 | 24 | 10 | 1.0 | 7.2 | |
| Cylinder Head | Nut | M8 | 12 | 25 | 2.5 | 18 | |
| Spark Plug | - | M10 | 4 | 13 | 1.3 | 9.4 | |
| Cylinder Head Cover | Bolt | M6 | 8 | 10 | 1.0 | 7.2 | |
| Blind Plug (Sand) | Screw | M12 | 6 | 37 | 3.7 | 27 | -0 |
| Blind Plug (Water) | Screw | M6 | 3 | 7 | 0.7 | 5.1 | |
| Connecting Rod | Nut | M7 | 8 | 23 | 2.3 | 17 | |
| Cam Chain Sprocket | Bolt | M7 | 4 | 24 | 2.4 | 17 | |
| Cam Chain Tensioner | Bolt | M6 | 2 | 10 | 1.0 | 7.2 | |
| Cam Chain Guide (Intake) | Bolt | M6 | 2 | 10 | 1.0 | 7.2 | -6 |
| Cam Chain Tensioner End | Cap bolt | M11 | 1 | 20 | 2.0 | 14 | 4 |
| Pipe Stopper | Bolt | M6 | 6 | 10 | 1.0 | 7.2 | |
| Thermostat Housing Assembly | Flange bolt | M6 | 1 | 10 | 1.0 | 7.2 | |
| Thermostat Housing Cover | Bolt | M6 | 2 | 10 | 1.0 | 7.2 | |
| Radiator | Flange bolt | M6 | 2 | 7 | 0.7 | 5.1 | |
| Water Pipe Joint | Bolt | M6 | 4 | 10 | 1.0 | 7.2 | |
| Water Pump | Bolt | M6 | 2 | 10 | 1.0 | 7.2 | |
| Water Pump Cover | Bolt | M6 | 2 | 10 | 1.0 | 7.2 | |
| Radiator Cover | Screw | M5 | 4 | 5 | 0.5 | 3.6 | |
| Oil Pump Housing | Screw | M6 | 4 | 7 | 0.5 | 5.0 5.1 | |
| Oil Pump Mount | Bolt | M6 | 3 | 10 | 1.0 | 5.1 7.2 | -0 |
| Drain Plug | Bolt | M14 | 1 | 43 | 4.3 | 7.2 31 | Y |
| Oil Delivery Pipe | Bolt | M10 | , | 43 20 | | | |
| Carburetor Joint | Bolt | M6 | 2 8 | 20 10 | 2.0 | 14 | |
| Exhaust Pipe | Nut | M6 | о 8 | 10 | 1.0 | 7.2 | |
| Muffler Bracket | Bolt | M8 | | | 1.0 | 7.2 14 | |
| | | M6 | 1 4 | 20 | 2.0 | | |
| Exhaust Pipe Blind Plug (CO test) | Bolt | | | 10 | 1.0 | 7.2 | 6 |
| Crankcase | Flange bolt | M8 | 13 | 24 | 2.4 | 17 | |
| Crankcase | Flange bolt | M6 | 21 | 12 | 1.2 | 8.7 | |
| Oil baffle plate | Screw | M6 | 4 | 7 | 0.7 | 5.1 | |
| Crankcase Cover (Left) | Bolt | M6 | 5 | 10 | 1.0 | 7.2 | |
| Crankcase Cover (Right) | Bolt | M6 | 10 | 10 | 1.0 | 7.2 | |
| Bearing Plate | Bolt | M6 | 2 | 10 | 1.0 | 7.2 | -6 |
| Generator Cover | Bolt | M6 | 5 | 10 | 1.0 | 7.2 | |
| Starter Clutch Cover | Bolt | M6 | 7 | 10 | 1.0 | 7.2 | |
| Starter Clutch | Flange bolt | M10 | 1 | 80 | 8.0 | 58 | |
| Starter Clutch Outer and | Screw | M6 | 3 | 10 | 1.0 | 7.2 | -0 |
| Starter Wheel | | 1 | | | | | |
| Pressure Plate | Bolt | M5 | 5 | 6 | 0.6 | 4.3 | |
| Clutch Boss | Nut | M18 | 1 | 70 | 7.0 | 51 | Use lock washer |
| Push Lever | Screw | M5 | 2 | 5 | 0.5 | 3.6 | -0 |
| Push Rod | Nut | M6 | 1 | 16 | 1.6 | 11 | |
| Drive Sprocket | Nut | M18 | 1 | 70 | 7.0 | 51 | Use lock washer |
| Stopper Plate | Flange bolt | M6 | 1 | 10 | 1.0 | 7.2 | -0 |
| A.C. Magneto | Bolt | M10 | 1 | 80 | 8.0 | 58 | |
| Stator Coil | Bolt | M6 | 3 | 10 | 1.0 | 7.2 | -0 |
| Pickup Coil | Screw | M5 | 2 | 5 | 0.5 | 3.6 | |
| Starter Motor | Bolt | M6 | 2 | 10 | 1.0 | 7.2 | |
| Neutral Switch | Screw | M6 | 2 | 4 | 0.4 | 2.9 | |
| Oil Level Switch | Flange bolt | M6 | 2 | 7 | 0.7 | 5.1 | |

SPEC

3

Chassis

| Model | | FZR400U/FZR400SUC |
|---|----------------------|--|
| Steering System: Steering Bearing Type | | Taper Roller Bearing |
| Front Suspension: Front Fork Travel Front Spring Free Length < Limit > Collar Length Spring Rate: Stroke Optional Spring Oil Capacity Oil Level (Fully Compression) Oil Grade | K1 K2 K1 K2 | 130 mm (5.12 in) 412 mm (16.2 in) 408 mm (16.1 in) 160 mm (6.3 in) 4.4 N/mm (0.5 kg/mm, 25.2 lb/in) 6.6 N/mm (0.7 kg/mm, 37.5 lb/in) 0.0 \sim 90 mm (0.0 \sim 3.54 in) 90 \sim 130 mm (3.54 \sim 5.12 in) No 444 cm ³ (15.6 lmp oz, 15 US oz) 92 mm (3.62 in) Bellow the top of inner fork tube without fork spring Yamaha Fork Oil 10WT or equivalent |
| Rear Suspension: Shock Absorber Travel Spring Free Length < Limit > Fitting Length Spring Rate Stroke | K1 K1 | 50 mm (1.97 in) 196.5 mm (7.74 in) 186.5 mm (7.34 in) 174 mm (6.85 in) 98.1 N/mm (10 kg/mm, 560 lb/in) 0 ~ 50 mm (0.0 ~ 1.97 in) No |
| Optional Spring | | HardSTDSoftAdjusting position7654321 |
| Swingarm: Free Play Limit | End Side | 1.0 mm (0.04 in) 1.0 mm (0.04 in) |
| Front Wheel: Type Rim Size Rim Material Rim Runout Limit | Radial Lateral | Cast Wheel MT3.00 x 17 Aluminum 1 mm (0.04 in) 0.5 mm (0.02 in) |
| Rear Wheel: Type Rim Size Rim Material Rim Runout Limit | Radial Lateral | Cast wheel MT4.00 x 18 Aluminum 1 mm (0.04 in) 0.5 mm (0.02 in) |
| Drive Chain: Type/Manufacturer No. of Links Chain Free Play | | 428HVS/DAIDO 130 10 ~ 20 mm (0.4 ~ 0.8 in) |

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G

| Model | FZR400U/FZR400SUC |
|--|---|
| Front Disc Brake: Type Disc Outside Diameter x Thickness Pad Thickness Pad Thickness Pad Thickness Outer < Limit > * | Dual 282 x 4 mm (11.10 x 0.16 in) 5.5 mm (0.22 in) 0.5 mm (0.02 in) 5.5 mm (0.22 in) 0.5 mm (0.02 in) |
| Master Cylinder Inside Diameter Caliper Cylinder Inside Diameter: Brake Fluid Type | 15.87 mm (0.62 in) 42.85 mm (1.69 in) DOT # 4 or DOT # 3 |
| Rear Disc Brake: Type Disc Outside Diameter x Thickness Pad Thickness Pad Thickness Pad Thickness Cuter Cut | Single 210 x 5 mm (8.27 x 0.20 in) 5.5 mm (0.22 in) 0.5 mm (0.02 in) 5.5 mm (0.22 in) 0.5 mm (0.02 in) |
| Master Cylinder Inside Diameter Caliper Cylinder Inside Diameter | 14.0 mm (0.55 in) 38.18 mm (1.5 in) DOT #4 or DOT #3 |
| Brake Fluid Type Clutch Lever: Clutch Lever Free Play | $10 \sim 15 \text{ mm} (0.4 \sim 0.6 \text{ in})$ |
| Brake Lever and Brake Pedal: Brake Lever Free Play Brake Pedal Position | $2 \sim 5$ mm (0.08 \sim 0.20 in) 42 mm (1.7 in) Bellow the top of the footrest. |



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N. N

| | Thread size | Tightening torque | | |
|--|-------------|-------------------|--------|-------|
| Part to be tightened | | Nm | л. — Т | ft·lb |
| | | | m∙kg | |
| Front Axle and Outer Tube | M14 x 1.5 | 58 | 5.8 | 42 |
| Rear Axle and Nut | M16 x 1.5 | 107 | 10.7 | 77 |
| Handlebar Crown and Inner Tube | M8 x 1.25 | 26 | 2.6 | 19 |
| Handlebar Crown and Steering Stem | M22 x 1.0 | 110 | 11.0 | 80 |
| Brake Caliper (Front/Rear) | M10 x 1.25 | 35 | 3.5 | 25 |
| Bleed Screw and Brake Caliper | M8 x 1.25 | 6 | 0.6 | 4.3 |
| Brake Hose and Union Bolt | M10 x 1.25 | 26 | 2.6 | 19 |
| Front Master Cylinder and Master Cylinder Holder | M6 x 1.0 | 9 | 0.9 | 6.5 |
| Front Master Cylinder and Cylinder Cap | M5 x 0.8 | 2 | 0.2 | 1.4 |
| Front Fender and Outer Tube | M6 x 1.0 | 6 | 0.6 | 4.3 |
| Handlebar and Inner Tube | M8 x 1.25 | 23 | 2.3 | 17 |
| Engine Mounting: Front | M10 x 1.25 | 55 | 5.5 | 40 |
| Rear – Upper | M10 x 1.25 | 55 | 5.5 | 40 |
| Rear – Lower | M10 x 1.25 | 45 | 4.5 | 32 |
| Down Tube and Frame: Front | M10 x 1.25 | 60 | 6.0 | 43 |
| Rear | M8 x 1.25 | 33 | 3.3 | 24 |
| Footrest Bracket and Frame | M8 x 1.25 | 28 | 2.8 | 20 |
| Pivot Axle and Nut | M14 x 1.5 | 90 | 9.0 | 65 |
| Relay Arm and Frame | M10 x 1.25 | 40 | 4.0 | 29 |
| Arm and Swingarm | M10 x 1.25 | 40 | 4.0 | 29 |
| Arm and Relay Arm | M10 x 1.25 | 40 | 4.0 | 29 |
| Swingarm and Frame | M10 x 1.25 | 40 | 4.0 | 29 |
| Rear Shock Absorber | M10 x 1.25 | 40 | 4.0 | 29 |
| Footrest and Footrest Bracket | M10 x 1.25 | 57 | 5.7 | 41 |
| Rear Footrest Bracket and Frame | M8 x 1.25 | 20 | 2.0 | 14 |
| Rear Master Cylinder and Rear Arm Bracket | M8 x 1.25 | 20 | 2.0 | 14 |
| Cowling and Stay | M6 x 1.0 | 4 | 0.4 | 2.9 |
| Tension Bar and Brake Caliper Bracket | M8 x 1.25 | 28 | 2.8 | 20 |
| Front Fork Pinch Bolt | M8 x 1.25 | 20 | 2.0 | 14 |
| Sprocket and Clutch Hub | M8 x 1.25 | 32 | 3.2 | 23 |
| Brake Disc and Clutch Hub | M8 x 1.25 | 20 | 2.0 | 14 |
| Inner Tube and Steering Stem | M8 x 1.25 | 22 | 2.2 | 16 |
| Frame and Rear Frame: Upper | M10 x 1.25 | 64 | 6.4 | 46 |
| Lower | M12 x 1.25 | 88 | 8.8 | 64 |
| | | | | |

SPEC

Electrical


MAINTENANCE SPECIFICATIONS

| MAINTENA | NCE SPECIFICATIONS SPEC |
|--|---|
| Model | FZR400U/FZR400SUC |
| Electrical Starter System: Type | Constant mesh type |
| Starter Motor: Model/Manufacturer Output Armature Coil Resistance Brush — Overall Length < Limit > — Spring Force Commutator Dia. Wear Limit Mica Undercut Starter Switch: Model/Manufacturer | SM-7/MITSUBA 0.4kw 0Ω at 20°C (68°F) 11 mm (0.43 in) 5 mm (0.20 in) 540 ~ 660 g (19.05 ~ 23.28 oz) 23 mm (0.91 in) 22 mm (0.87 in) 1.8 mm (0.07 in) A104-128/HITACHI 100A |
| Amperage Rating Horn: Type/ Model/Manufacturer Maximum Amperage | Plane Type/1 pcs. MF-12/NIKKO 1.5A |
| Flasher Relay (Relay Assembly): Type Model/Manufacturer Self Cancelling Device Flasher Frequency Wattage | Semi transistor type FX257N/NIPPON DENSO Yes 60 ~ 120 cycle/min 27W x 2 pcs + 3.4W |
| Sidestand Relay: Model/Manufacturer Coil Winding Resistance Diode | G4MW-112IT-010-Y17/OMRON 67.5 ~ 82.5Ω at 20°C (68°F) No |
| Oil Level Switch: Model/Manufacturer | 1WG/NIPPON DENSO |
| Starting Circuit Cut-Off Relay: Model/Manufacturer Coil Winding Resistance Diode | G4MW/OMRON 67.5 \sim 82.5 Ω at 20°C (68°F) No |
| Fuel Pump Relay: Model/Manufacturer Coil Winding Resistance Color Code | G4MW/OMRON 67.5 \sim 82.5 Ω at 20°C (68°F) Black |
| Electric Fan: Model/Manufacturer | NAAB08/NIPPON DENSO |
| Thermostat Switch: Model/Manufacturer | 47X/NIPPON THERMOSTAT |
| Thermo Unit: Model/Manufacturer | 11H/NIPPON SEIKI |
| Circuit Breaker: Type Amperage for Individual Circuit x Quantity: MAIN HEADLIGHT SIGNAL IGNITION RESERVE | Fuse 30A × 1 10A × 1 10A × 1 10A × 1 10A × 1, 30A × 1 |

GENERAL TORQUE SPECIFICATIONS



GENERAL TORQUE SPECIFICA-TIONS

This chart specifies torque for standard fasteners with standard I.S.O. pitch threads. Torque specifications for special components or assemblies are included in the applicable sections of this book. To avoid warpage, tighten multifastener assemblies in a crisscross fashion, in progressive stages, until full torque is reached. Unless otherwise specified, torque specifications call for clean, dry threads. Components should be at room temperature.

| A | B | 1 | neral torq | |
|-------|--------|-----|------------|-------|
| (Nut) | (Bolt) | Nm | m∙kg | ft∙lb |
| 10 mm | 6 mm | 6 | 0.6 | 4.3 |
| 12 mm | 8 mm | 15 | 1.5 | 11 |
| 14 mm | 10 mm | 30 | 3.0 | 22 |
| 17 mm | 12 mm | 55 | 5.5 | 40 |
| 19 mm | 14 mm | 85 | 8.5 | 61 |
| 22 mm | 16 mm | 130 | 13.0 | 94 |



A: Distance across flats

B: Outside thread diameter

DEFINITION OF UNITS

| Unit | Read | Definition | Measure |
|----------------------|---------------------------------|--|-------------------------|
| mm cm | millimeter centimeter | 10 ⁻³ meter 10 ⁻² meter | Length Length |
| kg | kilogram | 10 ³ gram | Weight |
| N | Newton | 1 kg x m/sec ² | Force |
| Nm m∙kg | Newton meter Meter kilogram | N x m m x kg | Torque Torque |
| Pa N/mm | Pascal Newton per millimeter | N/m² N/mm | Pressure Spring rate |
| L cm ³ | Liter Cubic centimeter | | Volume or Capacity |
| r/min | Rotation per minute | | Engine Speed |



LUBRICATION POINT AND GRADE OF LUBRICANT

ENGINE

| Lubrication Point | Symbol |
|---------------------------------------|------------|
| Oil seal lip | |
| O-Ring | |
| Bearing | (E) |
| Piston surface | |
| Piston pin | |
| Cylinder head bolt | |
| Crankshaft pin | |
| Crankshaft journal | ••• |
| Connecting rod bolt/Nut | 1 |
| Camshaft cam lobe/Journal | ! M |
| Valve stem (IN, EX) | |
| Valve stem end (IN, EX) | |
| Valve lifter | 1 |
| Water pump impeller shaft | |
| Oil pump rotor (Inner/Outer), housing | |
| Oil strainer assembly | |
| Idle gear surface/Bearing | |
| Starter idle gear | |
| Starter idle gear shaft | |
| Primary driven gear | |
| Transmission gear (Wheel/Pinion) | |
| Axe (Main/Drive) | |
| Push lever assembly | |
| Push rod | |
| Shift cam | 1 |
| Shift fork/Guide bar | 15 |
| Shift shaft assembly | tE |
| Neutral switch O-Ring | |

LUBRICATION POINT AND GRADE OF LUBRICANT



SPEC

CHASSIS

| Lubrication Point | Symbol |
|--|--------|
| Steering bearing (Upper/Lower) | LS . |
| Wheel bearing/Axle | |
| Front wheel oil seal (Right/Left) | |
| Rear wheel oil seal | |
| Clutch hub oil seal | |
| Clutch hub fitting area | |
| Rear brake pedal shaft | |
| Change pedal | |
| Side stand sliding surface | |
| Tube guide (Throttle grip) inner surface | |
| Brake lever bolt, sliding surface | |
| Clutch lever bolt, sliding surface | |
| Rear shock absorber (Upper/Lower) | |
| Swingarm pivot bearing | |
| Pivot shaft | |
| Arm bearing | |
| Thrust cover (Inner) | |
| Swingarm bearing (Inner) | |
| Rear footrest ball | |
| Rear footrest pin | |
| | |



LUBRICATION DIAGRAM

Oil filter
 Oil strainer
 Oil pump



COOLANT DIAGRAM

COOLANT DIAGRAM

- Radiator
 Water pump
 Thermostat housing
 Thermostatic valve
- (5) Radiator cap





CABLE ROUTING (1)

(1) Band

- $\check{2}$ Throttle cables
- 3 Brake hose
- $\check{\mathbf{4}}$ Clutch cable

A Insert the clutch cable into the frame inner hole.



CABLE ROUTING

CABLE ROUTING (2)

- 1) Brake hose
- 2 Clamp

[A] Pass the handlebar switch lead (Left) behind the inner tube

SPEC

- B To headlight unit
- C To flasher light (Left)
- D To flasher light (Right)



CABLE ROUTING SPEC

6

CABLE ROUTING (3)



CABLE ROUTING



- (1) Speedometer assembly
- Headlight unit
- (3) Horn
- (4) Brake hose
- (5) Clamp
- 6 Front brake caliper (Left)
- ⑦ Speedometer cable
- (8) Clutch cable
- (9) Ignition coil lead (Left)
- 10 Starter cable
- (1) Sidestand switch
- D Air vent hose
- (13) Rectifier/Regulator lead
- 14 Band
- (1) Canister (For California only)

- A To handlebar switch (Left)
- B To clutch lever
- C Pass the speedometer cable outside the inner tube.
- D To air filter case
- E To fuel tank
- F To fuel pump
- G Pass the sidestand switch lead inside the water pipe.
- [H] To oil lever gauge
- Get these cords together, put them in the recess on the left inside of the frame, and place the cover on them.
- J Fasten the lead and the rectifier/regulator together.
- K Fasten the lead under the water pump installing bolt.
- L To neutral lead

CABLE ROUTING SPEC

CABLE ROUTING (4)



CABLE ROUTING



- 1 Brake hose (Right)
- 2 Clamp
- (3) Ignition coil (Right)
- (4) Spark lead (Right)
- (5) Air guide
- 6 Recovery tank hose
- 7 Fuel hose
- (8) Water pipe
- (9) Breather hose (Fuel tank)
- 10 Rear brake reservoir tank
- (1) Rear brake switch
- 12 Rear brake switch lead
- (13) Rear brake hose
- (1) Breather hose (Recovery tank)
- (15) Recovery tank

- A To radiator cap assembly
- B Pass the spark lead and fan motor lead along the air guide groove.
- C Pass the recovery tank hose on the fuel tank bracket.
- Pass on the inside of the water pipe the carburetor air vent hose on the side of the #1 and #2 cylinders, and clamp this hose together with the carburetor air vent hose on the side of the #3 and #4 cylinders. Then let these hoses go down in front of the starter motor.
- E To fuel pump.
- F Pass breather hose (Fuel tank), Breather hose (Recovery tank) and carburetor air vent hose inside the relay arm.

CABLE ROUTING SPEC

CABLE ROUTING (5)



CABLE ROUTING



- ① Fuel pump relay
- Ignition coil (Right)
- ③ Starter motor
- (4) Clamp
- $\textcircled{\textbf{5}}$ Rear brake switch lead
- 6 Breather hose (Recovery tank)
- 🕖 Rear brake master cylinder
- 8 Main fuse
- (9) Recovery tank
- (1) Sidestand relay
- 1 Digital ignitor unit
- 12 Diode assembly
- 13 Rectifier/Regulator
- 🚯 Battery
- (15) Battery (--) terminal
- (16 Canister (For California only)
- 🗊 Starter lead
- 18 Generator lead
- (19 Clutch cable
- 20 Ignition coil (Left)
- 1 Thermo unit
- Relay assembly
- 23 Exup servo motor (For California only)
- (2) Exup control unit (For California only)

- A To fuel pump
- B Pass the starter motor lead under the starter motor.
- Pass on the inside of the water pipe the carburetor air vent hose on the side of the #1 and #2 cylinders, and clamp this hose together with the carburetor air vent hose on the side of the #3 and #4 cylinders. Then let these hoses go down in front of the starter motor.
- D To clutch lever
- **E** Locate the wire harness with its white taped portion in line with the hole on the inside of the tank rail.
- F To headlight unit



PERIODIC INSPECTIONS AND ADJUSTMENTS

INTRODUCTION

This chapter includes all information necessary to perform recommended inspections and adjustments. These preventive maintenance procedures, if followed, will ensure more reliable vehicle operation and a longer service life. The need for costly overhaul work will be greatly reduced. This information applies to vehicles already in service as well as new vehicles that are being prepared for sale. All service technicians should be familiar with this entire chapter.

MAINTENANCE INTERVALS CHART

Proper periodic maintenance is important. Especially important are the maintenance services related to emissions controls. These controls not only function to ensure cleaner air but are also vital to proper engine operation and maximum performance. In the following maintenance tables, the services related to emissions control are grouped separately.

PERIODIC MAINTENANCE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM

| | | | Initial | | Odor | neter readin | ıgs | |
|-----|------------------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|----------------|---------|-----------------|-----------------|--|
| No. | Item | Remarks | 1,000 km or 1 month (600 mi) | or 7 months | or | or 19 months | or 25 months | 31,000 km or 31 months (19,600mi) |
| 1* | Valve clearance | Check and adjust valve clearance when engine is cold. | | | | | 0 | |
| 2 | Spark plug | Check condition. Adjust gap and clean. Replace at 13,000 km (or 13 months) and thereafter every 12,000 km (or 12 months). | | 0 | Replace | 0 | Replace | 0 |
| 3* | Crankcase ventilation system | Check ventilation hose for cracks or damage. Replace if necessary. | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 4* | Fuel line | Check fuel hose and vacuum pipe for cracks or damage. Replace if necessary. | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 5* | Fuel filter | Replace initial 31,000 km (19,600 mi) and thereafter every 30,000 km (19,000 mi). | | | | | | Replace |
| 6* | Exhaust system | Check for leakage. Retigh- ten if necessary. Replace gasket(s) if necessary. | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 7* | Carburetor synchroni- zation | Adjust synchronization of carburetors. | *0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 8* | Idle speed | Check and adjust engine idle speed. Adjust cable free play. | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

*It is recommended that these items be serviced by a Yamaha dealer or other qualified mechanic.

NOTE: _

For father odometer reading, repeat the above maintenance at the period established; **1: Every 6,000 km (3,800 mi), **2: Every 12,000 km (7,600 mi), and **3: Every 24,000 km (15,200 mi) intervals.

MAINTENANCE INTERVALS CHART



GENERAL MAINTENANCE/LUBRICATION

| | | | | Initial | | | ometer read | | |
|-----|---|--|---|---------------------|------------------------|-----------|--------------------------|---------|--------------------------|
| No. | ltem | Remarks | Туре | 1,000 km or | **1 7,000 km or | or | or | or | 31,000 km or |
| | | | | 1 month (600 mi) | 7 months (4,400 mi) | | 19 months (12,000 mi) | | 31 months (19,600 mi) |
| 1 | Engine oil | Warm-up engine before draining | *1)Yamalube 4-cycle oil or SAE 20W40 type "SE" motor oil *2)SAE 10W30 type "SE" motor oil | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2* | Oil filter | Replace. | _ | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | |
| 3* | Air filter | Clean with compressed air. Replace if necessary. | _ | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 4 | Cooling system | Check hose for cracks or damage, replace if necessary. | _ | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | , | Replace coolant 24 months. | Ethylene glycol anti-freeze coolant | | | | | Replace | |
| 5* | Brake system | Adjust free play. Replace pads if necessary. | - | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 6 | Drive chain | Check chain condition. Adjust and lubricate chain thoroughly. | SAE 30W-50W motor oil. | | | Every 500 | km (300 mi |) | |
| 7 | Control and meter cable | Apply chain lube thoroughly. | Yamaha chain and cable lube or SAE 10W30 motor oil. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 8* | Rear arm pivot shaft and rear suspension link pivots. | grease | Lithium soap base grease. | | | | | 0 | |
| 9 | Brake/ clutch lever pivot shaft | Apply chain lube lightly. | Yamaha chain and cable lube or SAE 10W30 motor oil. | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 10 | Brake pedal and change pedal shaft | Lubricate. Apply chain lube lightly. | Yamaha chain and cable lube or SAE 10W30 motor oil. | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

MAINTENANCE INTERVALS CHART



| - | | | | Initial | ····· | Od | ometer read | ings | |
|-----|---------------------|---|---|---------------------------------------|---|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|---|
| No. | ltem | Remarks | Туре | 1,000 km or 1 month (600 mi) | **1 7,000 km or 7 months (4,400 mi) | or 13 months | or 19 months | or 25 months | 31,000 km or 31 months (19,600 mi) |
| 11* | Side stand pivot | Check operation and lubricate. Apply chain lube lightly. | Yamaha chain and cable lube or SAE 10W30 motor oil. | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 12* | Front fork oil | Check opera- tion and leakage. | Yamaha Fork Oil 10WT or equivalent | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 13* | Steering bearing | Check bear- ings assembly for looseness. Moderately repack every 24,000 km (15,000 mi). | Medium weight wheel bearing grease. | | 0 | 0 | 0 | Repack | 0 |
| 14* | Wheel bearings | Check bear- ings for smooth rotation. | _ | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 15 | Battery | Check speci- fic gravity and breather pipe for pro- per operation. | _ | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 16* | Sidestand switch | Check and clean or replace if necessary. | — | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

*1) If ambient temperature does not go below $5^{\circ}C$ (41°F).

*2) If ambient temperature does not go below 15°C (59°F).

* It is recommended that these items be serviced by a Yamaha dealer or other qualified mechanic.

NOTE:___

For farther odometer reading, repeat the above maintenance at the period established, **1: Every 6,000 km (3,800 mi), **2: Every 12,000 km (7,600 mi) and **3: Every 24,000 km (15,200 mi) intervals.

COWLINGS REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION













COWLING REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

REMOVAL

- 1. Remove:
 - Lower cowling (Left)

2. Remove: • Lower cowling (Right)

3. Remove: • Center cowling (Left)

- 4. Remove:
 - Center cowling (Right)

COWLINGS REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION



- 5. Remove:
 - Rear view mirrows (Left and right)

- 6. Remove:
 - ullet Headlight covers (Left and right) ()
- 7. Disconnect:
 - Flasher light leads (Left and right) ②
 - Headlight coupler ③
- 8. Remove:
 - Flasher lights (Left and right)
- 9. Remove:
 - Upper cowling



COWLINGS REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION





10. Remove:

Seat

NOTE:__

To open the seat lock, insert the key in the lock and turn it clockwise.

11. Remove:

• Top cover







INSTALLATION

Reverse the "REMOVAL" procedure. Note the following points.

- 1. Install:
 - Seat

• Make sure that the seat is securely fitted.

•When reinstalling the seat, insert the lobes on the seat front into the receptacles on the frame, then push down the seat.





ENGINE

EXUP CABLE ADJUSTMENT (For California only)

- 1. Remove:
 - Lower cowling (Left)
 - Seat

Refer to the "COWLINGS REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION - REMOVAL" section.

- 2. Remove:
 - Valve cover ①
- 3. Turn on the main switch.

NOTE:___

If does not operate EXUP servo motor, refer to the "YAMAHA EXHAUST VARIABLE VALVE SYSTEM" section in the CHAPTER 8.







- 4. Check:
 - Alignment mark ①
 Not aligned → Adjust EXUP cables.
- 5. Adjust:
 - EXUP cables

Adjustment steps:

- Loosen both locknuts (2) and turn in both adjuster (3).
- Insert a $[\phi 4 \text{ mm } (\phi 0.16 \text{ in})]$ pin (4) through the aligning indent in the pulley and into the hole.
- Turn both adjusters, counterclockwise so that the cables free play becomes Zero mm (Zero in) with fingers.
- Turn both adjuster 1/2 turn clockwise.
- Tighten the locknuts.



Locknuts: 8 Nm (0.8 m·g, 5.8 ft·lb)

- Remove the pin.
- Turn on the main switch and, check that the alignment mark is aligned. If not, repeat the above step.





- 7. Install:
 - $\bullet\, {\sf Valve \ cover} \ \textcircled{1}$



Bolts (Valve Cover): 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb)

VALVE CLEARANCE ADJUSTMENT

△ WARNING:

The engine must be cool before servicing the valve clearance.

NOTE:___

Measure and adjust valve clearance when piston is at TDC on compression stroke.

REMOVAL

- 1. Remove:
 - Lower cowlings (Left and Right)
 - Center cowlings (Left and Right)
 - Seat Refer to the "COWLING REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION – REMOVAL" section.
- 2. Remove:
 - Fuel tank Refer to the "CARBURETOR – RE-MOVAL" section in the CHAPTER 6.
- 3. Place a drain pan under the drain bolts.



- 4. Remove:
 - Drain bolt (Outlet pipe) ①
 - Drain bolt (Cylinder) (2)

VALVE CLEARANCE ADJUSTMENT













- 5. Remove:
 - Radiator cap ()
- 6. Drain:
 - Cooling system Refer to the "COOLANT REPLACE-MENT" section.
- 7. Disconnect:
 - Fan motor coupler ①

- 8. Disconnect:
 - Hose (Radiator Inlet)
 - Hose (Radiator Outlet)
- 9. Remove:
 - Radiator
- 10. Remove:
 - Spark plug leads
 - Cylinder head cover
 - Generator cover

Valve Clearance Measurement

- 1. Measure:
 - Valve clearance

Valve clearance measurement steps:

- Turn the crankshaft counterclockwise.
- Align the "T" mark ① on the magneto with the crankcase end ② when #1 piston is at TDC on compression.stroke.

VALVE CLEARANCE ADJUSTMENT











NOTE: ______ Compression T.D.C. can be found when the cam lobes are apart from each other, as shown.

• Measure the valve clearance using Thickness Gauge ③ .

Out of specification \rightarrow Adjust valve clearance.

- Record the measured amount if the clearance is incorrect.
- Measure the valve clearance in sequence, for #2, 4 and #3 cylinders.

Out of specification \rightarrow Adjust value clearance.

Firing Sequence: $\#1 \rightarrow \#2 \rightarrow \#4 \rightarrow \#3$

(4) Front

NOTE:_

Turn crankshaft each degrees counterclockwise from #1 Cylinder TDC.

| #2 Cylinder | 180 degrees |
|-------------|-------------|
| #4 Cylinder | 360 degrees |
| #3 Cylinder | 540 degrees |

A Crankshaft counterclockwise turning angle

- **B** Cylinder
- (5) Combustion

Adjusting Pad Replacement

- 1. Remove:
 - Cam chain tensioner
 - Chain guide (Upper)
 - Chain guide (Exhaust side)
 - Cam caps
 - Cam chain
 - Cam shafts

VALVE CLEARANCE ADJUSTMENT





NOTE:_

Refer to the "ENGINE DISASSEMBLY CAM-SHAFT AND CYLINDER HEAD – Procedure 2", in the CHAPTER 4.

Fasten the wire to the cam chain to prevent it from falling into the crankcase.

- 2. Remove:
 - Valve lifter ①
 - Pad
 - Use valve lapper ② Record the installed pad number.

NOTE: ____

- Place a piece of rug in the cam chain room to prevent the pad from falling into the crankcase.
- Remove the rug after adjustment.



• Proper pad

8

Proper pad selection steps:

• Select the proper pad from the table:

| Pad | range | Pad Availability: 25 increments | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| No. 120 ~ No. 240 | 1.20 mm (0.047 in) 2.40 mm (0.094 in) | Pads stepped in 0.05 mm (0.002 in) increments | | | | | | | | |
| NOTE: Thickness pad side w | | ch pad is marked on the | | | | | | | | |
| | pad numl | undredths digit of the per to the nearest 0.05 | | | | | | | | |
| Hundredths digit Rounded valve | | | | | | | | | | |
| 0 c | or 2 | 0 | | | | | | | | |
| ļ | 5 | (NOT ROUNDED OFF) | | | | | | | | |

10





EXAMPLE:

Installed pad number = 148 (1.48 mm) Rounded off digit = 150

NOTE: _

Pads can only be selected in 0.05 mm (0.002 in) increments.

• Locate the "Rounded off Pad Number" on the chart, and then find the measured valve clearance. The point where these coordinates intersect is the new pad number.

NOTE:

Use the new pad number as a guide only as the number must be verified.

- 4. Install:
- Pad (New) ①
- 5. Install:
 - Valve lifter (2)

NOTE: ___

- Apply molybdenum disulfide grease to the pad.
- Valve lifter must be rotated smoothly by a finger.
- 5. Install:
 - \bullet Camshafts (1)
 - Cam chain
- Camshaft caps ②

Bolts (Camshaft Cap): 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb)

NOTE:__

- Install the exhaust camshaft first.
- Align the matching marks ③ .
- Apply molybdenum disulfide grease to the camshafts and cam caps.









INTAKE

| B | | | | | _ | | | | | NST/ | ALLE | DPA | | ЛМВ | ĒR | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------|--|-----|--------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|------|------|------|------|-----|--------------|-------|-------------|------------|-------|-------|------|------|------|-----|
| | 120 | 125 | 130 | 135 | 140 | 145 | 150 | | | | | | | | | 1 9 5 | 200 | 205 | 210 | 215 | 220 | 225 | 230 | 235 | 240 |
| 0.00 ~0.02 | | | <u> ختين</u> | | 125 | 130 | 135 | 140 | 145 | 150 | 155 | 160 | 165 | 170 | 175 | 180 | 185 | 190 | 195 | 200 | 205 | 210 | 215 | 220 | 225 |
| 0.03~0.07 | | | 120 | 125 | 130 | 135 | 140 | 145 | 150 | 155 | 160 | 165 | 170 | 175 | 180 | 185 | 190 | 195 | 200 | 205 | 210 | 215 | 220 | 225 | 230 |
| 0.08~0.10 | | 120 | 125 | 130 | 135 | 140 | 145 | 150 | 155 | 160 | 165 | 170 | 175 | 180 | 185 | 190 | 195 | 200 | 205 | 210 | 215 | 220 | 225 | 230 | 235 |
| 0.11~0.20 | | | | | | | | | RÉ | CON | MEN | IDED | CLE | ARA | NCE | | | | | | | | | | |
| 0.21~0.22 | 125 130 135 140 145 150 155 160 165 170 175 180 185 190 195 200 205 210 215 220 225 230 235 240 130 135 140 145 150 155 160 165 170 175 180 185 190 195 200 205 210 215 220 225 230 235 240 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 0.23~0.27 | 130 | 135 | 140 | 145 | 150 | 155 | 160 | 165 | 170 | 175 | 180 | 185 | 190 | 195 | 200 | 205 | 210 | 215 | 220 | 225 | 230 | 235 | 240 | | |
| 0.28~0.32 | 135 | 140 | 145 | 150 | 155 | 160 | 165 | 170 | 175 | 180 | 185 | 190 | 195 | 200 | 205 | 210 | 215 | 220 | 225 | 230 | 235 | 240 | | | |
| 0.33~0.37 | 140 | 145 | 150 | 155 | 160 | 165 | 170 | 175 | 180 | 185 | 190 | 195 | 200 | 205 | 210 | 215 | 220 | 225 | 230 | 235 | 240 |] | | | |
| 0.38~0.42 | 145 | 150 | 155 | 160 | 165 | 170 | 175 | 180 | 185 | 190 | 195 | 200 | 205 | 210 | 215 | 220 | 225 | 230 | 235 | 240 | | | | | |
| 0.43~0.47 | 150 | 155 | 160 | 165 | 170 | 175 | 180 | 185 | 190 | 195 | 200 | 205 | 210 | 215 | 220 | 225 | 230 | 235 | 240 | J | | | | | |
| 0.48~0.52 | 155 | 160 | 165 | 170 | 175 | 180 | 185 | 190 | 195 | 200 | 205 | 210 | 215 | 220 | 225 | 230 | 235 | 240 | | | | | | | |
| 0.53~0.57 | 160 | 165 | 170 | 175 | 180 | 185 | 190 | 195 | 200 | 205 | 210 | 215 | 220 | 225 | 230 | 235 | 240 | | | | | | | | |
| 0.58~0.62 | 165 | 170 | 175 | 180 | 185 | 190 | 195 | 200 | 205 | 210 | 215 | 220 | 225 | 230 | 235 | 240 | j | | | | | | | | |
| 0.63~0.67 | 170 | 175 | 180 | 185 | 190 | 195 | 200 | 205 | 210 | 215 | 220 | 225 | 230 | 235 | 240 | J | | | | | | | | | |
| 0.68~0.72 | 175 | 180 | 185 | 190 | 195 | 200 | 205 | 210 | 215 | 220 | 225 | 230 | 235 | 240 | l | | | | | | | | | | |
| 0.73~0.77 | 180 | 185 | 190 | 195 | 200 | 205 | 210 | 215 | 220 | 225 | 230 | 235 | 240 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 0.78~0.82 | 185 | 190 | 195 | 200 | 205 | 210 | 215 | 220 | 225 | 230 | 235 | 240 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 0.83~0.87 | 190 | 195 | 200 | 205 | 210 | 215 | 220 | 225 | 230 | 235 | 240 | l | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 0.88~0.92 | | | 205 | | | | | | | 240 | ļ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | 210 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | 215 | | | | | 240 | J | | | | | | | | | г /- | الملحد | | | | | | |
| | | | 220 | | | | 240 | ļ | | | | | | | | | ANC | • | | | ۰. ۱ | | | | |
| | | | 225 | | | 240 | | | | | | | | | | | m (0 | | $4 \sim 0$ | J.00 | 8 in) | | | | |
| | | | 230 | | | | | | | | | 1 | Exar | nple | | | ed is | | | | | | | | |
| 1.18~1.22 | | | 235 | 240 | J | | | | | | | | | | Me | easur | ed c | leara | ince | is 0. | 24 m | nm (| 0.00 | 9 in |) |
| | 230 | | 240 | | | | | | | | | | | | Re | plac | e 17 | 0 pa | d wi | th 1 | 80 p | ad | | | |
| | 235 | 240 | l | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | • | | | | | | | |
| 1.33~1.37 | 240 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

EXHAUST

| B | | | | | | * | | | AI | NST | LLE | D PA | | JMB | ER | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|-----|-----|----------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|---------|------|-----|----------|-------|-------|------------|-------|--------------|------|-------|----------|-----|
| MEASURED CLEARANCE | 120 | 125 | 130 | 135 | 140 | 145 | 150 | 155 | 160 | 165 | 170 | 175 | 180 | 185 | 190 | 195 | 200 | 205 | 210 | 215 | 220 | 225 | 230 | 235 | 240 |
| 0.00~0.02 | | | | | | 120 | 125 | 130 | 135 | 140 | 145 | 150 | 155 | 160 | 165 | 170 | 175 | 180 | 185 | | | | | | |
| 0.03~0.07 | | | | | 120 | 125 | 130 | 135 | 140 | 145 | 150 | 155 | 160 | 165 | 170 | 175 | 180 | 185 | 190 | | 200 | | | | |
| 0.08~0.12 | | | | 120 | 125 | 130 | 135 | 140 | 145 | 150 | 155 | 160 | 165 | 170 | 175 | 180 | 185 | 190 | 195 | 200 | 205 | 210 | 215 | 220 | 225 |
| 0.13~0.17 | | | 120 | 125 | 130 | 135 | 140 | 145 | 150 | 155 | 160 | 165 | 170 | 175 | 180 | 185 | 190 | 195 | 200 | 205 | 210 | 215 | 220 | 225 | 230 |
| 0.18~0.20 | | 120 | 125 | 130 | 135 | 140 | 145 | 150 | 155 | 160 | 165 | 170 | 175 | 180 | 185 | 190 | 195 | 200 | 205 | 210 | 215 | 220 | 225 | 230 | 235 |
| 0.21~0.30 | | | | | | | | | | | MEN | | | | | . | | | | | | | | - | |
| 0.31~0.32 | 125 | 130 | 135 | 140 | 145 | 150 | 155 | 160 | 165 | 170 | 175 | 180 | 185 | 190 | 195 | 200 | 205 | 210 | 215 | 220 | 225 | 230 | 235 | 240 | J |
| 0.33~0.37 | 130 | 135 | 140 | 145 | 150 | 155 | 160 | 165 | 170 | 175 | 180 | 185 | 190 | 195 | 200 | 205 | 210 | 215 | 220 | 225 | 230 | 235 | 240 | | |
| 0.38~0.42 | 135 | 140 | 145 | 150 | 155 | 160 | 165 | 170 | 175 | 180 | 185 | 190 | 195 | 200 | 205 | 210 | 215 | 220 | 225 | 230 | 235 | 240 | | | |
| 0.43~0.47 | 140 | 145 | 150 | 155 | 160 | 165 | 170 | 175 | 180 | 185 | 190 | 195 | 200 | 205 | 210 | 215 | 220 | 225 | 230 | 235 | 240 | | | | |
| 0.48~0.52 | 145 | 150 | 155 | 160 | 165 | 170 | 175 | 180 | 185 | 190 | 195 | 200 | 205 | 210 | 215 | 220 | 225 | 230 | 235 | 240 | | | | | |
| 0.53~0.57 | | | | 165 | 170 | 175 | 180 | 185 | 190 | 195 | 200 | 205 | 210 | 215 | 220 | 225 | 230 | 235 | 240 | ļ | | | | | |
| 0.58~0.62 | | | 165 | 170 | 175 | 180 | 185 | 190 | 195 | 200 | 205 | 210 | 215 | 220 | 225 | 230 | 235 | 240 | | | | | | | |
| 0.63~0.67 | | | 170 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 235 | 240 | | | | | | | | |
| 0.68~0.72 | | | | 180 | 185 | 190 | 195 | 200 | 205 | 210 | 215 | 220 | 225 | 230 | 235 | 240 | | | | | | | | | |
| 0.73~0.77 | | 175 | 180 | 185 | 190 | 195 | 200 | 205 | 210 | 215 | 220 | 225 | 230 | 235 | 240 | l | | | | | | | | | |
| 0.78~0.82 | | 180 | 185 | 190 | 195 | 200 | 205 | 210 | 215 | 220 | 225 | 230 | 235 | 240 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 0.83~0.87 | | | | | | | 210 | | | | | | 240 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 0.88~0.92 | | | | | | | 215 | | | | | 240 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 0.93~0.97 | | | | | | | | | | | 240 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 0.98~1.02 | | 200 | 205 | 210 | 215 | 220 | 225 | 230 | 235 | 240 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1.03~1.07 | | | | | | | 230 | | 240 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1.08~1.12 | | | | | | | 235 | 240 | | | | 、 | / ^ 1 - | | | ARA | NC | = (a | ald) | | | | | | |
| 1.13~1.17 | | | | | | | 240 | | | | | ` | | | | | | | | | . . , | | | | |
| 1.18~1.22 | | | <u>í</u> | | - | 240 | | | | | | | | | | 30 m | • | | $s \sim c$ | J.UT2 | 2 in) | | | | |
| 1.23~1.27 | | | | | 240 | | | | | | | E | xam | ple: | | talle | | | | | | | | | |
| 1.28~1.32 | | | | 240 | | | | | | | | | | | Me | asure | ed cl | eara | nce i | s 0.3 | 85 m | m (C | 0.014 | 1 in) | |
| 1.33~1.37 | | | 240 | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | Re | place | 175 | 5 pac | l wit | h 18 | 5 pa | d | | | |
| 1.38~1.42 | | 240 | l | | | | | | | | | | | | | • | | • | | | | | | | |
| 1.43~1.47 | 240 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |



NOTE:__

- Refer to the "ENGINE ASSEMBLY AND AD-JUSTMENT – CYLINDER HEAD AND CAMSHAFT" section in the CHAPTER 4.
- Turn the carnkshaft counterclockwise several turns for the installed parts to settle into the correct position.
- 6. Measure:
 - Valve clearance

Valve clearance verification steps:

- Follow the valve clearance measurement steps.
- If the clearance is incorrect, repeat all Adjusting Pad Replacement steps until the proper clearance is obtained.

INSTALLATION

Reverse the "REMOVAL" procedure. Note the following points.

- 1. Install:
 - Cam chain tensioner

NOTE:___

Install the cam chain tensioner with the "UP" mark facing upward.



Bolts (Cam Chain Tensioner): 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb)



- 2. Install:
 - Guide collar ①
 - •Spring ②
 - Washer ③
 - Cam chain tensioner cap ④





CARBURETOR SYNCHRONIZATION



- 3. Recheck:
 - \bullet Align the matching marks (1).

- 4. Install:
 - \bullet Chain guide (Upper) ()
 - Chain guide (Exhaust side) ②

Bolts (Chain Guide):



- 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb)
- 5. Install:
 - Cylinder head cover



Bolts (Cylinder Head Cover): 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb)

- 6. Fill:
 - Cooling system



Coolant Total Amount (Including All Routes): 1.9 L (1.7 Imp qt, 2.0 US qt)

CARBURETOR SYNCHRONIZATION

Carburetors must be adjusted to open and close simultaneously.

NOTE: ___

Valve clearance must be set properly before synchronizing the carburetors.

CARBURETOR SYNCHRONIZATION



- 1. Remove:
 - Center cowlings
 - Seat

Refer to the "COWLING REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION – REMOVAL" section.

- 2. Remove:
 - Fuel tank

Refer to the "CARBURETOR – RE-MOVAL" section in the CHAPTER 6.

- 3. Remove:
 - \bullet Vacuum plugs (1)

- 4. Install:
 - Vacuum gauge
 - Sub tank

Vacuum Gauge: P/N YU-08030

- 5. Start the engine and let it warm up.
- 6. Adjust:
 - Idle speed Turn the throttle stop screw ① .

| Turn in | Engine speed is increased. |
|----------|----------------------------|
| Turn out | Engine speed is decreased. |

- Idle Speed: 1,250 ~ 1,350 r/min
- 7. Adjust:
 - Carburetors synchronization

Carburetor synchronization adjustment steps:

- Lift up the front of fuel tank
- •Synchronize carburetor No. 1 to carburetor No. 2 by turning synchronizing screw (1) until both gauges read the same.













 Racing the engine for less than a second, two or three times, and check the synchronization again.

> Vacuum Pressure at Idle Speed: 21.33 ± 0.6 kPa (160 ± 5 mmHg, 6.30 ± 0.2 inHg) Vacuum Synchronous Difference: 1.33 kPa (10 mmHg, 0.4 inHg)

- •Repeat the above steps to synchronize carburetor No. 4 to carburetor No. 3 by turning synchronizing screw ② until both gauges read the same.
- •Repeat the same steps to synchronize No. 2 carburetor to No. 3 carburetor by turning synchronizing screw (3) until both gauges read the same.
- 8. Adjust:
 - Idle speed
- 9. Install:
 - Vacuum plug
 - Fuel tank
 - Seat
 - Center cowlings

IDLE SPEED ADJUSTMENT

- 1. Start the engine and let it warm up.
- 2. Inspect:
 - Idle speed
 - Out of specification \rightarrow Adjust.



Idle Speed: 1,250 ~ 1,350 r/min

- 3. Adjust:
 - Idle speed

Turn the throttle stop screw 1

| Turn in | Engine speed is increased. |
|----------|----------------------------|
| Turn out | Engine speed is decreased. |







THROTTLE CABLE FREE PLAY ADJUST-MENT

NOTE: ___

Before adjusting the throttle cable free play, the engine idle speed should be adjusted.

1. Check:

Throttle cable free play ⓐ
 Out of specification → Adjust.



Throttle Cable Free Play (Throttle Grip)(a): 2 \sim 5 mm (0.08 \sim 0.20 in)





2. Adjust:

- Throttle cable free play
- Throttle cable adjustment steps:
- Remove the seat, top cover and air filter case.
 - Refer to the "CARBURETOR REMO-VAL" section in the CHAPTER 6.
- Loosen the locknut (Throttle cable 1) ① .
- Turn the adjuster (Throttle cable 1) ② clockwise or counterclockwise until proper free play (Throttle grip) is attained.

3 Throttle cable 2



Throttle Cable Free Play (Throttle Grip)@: 2 ~ 3 mm (0.08 ~ 0.12 in)

- Tighten the locknut ①.
- If the free play is incorrect, adjust the throttle cable free play with the adjuster (Throttle grip side).
- Loosen the locknut (Throttle cable 1 Throttle grip side) ④.
- Turn the adjuster (Throttle cable 1 Throttle grip side) (5) clockwise or counterclockwise until proper free play (Throttle grip) (a) is attained.

SPARK PLUG INSPECTION



Throttle Cable Free Play

(Throttle Grip) (a) : $2 \sim 5 \text{ mm} (0.08 \sim 0.20 \text{ in})$

• Tighten the locknut ④.

NOTE:

Normally, once the throttle cable length adjuster (carburetor) is properly set; the only adjustment required is maintenance of free play at the throttle cable length adjuster (Throttle grip).



SPARK PLUG INSPECTION

- 1. Inspect:
 - •Electrode ①
 - Wear/Damage \rightarrow Replace.
 - •Insulator color ② Normal condition is a medium to light tan color.

Distinctly different color→Check the engine condition.

- (a) Spark plug gap
- 2. Clean:
 - Spark plug

Clean the spark plug with a spark plug cleaner or wire brush.

3. Inspect:

•Spark plug type Incorrect→Replace.

Standard Spark Plug: CR8E (NGK), **U24ESR-N (NIPPON DENSO)** IGNITION TIMING CHECKS



- 4. Measure:
 - Spark plug gap
 Out of specification → Regap.
 Use a wire gauge.

Spark Plug Gap: 0.7 ~ 0.8 mm (0.028 ~ 0.032 in)

- 5. Tighten:
 - Spark plug

NOTE: __

Before installing a spark plug, clean the gasket surface and plug surface.

John State

Spark Plug: 13 Nm (1.3 m·kg, 9.4 ft·lb)

NOTE: _

If a torque wrench is not available when you are installing a spark plug, a good estimate of the correct torque is 1/4 to 1/2 turns part finger tight. Have the spark plug torqued to the correct value as soon as possible with a torque wrench.

IGNITION TIMING CHECK

1. Remove:

- Lower cowling (Left)
- Center cowling Refer to the "COWLING REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION -- REMOVAL" section.
- 2. Remove:
 - Generator cover
- 3. Connect:
 - Timing light ①
 - To the #1 spark plug lead.
 - Inductive tachometer

Timing Light: P/N YU-33223 Inductive Tachometer: P/N YU-08037



COMPRESSION PRESSURE MEASUREMENT



4. Warm up the engine and allow it to idle at the specified speed.

Engine Idle Speed: 1,250 ~ 1,350 r/min

- 5. Check :
 - Ignition timing

Visually check the crankcase end (1) is within the firing range ② on the magneto. Out of firing range → Check pickup assembly.

NOTE:_

Ignition timing is not adjustable.

- 6. Install:
 - Generator cover

COMPRESSION PRESSURE MEASUREMENT

NOTE: _

Insufficient compression pressure will result in performance loss.

- 1. Measure:
 - Valve clearance
 Out of specification → Adjust.
 Refer to the "VALVE CLEARANCE AD-JUSTMENT" section.
- 2. Warm up the engine.
- 3. Remove:
- Spark plugs
- 4. Remove:
 - Lower cowling (Left)
 - Center cowling (Left) Refer to the "COWLING REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION – REMOVAL" section.
- 5. Measure:
 - Compression pressure

Compression pressure measurement steps:

Install the Compression Gauge (1) using an adapter.





COMPRESSION PRESSURE MEASUREMENT Crank over the engine with the electric starter

| Check readings | |
|--|---|
| Compres P/N Y | ssion Gauge: /U-33223 |
| Compression P | ressure (At sea level): |
| Standard: | 9.5 kg/cm² , 138 psi) |
| Minimum: | |
| 750 kPa (Maximum: | 7.5 kg/cm² , 109 psi) |
| 1,150 kPa | a (11.5 kg/cm² , 164 psi) |
| ₼ WARNING : | |
| | g the engine, ground spark |
| When crankin | prevent sparking. |
| | |
| | |
| | previous steps for the other |
| ovlinders | |
| cylinders. If pressure fa | lls bellow the minimum level: |
| cylinders. •If pressure fa 1) Squirt a few cylinder. | Ils bellow the minimum level: a drops of oil into the affected |
| cylinders. •If pressure fa 1) Squirt a few cylinder. 2) Measure the | Ils bellow the minimum level: drops of oil into the affected compression again. |
| cylinders. •If pressure fa 1) Squirt a few cylinder. 2) Measure the | Ils bellow the minimum level: drops of oil into the affected compression again. |
| cylinders. •If pressure fa 1) Squirt a few cylinder. 2) Measure the | Ils bellow the minimum level: drops of oil into the affected compression again. |
| cylinders. •If pressure fa 1) Squirt a few cylinder. 2) Measure the Con (with oil | Ils bellow the minimum level: drops of oil into the affected compression again. mpression Pressure introduced into cylinder) Diagnosis Worn or damaged pistons |
| cylinders. •If pressure fa 1) Squirt a few cylinder. 2) Measure the Con (with oil Reading Higher than | Ils bellow the minimum level: drops of oil into the affected compression again. mpression Pressure introduced into cylinder) Diagnosis Worn or damaged pistons Defective ring(s), valves, cylinder head gasket or piston is possible. |
| cylinders. •If pressure fa 1) Squirt a few cylinder. 2) Measure the Con (with oil Reading Higher than without oil Same as | Ils bellow the minimum level: drops of oil into the affected compression again. mpression Pressure introduced into cylinder) Diagnosis Worn or damaged pistons Defective ring(s), valves, cylinder head gasket or |
| cylinders. • If pressure fa 1) Squirt a few cylinder. 2) Measure the Con (with oil Reading Higher than without oil Same as without oil Above maximum level NOTE: | Ils bellow the minimum level: drops of oil into the affected compression again. mpression Pressure introduced into cylinder) Diagnosis Worn or damaged pistons Defective ring(s), valves, cylinder head gasket or piston is possible. Inspect cylinder head, valve surfaces, or piston crown for carbon deposits. |
| cylinders. •If pressure fa 1) Squirt a few cylinder. 2) Measure the Con (with oil Reading Higher than without oil Same as without oil Above maximum level NOTE: The difference | Ils bellow the minimum level: drops of oil into the affected compression again. mpression Pressure introduced into cylinder) Diagnosis Worn or damaged pistons Defective ring(s), valves, cylinder head gasket or piston is possible. Inspect cylinder head, valve surfaces, or piston crown for carbon deposits. |
| cylinders. •If pressure fa 1) Squirt a few cylinder. 2) Measure the Con (with oil Reading Higher than without oil Same as without oil Above maximum level NOTE: The difference cylinder com | Ils bellow the minimum level: drops of oil into the affected compression again. mpression Pressure introduced into cylinder) Diagnosis Worn or damaged pistons Defective ring(s), valves, cylinder head gasket or piston is possible. Inspect cylinder head, valve surfaces, or piston crown for carbon deposits. e between the highest and lowe pression readings must not value |
| cylinders. •If pressure fa 1) Squirt a few cylinder. 2) Measure the Con (with oil Reading Higher than without oil Same as without oil Above maximum level NOTE: The difference cylinder com | Ils bellow the minimum level: drops of oil into the affected compression again. mpression Pressure introduced into cylinder) Diagnosis Worn or damaged pistons Defective ring(s), valves, cylinder head gasket or piston is possible. Inspect cylinder head, valve surfaces, or piston crown for carbon deposits. |


ENGINE OIL LEVEL INSPECTION

1. Place the motorcycle on its centerstand and warm up the engine for several minutes.

NOTE:_

Position motorcycle straight up when checking oil level, a slight tilt to the side can produce false readings.

- 2. Stop the engine and visually check the oil level throught the level window (1).
- 3. Inspect:
 - Oil level Oil level should be between maximum (2) and minimum (3) marks.
 - Low oil level → Add oil to proper level.

NOTE: _

Wait a few minutes until level settles before inspecting.



ENGINE OIL REPLACEMENT

- 1. Warm up the engine for serveral minutes.
- 2. Place a drain pan under the engine.
- 3. Remove:
 - Lower cowling (Left) Refer to the "COWLING REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION – REMOVAL" section.
- 4. Remove:
 - Oil filler cap
- 5. Remove:
 - •Drain plug ① Drain the engine oil.
- 6. Tighten:
 - •Drain plug (1)

Oil Drain Plug: 43 Nm (4.3 m·kg, 31 ft·lb)









- 7. Fill:
 - ●Crankcase

∆CAUTION:

Do not allow foreign material to enter the crankcase.



Periodic Oil Change: 2.7 L (2.4 Imp qt, 2.9 US qt) Recommended Engine Oil: At 5°C (40°F) or Higher: Yamalube 4-cycle oil or SAE 20W40 Type SE Motor Oil At 15°C (60°F) or Lower: SAE 10W30 Type SE Motor Oil

8. Install:

• Oil filler cap

ENGINE OIL FILTER REPLACEMENT

- 1. Remove:
 - Lower cowlings (Left and right) Refer to the COWLING REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION – REMOVAL'' section.
- 2. Warm up the engine for several minutes.





- 3. Remove:
 - \bullet Cowling stays (Left and right) (1)
 - Exhaust pipe Refer to the "ENGINE REMOVAL — MUFFLER ASSEMBLY" section in the CHAPTER 4.
- 4. Drain the oil.
- 5. Remove:
 - Oil filler cap
 - Filter cover 1

ENGINE OIL FILTER REPLACEMENT







- 6. Remove:
 - \bullet Oil filter ①
 - Shim ②
 - Spring ③
- 7. Check:
 - O-ring Cracks/Damage → Replace.
- 8. Install:
 - Oil filter (New)
 - Shim
 - Spring

To oil filter cover.

NOTE:___

Be sure the O-ring (1) is positioned properly.

- 9. Install:
 - Oil filter cover



NOTE:__

Mesh the oil filter cover projection ① with the crankcase slot.

10. Fill:

Crankcase



With Oil Filter Replacement: 2.5 L (2.2 Imp qt, 2.64 US qt)

- 11. Warm up the engine for a few minutes, then stop the engine.
- 12. Observe:
 - Oil level
- 13. Install:
 - Center cowlings (Left and right)
 - Lower cowlings (Left and right)





CLUTCH ADJUSTMENT

- 1. Check:
 - Clutch lever free play @ Out of specification \rightarrow Adjust.



Free Play: $2 \sim 3 \text{ mm} (0.08 \sim 0.12 \text{ in})$

2. Adjust:

• Clutch lever free play

Adjustment steps:

- Loosen the locknut ① .
- Turn the adjuster $\hat{2}$ in or out until the specified free play is obtained.

| | Free play is increased. |
|----------|-------------------------|
| Turn in | |
| Turn out | Free play is decreased. |
| | |

Tighten the locknut.

NOTE:___

Normally, once the clutch cable length adjuster (crankcase) is properly set; the only adjustment required is maintenance of free play at the clutch cable length adjuster (handlebar lever).





- 3. Remove:
 - Lower cowling (Left)
- Cover 4. Loosen:
 - Lock nut ①
- 5. Screw in adjuster ② until lightly tight and back it out 1/4 turn.
- 6. Tighten:
 - Locknut ①
- 7. Check:
 - Clutch lever free play ⓐ

AIR FILTER CLEANING/CARBURETOR





AIR FILTER CLEANING

- 1. Remove:
 - Seat
 - Top cover Refer to the "COWLING REMOVAL

AND INSTALLATION – REMOVAL" section.

- 2. Remove:
 - Air filter case cover ①
 - Air filter element

△ CAUTION:

The engine should never be run without the air/filter element installed; excessive piston and/or cylinder wear may result.

- 3. Clean:
 - Air filter element Blow out dust in the element from the outer surface using compressed air.
- 4. Inspect:
 - Air filter element
 - Damage → Replace.
- 5. Install:
 - Air filter element
 - Air filter case cover
 - Top cover
 - Seat

CARBURETOR JOINT INSPECTION

- 1. Remove:
 - Fuel tank
 - Air filter case Refer to the "CARBURETOR – RE-MOVAL" section in the CHAPTER 6.
- 2. Inspect:
 - Carburetor joint Cracks/Damage → Replace.

FUEL LINE INSPECTION

- 1. Remove:
 - Lower cowlings (Left and right)

CRANKCASE VENTILATION HOSE INSPECTION/



1





- 2. Inspect:
 - Fuel pipes
 Cracks/Damage → Replace.
 - Fuel filter
 Contamination/Damage → Replace.

NOTE:

Drain and flush the fuel tank if abrasive damage to any components is evident.

CRANKCASE VENTILATION HOSE INSPECTION

- 1. Remove:
 - Seat
 - Top cover Refer to the "COWLING REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION – REMOVAL" section.
- 2. Inspect:
 - Crankcase ventilation hose \bigcirc Cracks/Damage \rightarrow Replace.

EXHAUST SYSTEM INSPECTION

1. Remove:

- Lower cowlings (Left and right)
- Center cowlings (Left and right) Refer to the "COWLING REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION – REMOVAL" section.



- 2. Inspect:
 - Exhaust pipe
 - Gaskets (Exhaust pipe)
 - Muffler
 - $Cracks/Damage \rightarrow Replace.$
 - Bolt
 - Nut
 - Loose \rightarrow Tighten.

COOLANT LEVEL INSPECTION/COOLANT REPLACEMENT



3. Tighten:



COOLANT LEVEL INSPECTION

- 1. Remove:
 - Seat
 - \bullet Seat cowling 1





2. Inspect:

Coolant level
 (Reservoir tank ①)
 Low level → Add tap water (Soft water).

(1) Coolant reservoir tank

- (2) "FULL" level
- 3 "LOW" level

▲ WARNING:

Do not remove the radiator cap when the engine is hot.

∆ CAUTION:

Hard water or salt water is harmful to the engine parts; use boiled or distilled water if you can't get soft water.

COOLANT REPLACEMENT

A WARNING:

Do not remove the radiator cap when the engine and radiator are hot. Scalding hot fluid and steam may be blown out under pressure, which could cause serious injury. When the engine has cooled, open the radiator cap by the following procedure:

COOLANT REPLACEMENT

Place a thick rag, like a towel, over the radiator cap, slowly rotate the cap counterclockwise to the detent. This procedure allows any residual pressure to escape. When the hissing sound has stopped, press down on the cap while turning counterclockwise and remove it.

- 1. Remove:
 - Lower cowling (Left) AND INSTALLATION – REMOVAL'' section.
 - 2. Place a drain pan under the drain bolts.



- 3. Remove:
 - Drain bolt (Outlet pipe) ①
 - Drain bolt (Cylinder) 2
 - Radiator cap
 - Drain the coolant.

NOTE: _

Remove the drain bolts first, then remove the radiator cap to prevent the coolant spilling.

- 4. Tighten:
 - Drain bolt (Cylinder)
 - Drain bolt (Outlet pipe)



NOTE:___

Replace with new copper gasket.

5. Fill:

Cooling system





Coolant filling steps:

- Fill the coolant into the radiator until the radiator is full.
- Start the engine (Coolant level decreases.)

△ CAUTION:

Always check coolant level, and check for coolant leakage before starting engine.

- Add the coolant while engine is running.
- Stop the engine when coolant level stabilizes.
- $\bullet\,\mathsf{Add}$ the coolant again to specified level (1) .
- Install the radiator cap.



Recommended Coolant: High Quality Ethylene Glycol Anti-Freeze Containing Anti-Corrosion for Aluminum Engine Inhibitors

Coolant and Water Mixed Ratio: 50%/50%

Total Amount:

1.9 L (1.7 Imp qt, 2.0 US qt)

Reservoir Tank Capacity: (From Low to Full Level): 0.28 L (0.25 Imp qt, 0.30 US qt)

∆ CAUTION:

- Hard water or salt water is harmful to the engine. You may use distilled water if you can't get soft water.
- Do not mix more than one type of ethlen glycol antifreeze containing corrosion for aluminum engine inhabitors.





CHASSIS

FRONT BRAKE ADJUSTMENT

- 1. Loosen:
 - Adjuster locknut ①
- 2. Adjust:
 - Free play

Turn the adjuster ② until the free play ③ is within the specified limits.

| Turn in | Free play is decreased. |
|----------|-------------------------|
| Turn out | Free play is increased. |

Front Brake Lever Free Play: $2 \sim 5 \text{ mm} (0.08 \sim 0.20 \text{ in})$

▲ CAUTION:

Proper lever free play is essential to avoid excessive brake drag.

- 3. Tighten:
 - Adjuster locknut

REAR BRAKE ADJUSTMENT

- 1. Loosen:
 - Adjuster locknut (1)
- 2. Adjust:
 - Brake pedal height (a) Turn the adjuster (2) until the brake pedal position is at the specified height.
 - Rear brake light switch Refer to the "REAR BRAKE LIGHT SWITCH ADJUSTMENT" section.



Brake Pedal Height: 42 mm (1.7 in) Below the Top of the Footrest

▲ WARNING:

After adjusting the brake pedal height, visually check the adjuster end (2) through the hole of the joint holder (3). The adjuster end must appear within this hole (4).

- 3. Lock:
 - Lock nut ①





BRAKE FLUID INSPECTION/BRAKE PAD INSPECTION INS REAR BRAKE LIGHT SWITCH ADJUSTMENT AD,





BRAKE FLUID INSPECTION

1. Inspect:

Brake fluid level

Fluid at lower level \rightarrow Replenish.

(1) Front brake fluid lower level



Brake Fluid: DOT #4 If DOT #4 is not available, #3 can be used.

▲ WARNING:

- Use only designated quality brake fluid to avoid poor brake performance.
- •Refill with same type and brand of brake fluid; mixing fluids could result in poor brake performance.
- •Be sure that water or other contaminants do not enter master cylinder when refilling.
- Clean up spilled fluid immediately to avoid erosion of painted surfaces or plastic parts.

(1) Rear brake fluid lower level



BRAKE PAD INSPECTION

- 1. Activate the brake lever or brake pedal.
- 2. Inspect:
 - Wear indicator ① Indicator almost contacts disc→Replace pads.



REAR BRAKE LIGHT SWITCH ADJUST-MENT

- 1. Loosen:
 - Locknut ①

BRAKE HOSE INSPECTION/DRIVE CHAIN SLACK CHECK/



2. Adjust:

•Rear brake light switch Hold the switch body ② with your hand so it does not rotate and turn the adjuster ③.

NOTE: _

Proper adjustment is achieved when the brake light comes on just before the brake begins to take effect.

BRAKE HOSE INSPECTION

- 1. Inspect:
 - Brake hoses Cracks/Damage → Replace.

AIR BLEEDING

▲ WARNING:

Bleed the brake system if:

- The system has been disassembled.
- A brake hose has been loosened or removed.
- The brake fluid is very low.
- The brake operation is faulty.

A dangerous loss of braking performance may occur if the brake system is not properly bled.



- 1. Bleed:
 - Brake system

Air bleeding steps:

- a. Add proper brake fluid to the reservoir.
- b. Install the diaphragm. Be careful not to spill any fluid or allow the reservoir to overflow.
- c. Connect the clear plastic tube (1) tightly to the caliper bleed screw.



- A Front
- B Rear
- d. Place the other end of the tube into a container.
- e. Slowly apply the brake lever or pedal several times.
- f. Pull the lever in or push down on the pedal. Hold the lever or pedal in position.
- g. Loosen the bleed screw and allow the lever or pedal to travel towards its limit.
- h. Tighten the bleed screw when the lever or pedal limit has been reached; then release the lever or pedal.

Bleed Screw: 6 Nm (0.6 m·kg, 4.3 ft·lb)

i. Repeat steps (e) to (h) until of the air bubbles have been removed from the system.

NOTE:__

If bleeding is difficult, it may be necessary to let the brake fluid system stabilize for a few hours. Repeat the bleeding procedure when the tiny bubbles in the system have disappeared.

j. Add brake fluid to the level line on the reservoir.

DRIVE CHAIN SLACK ADJUSTMENT

NOTE: _

Before checking and/or adjusting the chain slack, rotate the rear wheel through several revolutions. Check the chain slack several times to find the point where the chain is the tightest. Check and/or adjust the chain slack where the rear wheel is in this "tight chain" position.

- 1. Place the motorcycle vertically on a leve place.
- 2. Measure:
 - •Drive chain slack ⓐ Out of specification→Adjust.



Drive Chain Slack: $10 \sim 20 \text{ mm} (0.4 \sim 0.8 \text{ in})$

DRIVE CHAIN SLACK ADJUSTMENT





- 3. Remove:
 - •Cotter pin ①
- 4. Loosen:
 - •Nut (Rear axle) 2
 - •Locknut ③
- 5. Adjust:
 - Chain slack
 - Turn the adjuster 4 in or out.

| Turn in | Chain slack is decreased. |
|----------|---------------------------|
| Turn out | Chain slack is increased. |

NOTE: ____

There are marks on each side of rear arm and on each chain puller; use them to check for proper alignment.

▲ CAUTION:

Too small chain slack will overload the engine and other vital parts; keep the slack within the specified limits.

- 6. Tighten:
 - Nut (Rear axle)



Nut (Rear Axle): 107 Nm (10.7 m · kg, 77 ft · lb)

- 7. Tighten:
 - Adjuster
 - Locknut
- 8. Install:
 - Cotter pin () (New)

∆ WARNING:

Always use a new cotter pin on the axle nut.

NOTE:

Do not loosen the axle nut after torque tightening. If the axle nut groove is not aligned with the wheel shaft cotter pin hole, align groove to hole by tightening up on the axle nut.





DRIVE CHAIN LUBRICATION

The chain consists of many parts which work against each other. If the chain is not maintained properly, it will wear out rapidly, therefore, form the habit of periodically servicing the chain. This service is especially necessary when riding in dusty conditions.

This motorcycle has a drive chain with small rubber O-rings between the chain plates. Steam cleaning, high-pressure washes, and certain solvents can damage these O-rings. Use only kerosene to clean the drive chain. Wipe it dry, and thoroughly lubricate it with SAE $30 \sim 50W$ motor oil. Do not use any other lubricants on the drive chain. They may contain solvents that could damage the O-rings.



Recommended Lubricant: SAE 30 ~ 50 Motor Oil or Chain Lubricants Suitable for "O-ring" Chains

STEERING HEAD INSPECTION

▲ WARNING:

Securely support the motorcycle so there is no danger of it falling over.

- 1. Place the motorcycle on a level place.
- 2. Elevate the front wheel by placing a suitable stand under the engine.
- 3. Check:
 - Steering assembly bearings

Grasp the bottom of the front forks and gently rock the fork assembly back and forth.

Looseness → Adjust the steering head.

- 4. Remove:
 - Seat
 - Top cover Refer to the "COWLING REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION – REMOVAL" section.
- 5. Remove:
 - Handlebars bosses (Left and right)
 - Handlebar crown

Refer to the "STEERING HEAD HANDLEBAR – REMOVAL" section in the CHAPTER 7.







STEERING HEAD INSPECTION



- 6. Remove:
 - Lock washer ①
 - Ring nut (Upper) ②
 - Washer ③
- 7. Remove:
 - Front fork
 - Refer to the "FRONT FORK REMOVAL" section in the CHAPTER 7.
- 8. Tighten:
 - Ring nuts (Lower and upper)

Ring nuts tightening steps:

NOTE: ____

Set the Torque Wrench to the Ring Nut Wrench so that they form a right angle.

• Install the ring nut (Lower) ④ .

NOTE: __

The tapered side of ring nut must faced downward.

• Tighten the ring nut ④ using the Ring Nut Wrench.

Ring Nut Wrench: P/N YU-33975

Ring Nut ④ (Initial Tightening): 52 Nm (5.2 m·kg, 37 ft·lb)

• Loosen the ring nut ④ completely and retighten it to specification.

△ WARNING:

Do not over-tightening.



Ring Nut ④ (Final Tightening): 3 Nm (0.3 m·kg, 2.2 ft·lb)

NOTE:_

Recheck the steering head by turning the steering from lock to lock, after adjusting steering head.

STEERING HEAD INSPECTION



If steering is binded, loosen the ring nut so that there is no free play on bearing. If steering is loosened, repeat the adjustment

- Install the washer (3).
- Install the ring nut (Upper) 2 .

NOTE: _

steps.

The tapered side of ring nut must face down-ward.

- Finger tighten the ring nut ②, then align the slots of both ring nuts. If not aligned, hold the lower ring nut ④ and tighten the other until they are aligned.
- Install the lock washer (1).

NOTE:

Make sure the lock washer tab is placed in the slots.

 Install the handle crown and tighten the steering stem nut to specification.

Nut (Steering Stem): 110 Nm (11.0 m·kg, 80 ft·lb)

• Tighten the pinch bolts to specification.

Pinch Bolt (Handle Crown): 20 Nm (2.0 m·kg, 14 ft·lb)

- 10. Install:
 - Front fork
 - Handlebars (Left and right)

 Nut (Front Axle):

 58 Nm (5.8 m · kg, 42 ft · lb)

 Bolt (Front Fork Pinch):

 20 Nm (2.0 m · kg, 14 ft · lb)

 Bolts (Brake Caliper):

 35 Nm (3.5 m · kg, 25 ft · lb)

 Bolts (Handlebar):

 20 Nm (2.0 m · kg, 14 ft · lb)

11. Install:

- Top cover
- Seat



FRONT FORK INSPECTION

▲ WARNING:

Securely support the motorcycle so there is no danger of it falling over.

- 1. Place the motorcycle on a level place.
- 2. Check:
 - Inner tube
 Scratch/Damage → Replace.
 - Oil seal
 - Excessive oil leakage \rightarrow Replace.
- 3.Hold the motorcycle on upright position and apply the front brake.
- 4. Check:
 - Operation
 Pump the front fork up and down for several times.
 Unsmooth operation → Repair.

REAR SHOCK ABSORBER ADJUSTMENT

The spring preload of the rear shock absorber can be adjusted to suit rider's preference, weight, and the course conditions.

- 1. Adjust:
 - Spring preload

Adjustment steps:

• To increase preload, adjuster ① is turned toward the "H". To decrease preload, adjuster is turned toward the "S".

| | Hard | | | STD | So | oft | |
|--------------------|------|---|---|-----|----|-----|---|
| Adjusting position | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |







TIRE INSPECTION



TIRE INSPECTION

- 1. Measure:
 - Tire pressure
 - Out of specification \rightarrow Adjust.

A WARNING:

Tire inflation pressure should be checked and adjusted when the temperature of the tire euqals the ambient air temperature. Tire inflation pressure must be adjusted according to total weight of cargo, rider, passenger, and accessories (fairing, saddlebags, etc. if approved for this model), and vehicle speed.

| Basic weight: With oil and full fuel tank | 186 kg (410 lb) (Except for California) 189 kg (417 lb) (For California) | | |
|---|---|---|--|
| Maximum load* | 156 kg (344 lb) (Except for California) 153 kg (337 lb) (For California) | | |
| Cold tire pressure | Front | Rear | |
| Up to 90 kg (198 lb) load* | 200 kPa (2.0 kg/cm ² , 28 psi) | 230 kPa (2.3 kg/cm ² , 32 psi) | |
| 90 kg (198 lb) \sim Maximum load* | 200 kPa (2.0 kg/cm ² , 28 psi) | 250 kPa (2.5 kg/cm² , 36 psi) | |
| High speed riding | 200 kPa (2.0 kg/cm ² , 28 psi) | 250 kPa (2.5 kg/cm² , 36 psi) | |

* Load is the total weight of cargo, rider, passenger, and accessories.



- 2. Inspect:
 - Tire surfaces Wear/Damage → Replace.

Minimum Tire Tread Depth (Front and Rear): 1 mm (0.04 in)

Tread depth
 Side wall
 Wear indicator



WHEEL INSPECTION

▲ WARNING:

 After extensive tests, the tires mentioned below have been approved by Yamaha motor Co., Ltd. for this model. No guarantee for handling characteristics can be given if tire combinations other than what is approved are used on this motorcycle. The front and rear tires should be of the same manufacture and design.

FRONT:

| 1.101111 | | |
|-------------|----------------|-------|
| Manufacture | Size | Туре |
| Bridgestone | 110/70 R17-53H | CY03 |
| Dunlop | 110/70 R17-53H | K455F |
| Duniop | | |

REAR:

| Manufacture | Size | Туре |
|-------------|----------------|------|
| Bridgestone | 140/60 R18-64H | CY04 |
| Dunlop | 140/60 R18-64H | K455 |
| Duniop | | |

- It is dangerous to ride with a worn-out tire. When a tire tread begins to show line, replace the tire immediately.
- Patching a punctured tube is not recommended. If it is absolutely necessary to do so, use great care and replace the tube as soon as possible
- with a good quality replacement. Do not attempt to use tubeless tires on a wheel
- designed for tube type tires only. Tire failure and personal injury may result from sudden deflation.

Be sure to instal

| Wheel | Tire | | |
|-----------|-----------------------|--|--|
| Tube type | Tube type only | | |
| Tubeless | Tube type or tubeless | | |

Be sure to install the correct tube when using tube type tires.

WHEEL INSPECTION

- 1. Inspect:
 - Aluminum wheels
 - Damage/Bends → Replace.
 - Never attempt even small repairs to the wheel.

NOTE:_

Always balance the wheel when a tire or wheel has been changed or replaced.



CABLE INSPECTION

- 1. Inspect:
 - Throttle cables
 - Cable sheaths
 - Clutch cable
 - Starter cable

Check for damage to the cable insulation. Corrosion/Damage \rightarrow Replace. Obstruction \rightarrow Reroute. Unsmoothness \rightarrow Lubricate.

LUBRICATION

Throttle cables/Clutch cable/Starter cable

Cable lubrication steps:

- Remove the two grip ends that secure throttle to handlebar.
- Hold cable end high and apply several drops of lubricant to cable.
- Coat metal surface of disassembled throttle twist grip with suitable all-purpose grease to minimize friction.



SAE 10W30 Motor Oil

Lever/Pedal

Lubricate pivoting part of each lever and pedal.



SAE 10W30 Motor Oil

Sidestand

Lubricate the pivoting part.



SAE 10W30 Motor Oil

BATTERY INSPECTION



ELECTRICAL

BATTERY INSPECTION

- 1. Remove:
 - Seat

Refer to the "COWLING REMOVAL AN INSTALLATION – REMOVAL" section.







2. Inspect:

Fluid level ③ should be between upper ④ and lower ② marks. Incorrect \rightarrow Refill.

▲ CAUTION:

Refill with distilles water only; tap water con tains minerals harmful to a battery.

3. Connect:

• Breather pipe (Battery) ① Be sure the hose is properly attached and routed.

- 4. Inspect:
 - Breather pipe (Battery) ①
 Obstruction → Reroute.
 Damage → Replace.

▲ CAUTION:

When inspecting the battery, be sure the breather pipe is routed correctly. If the breather pipe touches the frame or exits in such a way as to cause battery electrolyte or gas to exit onto the frame, structural and cosmetic damage to the motorcycle can occur.

5. Check:

- Specific gravity:
 - Less than $1.280 \rightarrow$ Recharge battery.

Charging Current: 1.2 amps/10 hrs Specific Gravity: 1.280 at 20°C (68°F)

BATTERY INSPECTION

Replace the battery if:

• Battery voltage will not rise to a specific value or bubbles fail to rise even after many hours of charging.

INSP

- Sulfation of one or more cells occurs, as indicated by the plates turning white, or an accumulation of material exists in the bottom of the cell.
- Specific gravity readings after a long, slow charge indicate one cell to be lower than the rest.
- •Warpage or buckling of plates or insulators is evident.

∆CAUTION:

Always charge a new battery before using it to ensure maximum performance.

▲ WARNING:

Battery electrolyte is dangerous; it contains sulfuric acid and therefore is poisonous and highly caustic.

Always follow these preventive measures:

- Avoid bodily contact with electrolyte as it can cause servere burns or permanent eye injury.
- •Wear protective eye gear when handling or working near batteries.

Antidote (EXTERNAL):

- •SKIN-Flush with water.
- EYES Flush with water for 15 minutes and get immediate medical attention.

Antidote (INTERNAL):

•Drink large quantities of water or milk follow with milk of magnesia, beaten egg, or vegetable oil. Get immediate medical attention.

Batteries also generate explosive hydrogen gas, therefore you should always follow these preventive measures:

- •Charge batteries in a well-ventilated area.
- •Keep batteries away from fire, sparks, or open flames (e.g., welding equipment, lighted cigarettes, etc.)
- •DO NOT SMOKE when charging or handling batteries.

KEEP BATTERIES AND ELECTROLYTE OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.



Batte





FUSE INSPECTION

The fuse panel is located under the seat.

- 1. Inspect:
- Fuses

Defective→Replace.

Blown fuse (New)→Inspect circuit.

NOTE: .

Install new fuses of proper amperage.

(1) Spare fuses

| Description | Amperage | Quantity |
|-------------|----------|----------|
| Main | 30A | 1 |
| Headlight | 10A | 1 |
| Signal | 10A | 1 |
| Ignition | 10A | 1 |
| Reserve | 10A | 1 |
| | 30A | 1 |

Blown fuse replacement steps:

- •Turn off ignition and the circuit.
- •Install a new fuse of proper amperage.
- •Turn on switches to verify operation of electrical device.
- If fuse blows immediately again, check circuit in question.

A WARNING:

Do not use fuses of higher amperage rating than recommended. Extensive electrical system damage and fire could result from substitution of a fuse of improper amperage.



HEADLIGHT BEAM ADJUSTMENT

- 1. Adjust:
 - Horizontal adjustment:

To adjust the beam to the right, turn the adjusting screw (1) clockwise.

To adjust the beam to the left, turn the screw ① counterclockwise.













- 2. Adjust:
 - •Vertical adjustment:
 - To raise the beam, turn the adjusting screw (2) clockwise.
 - To lower the beam, turn the screw (2) counterclockwise.

HEADLIGHT BULB REPLACEMENT

- 1. Remove:
 - Headlight cover ①
- 2. Disconnect:
 - Headlight bulb coupler (2)
- 3. Remove:
 - Headlight bulb cover ③
- 4. Remove:
 - •Bulb Turn the bulb holder counterclockwise to release bulb.

∆ WARNING:

Keep flammable products or your hands away from the bulb while it is on, it will be hot. Do not touch the bulb until it cools down.

- 5. Install:
 - •Bulb (New) Secure the new bulb with the bulb holder.

△CAUTION:

Avoid touching glass part of bulb. Also keep it free from oil otherwise, transparency of glass, bulb life and illuminous flux will be adversely affected. If oil gets on bulb, clean it with a cloth moistened thoroughly with alcohol or lacquer thinner.

- 6. Install:
 - Headlight bulb cover

TAIL/BRAKE BULB REPLACEMENT

- 7. Connect:
 - Headlight bulb coupler
- 8. Install:
 - Headlight cover.

TAIL/BRAKE BULB REPLACEMENT

- 1. Remove:
 - Seat
 - Seat cowling

- 2. Remove:
 - Bulb socket Turn the bulb socket approximately 30° counterclockwise.
- 3. Remove:
 - Defective bulb
- 4. Install:
 - Bulb socket
 - Seat cowling
 - Seat



ENGINE OVERHAUL

ENGINE REMOVAL

NOTE: ___

It is not necessary to remove the engine in order to remove the following components:

- Cylinder head
- Cylinder
- Piston
- Clutch
- Water pump
- A.C. magneto

LOWER COWLING, CENTER COWLING, UPPER COWLING AND TOP COVER

- 1. Remove:
 - Lower cowlings (Left and right)
 - Center cowlings (Left and right)
 - Upper cowling
 - Seat
 - Top cover

Refer to the "COWLING REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION – REMOVAL" section in the CHAPTER 3.

FUEL TANK

- 1. Remove:
 - Fuel tank

Refer to the "CARBURETOR – RE-MOVAL" section in the CHAPTER 6.

ENGINE OIL

- 1. Drain:
 - Engine oil Refer to the "ENGINE OIL REPLACE-
 - MENT" section in the CHAPTER 3.

COOLANT

- 1. Drain:
 - Coolant Refer to the "COOLANT REPLACE-MENT" section in the CHAPTER 3.

AIR FILTER CASE AND CARBURETOR

1. Remove:

- Air filter case
- Carburetor Refer to the "CARBURETOR – RE-MOVAL" section in the CHAPTER 6.









- Hose (Radiator Inlet) ①
- Hose (Radiator Outlet) 2

- 2. Disconnect:
 - Fan motor coupler
- 3. Remove:
 - Radiator assembly

∆ CAUTION:

Cover the cylinder head cover and the fender with rugs to prevent a scratching.

- 4. Disconnect:
 - Pipes (Left and right)





5. Remove: • Pipes (Radiator – Outlet) (1)

MUFFLER ASSEMBLY

- 1. Remove:
 - Nuts (Exhaust pipe) ①
 - Cowling stays (2)
 - Bolt (Muffler bracket) ③

ENGINE DISASSEMBLY



MUFFLER ASSEMBLY (For California only)

ENG

- 1. Remove:
 - Nuts (Exhaust pipe) ①
 - Cowling stays ②
 - Bolt (Muffler bracket) ③
- 2. Remove:Bolt (Muffler stay)

- 3. Loosen:
 - $\bullet \operatorname{Lock}$ nut (1)
 - Adjuster ②

- 4. Remove:
 - Cover
 - •Clips ①
 - •Pulley ②
 - Cables (3)

- 5. Remove:
 - Washer ①
 - •Bracket 2
 - Housing ③
 - Gasket
 - (Left side)
 - Shaft arm





CLUTCH CABLE AND DRIVE CHAIN

- 1. Remove:
 - Shift arm
 - Crankcase cover (Left)

- 2. Remove:
 - Clutch cable

- 3. Straighten:
 - Lock washer tab
- 4. Remove:
 - Drive sprocket

LEADS 1. Straighten: • Clamp

2. Disconnect:Battery leads

NOTE: ___

Disconnect the negative lead ① first.



- 3. Disconnect:
 - Lead (Starter motor)









- 4. Remove:
 - Cover
- 5. Disconnect:
 - Coupler (Oil level Neutral switch)
 - Coupler (A.C. generator)
 - Coupler (Sidestand switch)
- 6. Remove: • Spark plug leads

ENGINE REMOVAL

- 1. Remove:
 - $\bullet \, {\rm Cover} \ (1)$
 - $\bullet\, {\rm Starter}$ lever 2

- 2. Place a suitable stand under the engine.
- 3. Remove:
 - \bullet Down tube frames (Left and right) (1)
 - Bolt (Engine-mount) (2)



- 4. Remove:
 - Bolt (Engine-mounting Lower) 1
 - Bolt (Engine-mounting Upper) (2)
 - Collars ③



2

17



- 5. Remove:
 - Engine assembly . From right side.



ENGINE DISASSEMBLY

CYLINDER HEAD COVER, CAMSHAFT AND CYLINDER HEAD

NOTE: ____

With the engine mounted, the cylinder head cover, camshaft and cylinder head can be maintained by removing the following parts.

- Lower cowlings (Left and right)
- Center cowlings (Left and right)
- Seat
- Top cover
- Radiator
- Air filter case
- Carburetor
- Muffler assembly
- Down tube frame (Right)
- 1. Remove:
 - Cylinder head cover ①
 - Gasket (Cylinder head cover)
 - Spark plugs 2







- 2. Remove:
 - Generator cover ①
 - Dowel pins

- 3. Turn:
 - Crankshaft
 - Counterclockwise
- 4. Align:
 - •"T" mark ①
 - Crankcase end (2)

NOTE: _

When #1 piston is at TDC on compression stroke.

ENGINE DISASSEMBLY







- 5. Remove:
 - Cam chain tensioner ①
 - Gasket (Cam chain tensioner)

ENG

- 6. Remove:
 - Union bolts ①
 - Oil delivery pipe ②

- 7. Remove:
 - Cam chain guide (Upper) ①
 - Cam chain guide (Exhaust side) ②

NOTE:___

• Select either of the two procedures explained in this manual, as follows:

• Procedure 1.

For engine service except cylinder head disassembly.

 \rightarrow Disconnect the cam chain.

The pistons and cylinder can be removed without removing the camshafts.

• Procedure 2.

For engine service including cylinder head disassembly.

 \rightarrow Remove the cam caps and camshafts.

The camshafts can be removed without disconnecting the cam chain.









Procedure 1.

Disconnect:
 Cam chain
 Use the Cam Chain Cutter ① .



2. Remove:

• Rubbers (Camshaft cap) ①

3. Remove:

- Nuts (Cylinder head)
- Use the Hexagon Wrench 6 mm (0.24 in)().
- 4. Remove:
 - Cylinder head
 - Gasket (Cylinder head)
 - Dowel pins
- 5. Go to "CYLINDER AND PISTON".

Procedure 2.

- 1. Remove:
 - Camshaft caps
 - Dowel pins

NOTE: ___

Remove the camshaft caps in a crisscross pattern from outermost to inner caps.

∆CAUTION:

Do not rotate the camshaft or valve damage may occur.

- 2. Remove:
 - Camshafts

NOTE:

Fasten safety wire (1) to the cam chain to prevent it from falling into the crankcase.

ENGINE DISASSEMBLY

ENG

- 3. Remove:
 - Nuts (Cylinder head) Use the Hexagon Wrench 6 mm (0.24 in) 1.

NOTE: _

- Loosen the nuts in their proper loosening sequence.
- Follow numerical order shown in photo. Start by loosening each nut 1/2 turn until all are loose.
 - 4. Remove:
 - Cylinder head

NOTE: ___

Remove the cylinder head as a whole to prevent the valve lifters and adjusting pads from falling into the crankcase.

- 5. Remove:
 - Gasket (Cylinder head) 1
 - Dowel pins (2)

CYLINDER AND PISTON

NOTE: ____

With the engine mounted, the cylinder and piston can be maintained by removing the following parts.

- Lower cowlings (Left and right)
- Center cowlings (Left and right)
- Seat
- Top cover
- Radiator
- Air filter case
- Carburetor
- Muffler assembly
- Down tube frame (Right)
- Cylinder head




- 1. Remove:
 - Water pipe ①
 - O-rings
 - Cylinder

- 2. Remove:
 - Gasket (Cylinder) ①
 - $\bullet \, \text{Dowel pins} \ \textcircled{2}$
- 3. Mark:
 - Pistons With the piston number designations as shown.
- 4. Remove: • Circlips (Piston pin) ①

NOTE: _

Before removing the piston pin circlip, cover the crankcase with a clean rag to prevent the circlip from falling into the crankcase cavity.

- 5. Remove:
 - Piston pins ①
 - Pistons ②

NOTE:___

Before removing the piston pin, deburr the clip grooved and pin hole area. If the piston pin groove is deburred and piston pin is still difficult to remove, use the Piston Pin Puller ③.



▲ CAUTION:

Do not use a hammer to drive the piston pin out.









STARTER CLUTCH

NOTE:

With the engine mounted, the starter clutch can be maintained by removing the following parts.

- Lower cowling (Right)
- Starter clutch cover
- 1. Remove:

2. Remove:

• Washer

• Starter clutch cover (1)

• Bolt (Starter clutch) ①

- Gasket (Starter clutch cover)
- Dowel pens.
- ARMANA O CONTAINA O CONTAINTAINA O CONTAINA O CONTAINA O CONTAINA O CONTAINA O CONTAINA
- 3. Attach:Heavy Duty Puller ①



- 4. Remove:
 - Starter clutch ②
- 5. Remove:
 - ullet Woodruff key (1)
 - $\bullet \, {\rm Starter} \ {\rm clutch} \ {\rm gear} \ {\circlet}$
 - Idle gear ③
 - \bullet Idle gear (4)



CLUTCH

NOTE: _____

With the engine mounted, the starter clutch can be maintained by removing the following parts.

- Lower cowling (Right)
- Crankcase cover (Right)



- Crankcase cover (Right) ①
- Gasket (Crankcase cover)
- Dowel pins

NOTE: ____

Working in a crisscross pattern, loosen bolts 1/4 turn each. Remove them after all are loosened.

- 2. Remove:
 - Bolts (Clutch spring) ①
 - Clutch springs (2)
 - Pressure plate ③
 - Friction plates
 - Clutch plates

NOTE: ___

Loosen the bolts in a crisscross pattern.

- 3. Remove:
 - Push rod #1 ①
 - •Ball 2
 - Push rod #2 ③
- 4. Straighten the lock washer tabs.
- 5. Loosen:
 - Nut (Clutch boss) ①
 - Use the Universal Clutch Holder ${f 2}$.

Universal Clutch Holder: P/N YM-91042

NOTE: ___

Hold the clutch boss loosen the nut by Universal Clutch Holder 2 .









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- 7. Remove:
 - Spacer ②

ENGINE DISASSEMBLY

Nut (Clutch boss) (1)
Lock washer (2)
Clutch boss (3)
Thrust washer (4)

6. Remove:

• Bearing ③

NOTE:___

Install the 5 mm (0.2 in) screw ① on the spacer ② then remove the spacer with pulling out screw.

- 8. Remove:
 - Clutch housing ①

- 9. Remove:
 - Thrust washer ①
 - Collar (2)

A.C. MAGNETO

NOTE: _____

With the engine mounted, the A.C. Magneto can be maintained by removing the following parts.

- Lower cowling (Left)
- Generator cover



 ENGINE DISASSEMBLY

 1. Remove:

 • Bolt (Magneto) ①

Washer

NOTE: _

Hold the magneto to loosen the nut by the Universal Rotor Holder 2.



- 2. Attach:
 - Rotor puller ①



- 3. Remove:
 - Magneto ②
- 4. Remove:
 - Startor coil assembly ①
 - Pickup coil ②
 - •Woodruff key ③

WATER PUMP

NOTE: _____

With the engine mounted, the water pump can be maintained by removing the following parts.

- Seat
- Top cover
- Lower cowling (Right)
- Shift arm
- Crankcase cover (Right)
- •Water pipe
- Water pump cover





NG AND

- 1. Remove:
 - $\bullet\, {\tt Water} \ {\tt pump} \ {\tt cover} \ \ \textcircled{1}$
 - O-ring

2. Remove:•Water pump housing ①

OIL PUMP AND SHIFT SHAFT

NOTE: _

With the engine mounted, the oil pump and shift shaft can be maintained by removing the following parts.

- Lower cowling (Right)
- Crankcase cover (Right)
- Clutch housing
 - 1. Remove:
 - Oil pump assembly ①

2. Remove:

- Gasket (Oil pump assembly) ①
- $\bullet \, {\sf Dowel} \ {\sf pin} \ {\circlet}$









- 3. Remove:
 - \bullet Shift shaft assembly (1)



OIL PAN AND OIL STRAINER

NOTE:

With the engine mounted, the oil pan and oil strainer can be maintained by removing the following parts.

ENG

- Lower cowlings (Left and right)
- Muffler assembly
- Cowling stay
- 1. Disconnect:
 - \bullet Oil level switch lead 1
 - $\bullet\, {\sf Neutral}\,\, {\rm switch}\,\, {\sf lead}\,\,\, \widehat{{\rm (2)}}$





- 2. Remove:
 - Oil filter cover (1)
 - Oil filter

- 3. Remove:
 - Drain plug 🕦
 - $\bullet \, \text{Oil level switch}$ (2)
 - •Oil pan ③
 - Gasket (Oil pan)
 - Dowel pins

- 4. Remove:
 - \bullet Oil strainer cover 1

ENG

 \bullet Relief value 2



5. Remove:Oil strainer assembly ①

STARTER MOTOR

NOTE:

With the engine mounted, the starter motor, can be maintained by removing the following parts.

- Seat
- Top cover
- Fuel tank



1. Remove:

• Starter motor ①

CRANKCASE DISASSEMBLY

• Oil seal stopper ①

• Crankcase ventilation hose (2)

















- 3. Remove:
 - Bolts (Crankcase)

NOTE: ____

- Remove the bolts starting with the highest numbered one.
- The embossed numbers in the crankcase designate the crankcase tightening sequence.
- 4. Place the engine upside down.
- 5. Remove:
 - Crankcase (Lower) Use a soft hammer.
- A Upper case
- B Lower case

TRANSMISSION, SHIFTER AND SHIFT CAM

- 1. Remove:
 - Transmission assembly ①
 - Dowel pins

- 2. Remove:
 - Stopper lever ①
 - Stopper plate (Shift cam) 2

- 3. Remove:
 - Guide bars ①
 - •Shift fork #1 2
 - Shift fork #2 ③
 - •Shift fork #3 ④

- ENG
- 4. Remove:
 - Shift cam

CRANKSHAFT

- 1. Remove:
 - Crankshaft assembly

- 2. Remove:
 - Main journal bearing

NOTE: __

Identify each main journal bearing position very carefully so that it can be reinstalled in its original place.

3. Remove:

- ullet Cam chain guide (Intake side) 1
- \bullet O-ring (2)

4. Remove:• Neutral switch





ENG



• Oil baffle plate





NOTE: ___

With the engine mounted, the valve pad and valve can be maintained by removing the following parts.

- Lower cowlings (Left and right)
- Center cowlings (Left and right)
- Fuel tank
- Carburetor
- Radiator
- Generator cover
- Cylinder head cover
- Cam chain tensioner
- Cylinder head





1. Remove:

- Lifters ①
- Valve pads

NOTE: ____

Identify each lifter and pad position very carefuly so that it can be reinstalled in its original place.

Lifters
 Valve pads



- 2. Check:
 - Valve sealing

Leakage at valve seat \rightarrow Inspect the valve face, valve seat and valve seat width. Refer to the "INSPECTION AND REPAIR - VALVE SEAT" section.

NOTE: ___

Before removing the internal parts (valve, valve spring, spring seat, etc.) of the cylinder head, the valve sealing should be checked.

Valve seal checking steps:

- Supply a clean solvent ① into the intake and exhaust ports.
- Check the valve sealing. There should be no leakage at the valve seats ②.

- 3. Attach:
 - Valve spring compressor ①
 - Attachment 2



Valve Spring Compressor: P/N YM-04019 Attachment: P/N YM-04108

(3) Valve retainers

- 4. Remove:
 - Valve retainers ①
 - Valve spring seat (2)
 - •Oil seal ③
 - Valve spring ④
 - Valve (5)
 - Valve spring seat 6

NOTE: _

Identify each part position very carefuly so that it can be reinstalled in its original place.













CONNECTING ROD

- 1. Remove:
 - Connecting rod ①
 - Connecting rod bearing

ENG

INNER ROTOR (OIL PUMP)

- 1. Remove:
 - Pump housing

- 2. Remove:
 - $\bullet \, {\rm Outer} \ {\rm rotor} \ (1)$
 - Pin (2)
 - Inner rotor ③
 - •Washer ④
 - Pump cover (5)
 - Pump shaft 6



CYLINDER HEAD

- 1. Eliminate:
 - Carbon deposit (from combustion chamber) Use rounded scraper.

NOTE:_

Do not use a sharp instrument and avoid damaging or scratching:

ENG

- Spark plug threads
- Valve seat
- 2. Inspect:
 - Cylinder head Scratches/Damage → Replace.





- 3. Measure:
 - Warpage
 Out of specification → Resurface.



Cylinder Head Warpage: Less than 0.03 mm (0.0012 in)

- 4. Resurface:
 - Cylinder head

Resurfacement steps:

Place a 400 \sim 600 grit wet sandpaper on the surface plate, and resurface the head using a figure-eight sanding pattern.

NOTE:_

Rotate the head several times to avoid removing too much material from one side.



VALVE

- 1. Inspect:
 - Valve face
 Stem end
 Wear/Pitting → Reface.
 - Out of specification \rightarrow Replace.



ENG





- 2. Measure:
 - Valve stem clearance

Valve stem clearance = Valve guide inside diameter ① – Valve stem diameter ②

Out of specification \rightarrow Replace either value and/or guide.

Use a Micrometer and Bore Gauge 3 .

| K | Valve Stem Clearance | Maximum |
|---------|--|------------------------|
| Intake | $0.010 \sim 0.037 \text{ mm}$ (0.0004 $\sim 0.0015 \text{ in}$) | 0.08 mm (0.0031 in) |
| Exhaust | $0.025 \sim 0.052 \text{ mm}$ (0.001 \sim 0.002 in) | 0.1 mm (0.0039 in) |

3. Inspect:

Valve stem end

Mushroom shape/Larger diameter than rest of stem \rightarrow Replace valve, valve guide, and oil seal.

ENG



- 4. Measure:
 - Valve stem runout
 Out of specification → Replace.



VALVE GUIDE

NOTE: ____

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- Always replace the valve guide if the valve is replaced.
- Always replace the oil seal if the value is removed.
 - 1. Inspect:
 - Valve guide
 Wear/Oil leakage into cylinder → Replace.
 - 2. Remove:

• Valve guide Use the Valve Guide Remover ①.



Valve Guide Remover (4.5 mm): P/N YM-04116

3. Install:

• Valve guide (New) Use the Valve Guide Installer ① with the valve Guide Remover ②.



Valve Guide Installer: P/N YM-04117 Valve Guide Remover (4.5 mm): P/N YM-04116

4. Bore valve guide (2) to obtain proper valve stem clearance.

Use the Valve Guide Reamer (4.5 mm) 1 .



NOTE:_

Reface the valve seat after installing the valve guide.











VALVE SEAT

- 1. Clean:
 - Valve face
 - Valve seat
 - Remove carbon deposit.
- 2. Inspect:
 - Valve seat
 - Pitting/Wear \rightarrow Reface value seat.



```
• Valve seat width (1)
 Out of specification \rightarrow Reface value seat.
```

| 1 the | Valve Seat Width |
|---------|---|
| Intake | $0.9 \sim 1.1 \text{ mm} (0.035 \sim 0.043 \text{ in})$ |
| Exhaust | $0.9 \sim$ 1.1 mm (0.035 \sim 0.043 in) |

Valve seat width measurement steps:

- Apply the Mechanic's bluing dye (Dykem) (1) to the valve face.
- Install the valve into the cylinder head.
- Press the valve through the valve guide and onto the valve seat to make a clean pattern.
- Measure the valve seat width. Whether the valve seat and valve face made contact, bluing will have been removed.
- If the valve seat width is too wide, too narrow, or seat has not centered. The valve seat must be refaced.



- 4. Reface:
 - Valve seat Use 20°, 45° and 60° Valve Seat Cutter.



Valve Seat Cutter Set (1): P/N YM-91043









∆CAUTION:

Remove just enough material to achieve satisfactory seat.

When twisting cutter, keep and even downward pressure to prevent chatter marks.

| Cut sections as follows | |
|-------------------------|-------------|
| Section | Cutter |
| Α | 20 ° |
| В | 45° |
| С | 60° |

Valve seat refacing steps:

A Valve face indicates that valve seat is centered on valve face but is too wide.

| Valve Se | at Cutter Set | Desired Result |
|----------|---------------|--------------------------------------|
| Use | 20° cutter | To reduce valve seat width to 1.0 mm |
| lightly | 60° cutter | (0.04 in) |

B Valve seat is in the middle of the valve face but too narrow.

| Valve Seat Cutter Set | | Desired Result |
|-----------------------|------------|---|
| Use | 45° cutter | To achieve a uniform valve seat width of 1.0 mm (0.04 in) |

C Valve seat is too narrow and right up near valve margin.

| Valve Seat Cutter Set | | Desired Result |
|-----------------------|---------------------|--|
| l Use – | 20° cutter | To center the seat and to achieve its width of |
| | 45° cutter | 1.0 mm (0.04 in) |

D Valve seat is too narrow and is located down near the bottom edge of the valve face.

| Valve Seat Cutter Set | | Desired Result |
|-----------------------|----------------------|------------------------|
| Use first | 60° cutter, first | To center the seat and |
| | 45° cutter | increase its width. |



- 5. Lap:
 - Valve face
 - Valve seat

NOTE:___

After refacing the valve seat or replacing the valve and valve guide, the valve seat and valve face should be lapped.

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Valve lapping steps:

• Apply a coarse lapping compound ① to the valve face.

∆ CAUTION:

Be sure no compound enteres the gap between the valve stem and guide.

- Apply a molybdnum disulfide oil to the valve stem.
- Install the valve into the cylinder head.
- Turn the valve until the valve face and valve seat are evenly polished, then clean off all compound.

NOTE:__

To obtain the best lapping result, lightly tap the valve seat while rotating the valve back and forth between your hand.

• Apply a fine lapping compound to the valve face and repeat the above steps.

NOTE:____

Be sure to clean off all compound from the valve face and valve seat after every lapping operation.

- Apply the Mechanic's bluing dye (Dykem) (1) to the valve face.
- Install the valve into the cylinder head.





onto the valve seat to make a clear pattern. •Measure the valve seat width (1) again. If the valve seat width is out of specification, reface and lap the valve seat.

VALVE SPRING

- 1. Measure:
 - Valve spring free length ① Out of specification \rightarrow Replace.



2. Measure:

• Valve spring installed force (2) Out of specification \rightarrow Replace.

1 Installed length

| Valve Spring Installed Force: | | |
|-------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|
| 1) | 2 | |
| 37.5 mm (1.48 in) | 14.2 ~ 16.4 kg (31.3 ~ 36.2 lb) | |



Ì

 $(\mathbf{1})$

1

(2)

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£

1.1.

3. Measure:

• Spring Tilt (a) Out of specification \rightarrow Replace.



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VALVE LIFTER

- 1. Inspect:
- Valve lifters
 - Scratches/Damage \rightarrow Replace both lifters and camshaft case.

CAMSHAFT, CAM CHAIN, AND CAM SPROCKET

Camshaft

- 1. Inspect:
 - Cam lobes
 Pitting/Scratches/Blue discoloration →
 Replace.
- 2. Measure:
 - •Cam lobes Use the Micrometer.

Out of specification \rightarrow Replace.

| 2ª | Cam Lobe ① (Limit) | Cam Lobe ② (Limit) |
|---------|-------------------------|--------------------------|
| Intake | 32.51 mm (1.2799 in) | 25.005 mm (0.9844 in) |
| Exhaust | 32.21 mm (1.2681 in) | 24.96 mm (0.9827 in) |

- 3. Measure:
 - Camshaft runout
 - Use the Micrometer.
 - Out of specification \rightarrow Replace.



Camshaft Runout Limit: 0.03 mm (0.0012 in)

Camshaft/Cap Clearance Measurement

- 1. Install:
 - Camshaft
- 2. Position:
 - Strip of $Plastigage^{(R)}$ ① Onto the camshaft.







- 3. Install:
 - Dowel pins
 - Camshaft caps
- 4. Tighten:
 - Camshaft cap bolts



NOTE: _

- Tighten the camshaft caps in a crisscross pattern from innermost to outer caps.
- Do not turn the camshaft when measuring clearance with the Plastigage[®].
- 5. Remove:
 - Camshaft caps





- 6. Measure:
 - Width of Plastigage[®] ①
 Out of specification → Follow step 7.



Camshaft-to-cap Clearance: 0.020 ~ 0.054 mm (0.0008 ~ 0.0021 in)

- 7. Measure:
 - Camshaft outside diameter ① Use a micrometer.

Out of specification \rightarrow Replace the camshaft.

Within specification \rightarrow Replace the camshaft case.



Cam Chain

Inspect:
 Cam chain
 Chain stretch/Cracks → Replace.

ENG







Cam Sprockets

- 1. Inspect:
 - •Cam sprockets Wear/Damage → Replace.

Cam Chain Guide

- 1. Inspect:
 - Cam chain guide (Upper) ①
 - Cam chain guide (Exhaust side) ②
 - Cam chain guide (Intake side) ③
 Wear → Replace.

Cam Chain Tensioner

- 1. Check:
 - •One-way cam ① operation
 - Unsmooth operation \rightarrow Replace.
- 2. Inspect:
 - •All parts

$Damage/Wear \rightarrow Replace.$

- 2 End plug
 - (5) Collar(6) Tensioner body
- ③ Washer④ Springs
- Tensioner rod
- CYLINDER AND PISTON
- 1. Inspect:
 - Cylinder and Piston walls
 Vertical scratches → Rebore or Replace
 cylinder and piston.
- 2. Measure:
 - Piston-to-cylinder clearance







Piston-to-cylinder clearance measurement steps:

First step:

 Measure the cylinder bore "C" with a Cylinder Bore Gauge.

NOTE:____

Measure the cylinder bore "C" in parallel to and at right angles to the crankshaft. Then, find the average of the measurements.

| 5 | Standard | Wear Limit | | |
|---|--|-------------------------|--|--|
| Cylinder bore "C" | 56.000 ~ 56.005 mm (2.2047 ~ 2.2049 in) | 56.05 mm (2.2067 in) | | |
| Taper "T" | _ | 0.05 mm (0.0019 in) | | |
| Out of round "R" | | | | |
| (Minim • If out of | num D_1 , D_3 or D_5) num D_2 , D_4 or D_6) specification, rebo and replace piston ar | re or replace | | |
| • Measure t a microme | he piston skirt diam eter.).2 in) from the piston b | | | |
| Piston Size P | | Size P | | |
| Standard 55.945 ~ 55.960 mm (2.2026 ~ 2.2031 in) | | | | |
| Standard | | | | |
| Standard Oversize 2 | | 2.2031 in) | | |

• Calculate the piston-to-cylinder clearance with following formula:

Piston-to-cylinder Clearance = Cylinder bore "C" – Piston skirt diameter "P"





cylinder, and replace piston and piston rings as a set.



Piston-to-cylinder Clearance: $0.04 \sim 0.06 \text{ mm}$ $(0.0016 \sim 0.0024 \text{ in})$ Limit: 0.15 mm (0.006 in)

PISTON RING AND PISTON PIN Piston Ring

1. Measure:

- Side clearance
 - Use the Feeler Gauge (1).

Out of specification \rightarrow Replace the piston and/or rings.

NOTE: ____

Decarbon the piston ring grooves and rings before measuring the side clearance.

| | Side Clearance: | |
|----------|---|-----------------------|
| 6 | Standard | Limit |
| Top ring | 0.03 ~ 0.07 mm (0.0012 ~ 0.0028 in) | 0.10 mm (0.004 in) |
| 2nd ring | $\begin{array}{c} 0.02 \sim 0.06 \text{ mm} \\ (0.0008 \sim 0.0024 \text{ in}) \end{array}$ | 0.10 mm (0.004 in) |



- Piston ring
 - Into cylinder.

NOTE:

Insert the ring into the cylinder, and push it approximately 20 mm (0.8 in) into the cylinder. Push the ring with the piston crown so that the ring will be at a right angle to the cylinder bore.

3. Measure:

 End gap Out of specification \rightarrow Replace.





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| K | End Gap (Installed): |
|------------------------|--|
| | Standard |
| Top ring | 0.15 ~ 0.30 mm (0.0059 ~ 0.0118 in) |
| 2nd ring | 0.15 ~ 0.30 mm (0.0059 ~ 0.0118 in) |
| Oil control (Rails) | 0.2 ~ 0.8 mm (0.0079 ~ 0.0315 in) |

Piston Ring Oversize

• Top and 2nd piston ring

Oversize top and middle ring size is stamped on the top of ring.

| Oversize 2 | 0.50 mm (0.0197 in) |
|------------|---------------------|
| | |

• Oil control ring Expander spacer of bottom ring (oil control ring) is color-coded to identify sizes.

| Size | Color |
|------------|-------|
| Oversize 2 | Red |

Piston Pin

- 1. Lubricate:
 - Piston pin (Lightly)



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- 2. Install:
 - Piston pin

Into the small end of connecting rod.

- 3. Check:
 - Free play

Free play \rightarrow Inspect the connecting rod for wear.

Wear \rightarrow Inspect the connecting rod and piston pin.

- 4. Position:
 - •Piston pin
 - Into the piston.











5. Check:

Free play
 When the pin is in place in the piston.
 Free play → Replace the piston pin and/or piston.



CRANKSHAFT AND CONNECTING ROD

Crankshaft

- 1. Measure:
 - Runout

Use the V-Blocks and Dial Gauge. Out of specification \rightarrow Replace.

Out of specification \rightarrow Replace.



Runout Limit: 0.03 mm (0.0012 in)

- 2. Inspect:
 - Crankshaft journal surfaces Wear/Scratches → Replace.

Main Journal Oil Clearance

- 1. Clean all parts.
- 2. Position:
 - Crankshaft journal surfaces
 Place on a bench in an upside down position.
- 3. Install:
 - Main journal bearings Into the upper crankcase.
 - Crankshaft
- 4. Attach:
 - Plastigage[®] ① Onto the crankshaft journal surface.





- 5. Install:
 - Bearings
 - Into the lower crankcase.
 - Crankcase (Lower)
- 6. Tighten:
 - •Bolts

▲ CAUTION:

Tighten to full torque in torque sequence cast on the crankcase.

ENG



Bolt ① ~ ⑫ : 24 Nm (2.4 m·kg, 17 ft·lb) Bolt ⑬ ~ ⑫ : 12 Nm (1.2 m·kg, 8.7 ft·lb)

- 7. Remove:
 - Bolts
 - Reverse assembly procedure.
 - Crankcase (Lower) Use care in removing.



- 8. Measure:
 - Plastigage width ①
 Out of specification → Replace the bearings; replace the crankshaft if necessary.



Main Journal Oil Clearance: 0.025 ~ 0.043 mm (0.0010 ~ 0.0017 in)

Connecting Rod Bearings

- 1. Inspect:
 - Connecting rod bearings Burns/Flaking/Roughness/Scratches → Replace.







Connecting Rod Oil Clearance

- 1. Clean all parts thoroughly.
- 2. Install:
 - Connecting rod bearings Into the connecting rod and cap.

ENG

- 3. Attach:
 - Plastigage[®] ①
 Onto the crank pin.



- 4. Install:
 - Connecting rod
 - Connecting rod cap

NOTE:__

- Be sure the "Y" marks ① on the connecting rods face toward left crankshaft end .
- Be sure the letters on both components align to form a perfect character.

5. Lubricate:

- Bolt threads (Connecting rod)
- Nut seats (Connecting rod)



6. Tighten:

• Nuts (Connecting rod cap)

NOTE:

Do not turn the connecting rod until the clearance measurement has been completed.

∆ CAUTION:

Tighten to full torque specification without pausing. Apply continuous torque between 1.2 and 2.3 m·kg. Once you reach 1.2 m·kg DO NOT STOP TIGHTENING until final torque is reached. If tightening is interrupted between 1.2 and 2.3 m·kg, loosen nut to less than 1.2 m·kg, and start again.

Nuts (Connecting Rod): 23 Nm (2.3 m·kg, 17 ft·lb)





- 7. Remove:
 - Connecting rod cap Use care in removing.
- 8. Measure:
 - Width of Plastigage[®] (1)

Out of specification \rightarrow Replace the bearings and/or replace the crankshaft if necessary.



 $\begin{array}{l} \mbox{Connecting Rod Oil Clearance:}\\ 0.043 \sim 0.0066 \mbox{ mm}\\ (0.0017 \sim 0.0026 \mbox{ in}) \end{array}$







Crankshaft Main Journal and Connecting Rod Bearing Selection

- Numbers used to indicate crankshaft journal sizes are stamped on the LH crankweb. The first six (6) are main journal bearing numbers, starting with the left journal. The four (4) connecting rod bearing numbers follow in the same sequence.
- The upper crankcase half is numbered J1, J2, J3, J4, J5 and J6 on the rear right bosse as shown.

• The numbers are stamped in ink on the rod cap (1).

| BEARING COLOR CODE | | |
|--------------------|--------|--|
| No. 1 | Blue | |
| No. 2 | Black | |
| No. 3 | Brown | |
| No. 4 | Green | |
| * No. 5 | Yellow | |

* No. 5 applies only to the main journal bearing selection.

bearings:

J6

J5

13





•If the crankcase J1 and crankshaft J1 sizes are No. 4 and No. 1, respectively, the bearing size No. is:

Bearing Size No. = Crankcase No. - Crankshaft No. = 4 - 1 = 3 (Brown)

| BEARING COLOR CODE | | |
|--------------------|--------|--|
| No. 1 | Blue | |
| No. 2 | Black | |
| No. 3 | Brown | |
| No. 4 | Green | |
| No. 5 | Yellow | |

Example 2: Selection of the connecting rod bearing:

• If the connecting rod P1 and crankshaft P1 sizes are No. 5 and No. 1, respectively, the bearing size No. is:

Bearing Size No. =

Connecting rod No. - Crankshaft No. =

5 - 1 = 4 (Green)

| BEARING COLOR CODE | | |
|--------------------|-------|--|
| No. 1 | Blue | |
| No. 2 | Black | |
| No. 3 | Brown | |
| No. 4 | Green | |

OIL PUMP

1. Measure:

• Tip clearance "A"

Between the inner rotor (1) and the outer rotor ② .

• Side clearance "B"

Between the outer rotor (2) and the pump housing (3).

Use the Filler Gauge and Straight Edge.

Out of specification \rightarrow Replace the oil pump assembly.







Tip Clearance "A" Limit: 0.2 mm (0.008 in) Side Clearance "B" Limit: 0.15 mm (0.006 in)

- 2. Lubricate:
 - Inner rotors
 - Outer rotors
 - Oil seal
 - Pump shaft



SAE 10W30 Motor Oil

3. Install:

Reverse removal procedure.

NOTE:_

Alighn the pins in the pump shaft and the groove on the inner rotors dualing assembly.

4. Check:

• Oil pump operation With a finger. Unsmooth operation \rightarrow Repeat step 2. or replace.



PRIMARY DRIVE

- 1. Inspect:
 - \bullet Primary drive gear (Crank shaft) 1
 - Primary driven gear 2

Wear/Damage \rightarrow Replace both gears. Excessive noises during operation → Replace both gears.

| Primary reduction ratio: | | | |
|--------------------------|--------|-------|--|
| No. of teeth | | Ratio | |
| Drive | Driven | Natio | |
| 41 | 89 | 2.170 | |













STARTER CLUTCH

- 1. Check:
 - Roller operation
 Push the roller to arrow direction.
 Unsmooth operation → Replace starter clutch.
- 2. Inspect:
 - \bullet Starter idle gear teeth (1)
 - Starter drive gear teeth ②
 Burrs/Chips/Roughness/Wear → Replace.

3. Inspect:
 Contacting surfaces
 Pitting/Wear/Damage → Replace.

4. Check:

Starter clutch operation

Clutch operation checking steps:

- Install the starter clutch gear to the starter clutch, and hold the starter clutch.
- When turning the starter clutch gear clockwise the starter clutch and the wheel gear should be engaged.
- If not, the starter clutch is faulty. Replace it.
- When turning the starter clutch gear counterclockwise, the starter clutch gear should turn freely.

If not, the starter clutch is faulty. Replace it.









CLUTCH

Clutch Housing

- 1. Inspect:
 - Dogs on the housing Cracks/Wear/Damage → Deburr or replace.
 - Clutch housing bearing
 Chafing/Wear/Damage → Replace.

NOTE:_

Wear on the friction plate dogs of the clutch housing will cause an erratic operation.

Clutch Boss

- 1. Inspect:
 - Clutch boss splines ①
 Scoring/Wear/Damage → Replace clutch boss assembly.

NOTE:

Scoring on the clutch plate splines will cause erratic operation.

Friction Plates

- 1. Inspect:
 - Friction plate
 Damage/Wear → Replace the friction plates as a set.
- 2. Measure:
 - Friction plate thickness Measure at all four points. Out of specification → Replace the friction plates as a set.



Wear Limit: 2,8 mm (0.11 in)



Clutch Plates

- 1. Measure:
 - Clutch plate warpage

Use the surface plate and Feeler Gauge (1) . Out of specification \rightarrow Replace.

Warp Limit: 0.1 mm (0.004 in)



- 2. Inspect:
 - Pressure plate
 Damage → Replace.

Push Rod

- 1. Inspect:
 - Push rod 1 ①
 - Boll 2
 - Push rod 2 ③
 - Wear/Cracks/Damage \rightarrow Replace.

Push Lever Assembly and Boll Screw Housing 1. Inspect:

• Push lever assembly Unsmooth \rightarrow Replace.

2. Measure:

Push rod runout
 Use the V-Blocks and Dial Gauge.
 Out of specification → Replace.



Clutch Spring

- 1. Measure:
 - Clutch spring free length
 Out of specification → Replace the springs as a set.



Clutch Spring Minimum Free Length: 29.0 mm (1.14 in)



302 005













TRANSMISSION

Shift Fork

- 1. Inspect:
 - \bullet Shift fork cam follower (1)
 - Shift fork pawl 2
 - Wear/Chafing/Bends/Damage \rightarrow Replace.
- 2. Check:
 - Shift fork movement
 - On its guide bar ③ .
 - Unsmooth operation \rightarrow Replace the fork and/guide bar.

Shift Cam

- 1. Inspect:
 - Shift cam grooves
 Wear/Damage/Scratches → Replace.
 - Shift cam segment
 Damage/Wear → Replace.
 - Shift cam bearing
 Pitting/Damage → Replace.

Main and Drive Axles

- 1. Measure:
 - Axle runout ①

Use the centering device and Dial Gauge (2). Out of specification \rightarrow Replace. Out of specification \rightarrow Replace.



Runout Limit: 0.08 mm (0.0031 in)

Gears

- 1. Inspect:
 - Gears

Damage/Wear \rightarrow Replace.

- 2. Check:
 - Gear movement
 - Unsmooth operation \rightarrow Replace.
- 3. Inspect:
 - Mating dogs

 $Cracks/Wear/Damage \rightarrow Replace.$

Shift Shaft Assembly

- 1. Inspect:
 - Shift shaft
 - Bends/Wear/Damage \rightarrow Replace.
 - Spring
 - Damage \rightarrow Replace.
INSPECTION AND REPAIR



T

Ċ)



- 1. Check:
 - Relief valve body (1)
 - •Cover ②
 - •Spring ③
 - •0-ring (4)

 $\mathsf{Damage}/\mathsf{Wear} \rightarrow \mathsf{Replace}.$

2. Check:
Oil pipe ①
Damage → Replace.
Comtamination → Wash and blow out the passage.

ENG



3. Check: Water pipe ① Water jacket joint ② O-rings ③ Damage → Replace.

CRANKCASE

- 1. Inspect:
 - Case halves
 - Bearing seat
 - Fitting
 - $\mathsf{Damage} \to \mathsf{Replace}$



BEARING AND OIL SEAL

- 1. Inspect:
 - Bearings

Clean and lubricate, then rotate inner race with finger.

Roughness \rightarrow Replace the bearing (see Removal).

- 2. Inspect:
 - Oil seals

Damage/Wear \rightarrow Replace the (see Removal).





YAMAHA EXHAUST VARIABLE VALVE

(For California Only)

 Inspect:
 Shaft arm Wear/Cracks/Damage → Replace.

2. Inspect:

●Bush ①

Wear \rightarrow Replace.





ENGINE ASSEMBLY AND ADJUSTMENT

ENG

INNER ROTOR (OIL PUMP)

- 1. Install:
 - Pump shaft ①
 - Pump cover ②
 - Washer ③
 - Inner rotor ④
 - •Pin (5)
 - Outer rotor (6)

NOTE: _

Insert the inner rotor (1) into the outer rotor (2). Then with the pump shaft dowel pin (3) in the inner rotor slit.

2. Install:Pump housing







CONNECTING ROD

- 1. Clean:
 - Crankshaft
 - Connecting rods
- 2. Install:
 - Connecting rod bearings Into the connecting rod and cap.
- 3. Lubricate:
 - Connecting rod bolt threads
 - Connecting rod nuts



Molybdenum Disulfide Oil

4. Apply engine oil to the crankshaft pins.

ENG

CRANKSHAFT

- Crankshaft
- 2 Oil seal
- 3 Main journal bearing
- (4) Connecting rod assembly
- 5 Connecting rod bolt
- 6 Connecting rod bearing
- ⑦Nut







5. Install:

- Connecting rods
- Connecting rod caps

NOTE:___

- The stamped "Y" mark on the connecting rods (1) should face towards the left side of the crankcase.
- Be sure the letter on both components align to form a perfect character.
 - 6. Install:
 - Connecting rod bolts
 - Align the bolt head and connecting rod cap.
 - 7. Tighten:
 - Connecting rod nuts

∆CAUTION:

Tighten to full torque specification without pausing. Apply continuous torque between 1.2 and 2.3 m·kg. Once you reach 1.2 m·kg. DO NOT STOP TIGHTENING until final torque is reached. If the tightening is interrupted between 1.2 and 2.3 m·kg, loosen the nut to less than 1.2 m·kg and start again.



23 Nm (2.3 m·kg, 17 ft·lb)



VALVE PAD AND VALVE

NOTE:

Deburr any deformed valve stem end. Use an oil stone to smooth the stem end.

(1)Deburr (2) Valve stem

- 1. Eliminate:
 - Carbon deposit From the combustion chamber. Use a rounded scraper.

NOTE: ____

Do not use a sharp instrument and avoid damaging or scratching:

- Spark plug threads
- Valve seat
- Cylinder head













- 2. Install:
 - \bullet Valve spring seat 1

ENG

 \bullet Oil seal (2)

- 3. Install:
 - Valve

NOTE: ___

Apply molybdenum disulfide oil.

- 4. Install:
 - Valve spring (1)

NOTE: _____

Install springs with wider-gapped coils facing upwards, as shown.

2 Larger pitch

3 Smaller pitch

- 5. Attach:
 - Valve spring compressor ①
 - Attachment (2)



- 6. Install:
 - \bullet Valve retainers (3)
- 7. Settle the valve retainer by lightly patting the valve seat with a piece of wood ① in between.

NOTE: _____

Do not hit so much as to damage the valve.



- 8. Install:
 - Valve pads (1)

NOTE:

Apply molybdnum disulfide oil.

9. Install: • Lifters ①

CRANKSHAFT

- 1. Install:
 - Oil baffle plate
 - Breather hose



- 2. Install:
 - Neutral switch assembly ①



- 3. Install:
 - Cam chain guide (Intake side) ①
 - •O-ring (2)





CRANKCASE

- 1 Crankcase assembly
- Oil level window
- ③ Crankcase ventilation hose
- 46 mm bolt
- 56 mm bolt
- 6 mm bolt
- 🕐 6 mm bolt
- $\overline{8}8$ mm bolt

9 8 mm bolt

- 0 8 mm bolt
- 4 5 6 7 8: 12 Nm (1.2 m⋅kg, 8.7 ft⋅lb) 9 11 : 24 Nm (2.4 m⋅kg, 17 ft⋅lb)



ENG

TRANSMISSION

- 1 Main axle
- (2) 5th pinion gear
- 3 Circlip
- $(\mathbf{4})$ 3rd pinion gear
- 5 6th pinion gear
- 6 2nd pinion gear
- Bearing
- 8 Circlip

- 9 Drive axle10 2nd wheel gear
- 106th wheel gear
- 0 3rd wheel gear
- 134th wheel gear
- 45th wheel gear
- 15 1st wheel gear
- 16 Washer







- 4. Install:
 - Main journal bearing (1)
 - To crankcase (Lower) ②

ENG

NOTE: _

Apply molybedenum disulfide oil.

- 5. Install:
 - Cam cahin ① Onto the crankshaft
 - Crankshaft assembly (2)

NOTE:

- The stepped crankshaft end ③ should face to the left.
- Pass the cam chain through the cam chain cavity. Be sure to attach a retaining wire ④ to the cam chain.



TRANSMISSION, SHIFTER AND SHIFT CAM

- 1. Install:
 - Shift cam assembly ①
 - Guide bar ②
 - Shift fork #1 ③
 - Shift fork #2 ④
 - Shift fork #3 (5)

NOTE:

All shift fork letters should face to the left side and be in sequence (1, 2, 3) beginning from the left.







- 2. Install:
 - Stopper plate (Shift cam) ①
 - $\bullet \, Stopper \, {\rm lever}$ (2)

Bolts (Stopper Plate): 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb) Use LOCTITE[®] Bolt (Stopper Lever): 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb) Use LOCTITE[®]

ENG

- 3. Install:
 - Circlip ① To crankcase (Lower)

NOTE:_

Be sure the circlips ① are inserted into the lower crankcase positioning grooves.

- 4. Install:
 - Main axle assembly (1)
 - Drive axle assembly (2)
 - Oil seal ③

NOTE:_

- Be sure the main axle bearing pin ④ should face to front and the drive axle bearing pins ⑤ should face to rear.
- Mesh the shift fork #1 with the 4th wheel gear
 1) and #2 with the 5th wheel gear (2) on the drive axle.
- Mesh the shift fork #2 with the 3rd pinion gear ③ on the main axle.
- Carefully guide the shift forks so that they mesh smoothly with transmission gears.



CRANKCASE ASSEMBLY

- 1. Apply:
- Quick Gasket[®]

To crankcase matching surfaces.

Quick Gasket[®] P/N ACC-11001-05-01











∆ CAUTION:

Before tightening the crankcase bolts, check the following points:

ENG

• Be sure the gear shifts correctly while handturning the shift cam.

2. Tighten:

- Lower crankcase bolt A
- Upper crankcase bolt B (Follow the proper tightening sequence.)



NOTE: ____

- Install the ground lead 36 on bolt No. 39 .
- Install the copper washer 37 on bolt No. 29 .

NOTE:

• Install the washer ③ on bolt No. ⑨ , ⑪ , ① , ① , ① .

3. Install:

• Oil seal stopper ① -

Bolts (Oil Seal Stopper): 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb)



STARTER MOTOR

- 1. Check:
 - O-ring (Starter motor) ①
 Damage → Replace.
- 2. Install:
 - Starter motor 2



ENG

OIL PAN AND OIL STRAINER

- 1. Install:
 - Oil strainer assembly



2. Install:

- Oil strainer cover ①
- Relief valve 2

NOTE:__

The element (window) must be installed vertically against housing arrow mark.

- 3. Install:
 - Dowel pins
 - Gasket (New)
 - •Oil pan 🕦
 - Oil level switch ②
 - Drain plug ③



Bolts (Oil Pan): 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb)

- 4. Install:
 - Oil filter
 - Oil filter cover ①

Bolt (Oil Filter Cover): 15 Nm (1.5 m·kg, 11 ft·lb)

Refer to the "ENGINE OIL FILTER RE-PLACEMENT" section in the CHAPTER 3.











OIL PUMP AND SHIFT SHAFT

- 1. Install:
 - Shift shaft

NOTE:__

Insert the stopper between spring ends.

ENG

- 2. Install:
 - Dowel pin ①
 - Gasket (New) 2

3. Install:

• Oil pump assembly ①

Oil Pump Mounting Bolts: 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb) Use LOCTITE[®]

NOTE:

Align the oil pump arrow mark (2) with crankcase arrow mark (3).

WATER PUMP

- 1. Install:
 - Water pump housing ①



Bolts (Water Pump Housing): 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb)

- 2. Install:
 - O-ring
 - \bullet Water pump cover ①



ENG



- 1 Magneto
- $(\widetilde{2})$ Stator coil assembly
- ③ Pickup coil





A.C. MAGNETO

- 1. Install:
 - Stator coil assembly ①
 - Pickup coil ②
 - Woodruff key ③



NOTE:

• Clean the tapered portions of the crankshaft and magneto.

ENG

•When installing the magneto, make sure the woodruff key is properly seated in the key way of the crankshaft.



- 2. Install:
 - Magneto (1)
 - Bolt (Magneto)
- 3. Attach:
 - Universal Rotor Holder ②

NOTE:

Hold the magneto to tighten the nut by the Universal Rotor Holder 2 .



Universal Rotor Holder: P/N YU-01235

- 4. Tighten:
 - Bolt (Magneto)



Bolt (Magneto): 80 Nm (8.0 m⋅kg, 58 ft⋅lb)

CLUTCH

- 1 Primary driven gear
- Thrust washer
- ③ Clutch boss
- 4 Friction plate
- (5) Clutch plate
- 6 Pressure plate
- (7) Clutch spring
- **8** Push rod #1
- (9) O-ring
 (10) Lock washer
 (11) Boll
 (12) Oil seal
 (13) Push rod # 2
 (14) Push lever assembly
 (15) Boll screw housing
 (16) Collar
- 17 Thrust washer 18 Spacer 19 Bearing

ENG





CLUTCH

- 1. Install:
 - Collar ①
 - Thrust washer ②
 - \bullet Clutch housing (3)
 - Bearing ④
 - Spacer (5)
 - Thrust washer 6
 - Clutch boss ⑦
 - Lock washer (New) (8)
 - Nut (Clutch boss) (9)

NOTE:

Install the bearing 4 and spacer 5 after installation of the clutch housing 3.

ENG



- 2. Tighten:
 - Nut (Clutch boss) ①
 - Use the Universal Clutch Holder ${f 2}$.

NOTE: ___

Hold the clutch boss to tighten the nut by Universal Clutch Holder 2 .



NOTE:_

Bend the lock washer tab along the nut flat.



3. Install:

- Push rod # 2 ①
- •Boll 2
- Push rod # 1 ③
- Friction plates
- Clutch plates





- 4. Install:
 - Pressure plate

NOTE: _____

Be sure the match mark (1) on the clutch boss is aligned with the match mark (2) on the pressure plate.

5. Install:

- Clutch springs ①
- Bolts (Clutch spring) ②

Bolts (Clutch Spring): 6 Nm (0.6 m·kg, 4.3 ft·lb)

- 6. Install:
 - Dowel pins
 - Gasket (Crankcase cover)
 - Crankcase cover (Right) ①



STARTER CLUTCH

- 1. Install:
 - Idle gear (1)
 - •Idle gear ②
 - $\bullet \, {\rm Starter} \, \, {\rm clutch} \, \, {\rm gear} \, \, (3)$
 - Woodruff key ④
- 2. Install:
 - Starter clutch ①
 - Washer
 - Bolt (Starter clutch)

Bol E

Bolt (Starter Clutch): 80 Nm (8.0 m⋅kg, 58 ft⋅lb)



STARTER CLUTCH

- 1 Starter drive gear
- 2 Idle gear
- 3 Idle gear
- 4 Shaft
- $\check{\mathbf{5}}$ Starter clutch assembly
- 6 Starter clutch gear
- 🖲 Woodruff key
- (8) Washer



ENG

PISTON AND CYLINDER

(1) Top ring

6 Piston pin7 Piston

- ② Oil ring (Lower)
 ③ Oil ring (Upper)
 ④ Second ring
 ⑤ Circlip
- (8) Dowel pin
 (9) Cylinder
 (10) O-ring
 (11) Gasket (Cylinder)
- Piston ring





- 3. Install:
 - Dowel pins
 - Gasket (Stater clutch cover) (New)
 - Stater clutch cover ①



Bolts (Stater Clutch Cover): 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb)

ENG







PISTON AND CYLINDER

- 1. Install:
 - Piston rings

NOTE:___

Be sure to install rings so that Manufacturer's marks or numbers are located on the top side of the rings. Oil the pistons and rings liberally.

- 2. Install:
 - Piston pins
 - Pistons
 - Circlips (Piston pin) ①

NOTE: ___

- Be sure the piston arrow mark ② face to exhaust side of the engine.
- Before installing the piston pin circlip, cover the crankcase with a clean rag to prevent the circlip from falling into the crankcase cavity.
- •Be sure the marked piston numbers (3) should be in sequence (1, 2, 3, 4) begining from the left.

WARNING:

Always use new circlips (Piston pin).









- 3. Install:
 - Gasket (Cylinder) ①
 - Dowel pins
- 4. Lubricate:
 - Pistons
 - Piston rings
 - Cylinder

NOTE: _

Apply a liberal coating of 4-stroke engine oil.

ENG

5. Position:

Offset the piston ring end gaps.

- Top ring end ①
- Oil ring end (Lower) ②
- Oil ring end (Upper) ③
- •2nd ring end ④
- 6. Install:
 - Cylinder

NOTE:

• Install pistons #2 and #3 first.

 Pass the cam chain and cam chain guide (E> haust side) through the cam chain cavity.

7. Install:

- O-ring
- Water pipe ①

Bolts (Water Pipe): 10 Nm (1.0 m⋅kg, 7.2 ft⋅lb)

- 8. Turn:
 - Crankshaft
 Counterclockwise.
- 9. Align:
 - "T" mark
 - Stationary pointer Refer to "ENGINE DISASSEMBLY -CYLINDER HEAD AND CAMSHAFT".

NOTE:__

When # 1 piston is at TDC.

CYLINDER HEAD AND CAMSHAFT

Cylinder Head

- (1) Washer
- $(\tilde{2})$ Rubber washer
- $\overline{(\mathbf{3})}$ Gasket (Cylinder head cover)
- (4) Spark plug
- 5 Nut
- $(\mathbf{\widetilde{6}})$ Washer

- Valve guide
- 8 Circlip
- (9) Gasket (Cylinder head)
- (1) Cylinder head cover
- (1) Cylinder head assembly



Camshaft

- () Camshaft (Intake)
- (2) Cam chain sprocket
- ③ Valve lifter
- (4) Valve pad

ŧ

- 5 Valve retainer
- 6 Spring seat
- 7 Valve spring

- (8) Spring seat
- 9 Oil seal
- 10 Intake valve
- 🗓 Exhaust valve
- (1) Cam chain tensioner
- (13) Gasket (Cam chain tensioner)
- (1) Cam chain guide (Intake side)
- (15) Camshaft (Exhaust)
- (16) Chain guide (Upper)
- 🕦 Cam chain
- (18) Cam chain guide (Exhaust side)

ENG

(19) Match mark





CYLINDER HEAD AND CAMSHAFT

- 1. Install:
 - Gasket (Cylinder head) (New) ①
 - Dowel pins (2)

NOTE:___

The gasket "HEAD" mark should face upward.

ENG

NOTE:__

- Select either of the two procedures explained in this manual, as follows:
- Procedure 1. The cam chain is disconnected → Connect.
- Procedure 2. The camshafts are removed \rightarrow Install.



Procedure 1

- 1. Install:
 - Camshafts, and cylinder head assembly

NOTE: ____

- •Be sure the camshaft timing marks ① align with the camshaft cap marks ②.
- Be sure the "T" mark on the magneto align the stationary pointer when #1 piston is at TDC.



- 2. Tighten:
 - Nuts (Cylinder head)
 - Use the Hexagon Wrench 6 mm (0.24 in) 1 .

NOTE:

Tighten the nuts in their proper tightening sequence and torque nuts in two stages.



Nuts (Cylinder Head): 25 Nm (2.5 m·kg, 18 ft·lb)



- 4. Connect:
 - Cam chain With the chain joint (New). Use the Cam Chain Cutter 1 .



NOTE:___

Keep the cam chain as tense as possible on the exhaust side.

ENG

5. Go to "CAM CHAIN TENSIONER".

Procedure 2.

- 1. Install:
 - Camshaft case and cylinder head assembly
- 2. Tighten:
 - Nuts (Cylinder head)

Use the Hexagon Wrench 6 mm (0.24 in).

NOTE:

Tighten the nuts in their proper tightening sequence and torque nuts in two stages.



Nuts (Cylinder Head): 25 Nm (2.5 m·kg, 18 ft·lb)

- 3. Install:
 - Camshafts

Camshaft installation steps:

- Turn the crankshaft counterclockwise.
- Align the "T" mark ① on the magneto with the crankcase end ② when #1 piston is at TDC.

∆ CAUTION:

Do not turn the crankshaft during the camshafts installation. Damage or improper valve timing will result.



• Lubricate the camshaft bearing surfaces, cam lobes and cam journals.

Molybdeum Disulfide Oil

- Install the exhaust camshaft ① first, then install the intake camshaft ②.
- Be sure the timing marks (3) on the camshaft face upward.
- Keep the cam chain as tense as possible on the exhaust side.
- ullet Remove the retaining wire ullet .

▲ CAUTION:

Do not turn the camshaft separately or damage to the piston and valve will result.

- Install the dowel pins.
- Install the camshaft caps.
- Align the camshaft timing marks (3) with the camshaft cap marks (5).

NOTE:___

- The numbers are punched on the camshaft caps in increments from right to left.
- Do not install the bolts at * marked place in this stage.
- Tighten the bolts (Camshaft caps).

NOTE:_

Tighten the camshaft caps in a crisscross pattern from innermost to outer caps.

∆CAUTION:

The cam caps must be tightened evenly or damage to the cylinder head, camshaft caps and cam will result.



Bolts (Camshaft Cap): 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb)

- 4. Install:
 - Cam chain guide (Exhaust side) ①
 - Cam chain guide (Upper) ②



CAM CHAIN TENSIONER

- 1. Position:
 - Cam chain
 - Exhaust side \rightarrow Tense.
 - Intake side \rightarrow Slack.
- 2. Install:
 - Cam chain tensioner

Cam chain tensioner installation steps:

- Remove the tensioner end cap bolt and spring.
- Release the cam chain tensioner one-way cam (1) and push the tension rod (2).
- Install the tensioner with a new gasket into the cylinder.

Bolts (Cam Chain Tensioner): 10 Nm (1.0 m⋅kg, 7.2 ft⋅lb)

Install the collar ③, springs ④, washer ⑤
 and end cap bolt ⑥.



End Cap Bolt (Cam Chain Tensioner): 20 Nm (2.0 m·kg, 14 ft·lb)

- 3. Turn:
 - Crankshaft
 - Counterclockwise for a several turns.
- 4. Inspect:
 - Camshaft timing marks ① Align with the camshaft cap marks ② .
 - Crankshaft "T" mark ③
 Align with the crankcase end ④.
 Out of alignment → Adjust.
 Refer to "CAMSHAFT INSTALLATION STEPS".
- 5. Install:
 - Gasket (Cylinder head cover)
 - Cylinder head cover



















- 6. Install:
 - Washers (New)
 - Oil delivery pipe ①
 - Union bolts ②



- 7. Install:
 - Dowel pins
 - Generator cover ①



REMOUNTING ENGINE

When remounting the engine, reverse the removal procedure. Note the following points.

- 1. Install:
 - Engine assembly
 - Bolt (Engine mount Rear Lower) ①
 - Bolt (Engine mount Rear Upper) ②



③Collars

- 2. Install:
 - Down tube frames (Left and right) ①
 - Bolt (Engine Mount) (2)

Bolts (Down Tube Frame – Lower): 33 Nm (3.3 m·kg, 24 ft·lb) Bolts (Down Tube Frame – Upper): 60 Nm (6.0 m·kg, 43 ft·lb) Use LOCTITE® Bolt (Engine Mount): 55 Nm (5.5 m·kg, 40 ft·lb)





- 3. Install:
 - •Starter lever 🕦
 - ●Cover ②



- 4. Install:
 - Drive chain (1)
 - Drive sprocket (2)
 - Lock washer (New) ③
 - Nut (Drive sprocket) ④



NOTE: _

Adjust the drive chain slack if necessary.

- 5. Install:
 - Cover (Crankcase Left)
 - •Shift arm



- 6. Install:
 - Muffler assembly
- 7. Tighten:
 - Flange nuts (Exhaust pipe)



- 8. Tighten:
 - Bolt (Muffler bracket) ①
 - Bolt (Muffler stay) (For California only
 2

Bolt (Muffler Bracket): 20 Nm (2.0 m·kg, 14 ft·lb) Bolt (Muffler Stay – For California only): 20 Nm (2.0 m·kg, 14 ft·lb)

YAMAHA EXHAUST VARIABLE VALVE (For California Only)

- ① Exhaust pipe assembly
- (2) Gasket (Exhaust pipe)
- 3 Bush
- (4) Oil seal
- 5 Gasket
- 6 Shaft arm
- ⑦ Housing

- 8 Bracket9 Cables
- (9) Cables
- 10 Washer
- 1 Pulley 2 Valve cover
- 13 Gasket (Muffler)
- Muffler assembly





0.00

9. Install (For California only):

ENG

- ●Shaft arm
- •Gasket 🕦
- Housing ②

- 10. Install (For California only):
 - Washer
 - Bracket



- 11. Install (For California only):
 - Pulley (1)
 - Cables (2)
 - Clips ③

12. Adjust (For California only):

• Cable Refer to the "EXUP CABLE ADJUST-MENT" section in the CHAPTER 3.

13. Adjust:

• Throttle cable



Refer to the "THROTTLE CABLE FREE PLAY ADJUSTMENT" section in the CHAPTER 3.



- 14. Adjust:
 - Clutch cable



Clutch Cable Free Play: 2 \sim 3 mm (0.08 \sim 0.12 in)

Refer to the "CLUTCH ADJUSTME section in the CHAPTER 3.

15. Fill:

Coolant



Total Amount: 1.0 L (0.9 Imp qt, 1.1 US qt)

Refer to the "COOLANT REPLACEME section in the CHAPTER 3.

16. Fill:

• Engine oil



Total Amount: 0.8 L (0.7 Imp qt, 0.84 US qt)

Refer to the "ENGINE OIL REPL MENT" section in the CHAPTER 3.

RADIATOR COOL

COOLING SYSTEM

RADIATOR

- (1) Radiator assembly
- (2) Fan motor assembly
- $(\underline{\tilde{3}})$ Radiator cap assembly
- (4) Radiator cap
- 5 Radiator cover

- (6) Hose (Radiator Outlet)
 (7) Outlet pipe
 (8) O-ring
 (9) Hose (Radiator Inlet)
- RADIATOR CAP OPENING PRESSURE: $74 \sim 103 \text{ kPa}$ А $(0.75 \sim 1.05 \text{ kg/cm}^2, 10.7 \sim 14.9 \text{ psi})$ 10 Nm (1.0 m • kg, 7.2 ft • lb) COOLANT CAPACITY: 19 L (1.7 Imp qt, 2.0 US qt) В в Including all routes Ŵ 10 Nm (1.0 m · kg, 7.2 ft · lb) q Com 0 2 5 De Come CHE O 7 Nm (0.7 m · kg, 5.1 ft · lb) 00 8 C USE NEW ONE 000 10 Nm (1.0 m · kg, 7.2 ft · lb) 7 Nm (0.7 m · kg, 5.1 ft · lb)



REMOVAL

- 1. Remove:
 - Lower cowlings (Left and Right)
 - Side cowlings (Left and Right) Refer to the "COWLING REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION – REMOVAL" sectio in the CHAPTER 3.
- 2. Drain:
 - Cooling system Refer to the "COOLANT REPLACEMENT section in the CHAPTER 3.
- 3. Remove:
 - Muffler assembly

NOTE:_

Thoroughly flush the cooling system with cleat tap water.

∆CAUTION:

Take care so that coolant does not splash to painted surfaces. If splashes, wash it awa with water.

▲ WARNING:

Do not remove the radiator cap, drain bol and hoses especially when the engine ar radiator are hot. Scalding hot fluid and stea may be blown out under pressure, which cou cause serious injury. When the engine has coole place a thick rag like a towel over the radiat cap, slowly rotate the cap counterclockwi to the detent. This procedure allows any residu pressure to escape. When the hissing sound h stopped, press down on the cap while turni counterclockwise and remove it.



- 4. Disconnect:
 - Hose (Radiator Inlet) ①
 - Hose (Radiator Outlet) 2


- 5. Remove:
 - Radiator assembly ①
 - Cowling stay (2)





INSPECTION

- 1. Inspect:
 - Dedictor
 - Radiator core
 Obstruction → Blow out with compressed air through rear of the radiator.
 Flattened fin → Repair/replace.
 - 2. Inspect:
 - Hose (Radiator Inlet) Cracks/Damage → Replace.
 - Hose (Radiator Outlet)
 Cracks/Damage → Replace.
 - Outlet pipe
 - Cracks/Damage \rightarrow Replace.
 - 3. Measure:
 - Radiator cap opening pressure Radiator cap opens at pressure below the specified pressure → Replace.

Radiator Cap Opening Pressure: 74 ~ 103 kPa (0.75 ~ 1.05 kg/cm² , 10.7 ~ 14.9 psi)

- 6. Remove:
 - Fan motor assembly



Measurement steps:

• Attach the Cooling System Tester (1) and Adapter (2) to the radiator cap (3).

Cooling System Tester: YU-24460-01 Adapter: YU-33984

 Apply the specified pressure for 10 seconds, and make sure there is no pressure drop.

INSTALLATION

Reverse the "REMOVAL" procedure. Note the following points.

- 1. Install:
 - Fan motor assembly



- 2. Install:
 - Radiator



3. Fill:

• Cooling system Refer to the "COOLANT REPLAC MENT" section in the CHAPTER 3.

- 4. Inspect:
 - Cooling system
 Decrease of pressure (leaks) → Repair
 required.



Inspection steps:

• Attach the Cooling System Tester ① to the radiator.



Cooling System Tester: YU-24460-01

- Apply 100 kPa (1.0 kg/cm², 14 psi) pressure .
- Measure the indicated pressure with the gauge.

WATER PUMP AND THERMOSTATIC VALVE COOL

WATER PUMP AND THERMOSTATIC VALVE

- (1) Hose 3
- $\widetilde{(2)}$ Thermostatic cover
- (3) Thermostatic
- (4) Thermostatic housing
- 5 Hose 1
- (6) Hose 2

- Pipe 2
 Pipe 1
- (9) Water jacket joint
- (1) O-ring
- (1) O-ring
- (12) Water pipe

(i) O-ring
(i) Water pump cover
(i) O-ring
(i) Water pump housing
(i) O-ring



WATER PUMP AND THERMOSTATIC VALVE COOL

REMOVAL

- 1. Remove:
 - Lower cowlings (Left and right)
 - Center cowlings (Left and right)
 - Seat
 - Top cover

Refer to the "COWLING REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION – REMOVAL" section in the CHAPTER 3.

2. Drain:

• Cooling system Refer to the "COOLANT REPLACEMENT" section in the CHAPTER 3.

- 3. Remove:
 - Fuel tank Refer to the "CARBURETOR – RE-MOVAL" section in the CHAPTER 6.



- 4. Disconnect:
 - ullet Crankcase ventilation hose 1
 - Air vent hose (2)
- 5. Remove:
 - Air filter case (3)
- 6. Disconnect:
 - Hose 1 🕦
 - Hose 2 ②
 - Hose 3 ③

WATER PUMP AND THERMOSTATIC VALVE



- 7. Disconnect:
 - ullet Thermo unit lead (1)
 - Thermo switch lead $\widehat{2}$

8. Remove:Thermostatic housing

9. Remove:

- ullet Thermostatic cover (1)
- ullet Thermostatic (2)

- 10. Remove:
 - Shift arm
 - Crankcase cover (Left)

11. Remove: • Water pipe ①

WATER PUMP AND THERMOSTATIC VALVE COOL

- 12. Remove:
 - Water pipe ①
 - Water pump cover 2



13. Remove:Water pump housing ①

20-ring

INSPECTION

- 1. Inspect:
 - Thermostatic value Value does not open at 80 \sim 84°C (176 \sim 183°F) \rightarrow Replace.



Inspection steps:

- Suspend thermostatic valve ① in a vessel ② .
- ullet Place reliable thermometer in a water (3).
- Head water slowly.
- Observe thermometer ④ , while stirring water continually.

NOTE:

Thermostatic valve is sealed and its setting is specialized work. If its accuracy is in doubt, always replace it. A faulty unit could cause serious overheating or overcooling.

WATER PUMP AND THERMOSTATIC VALVE COOL



- 2. Inspect:
 - Impeller Cracks/Wear/Damage → Replace.

INSTALLATION

Reverse the "REMOVAL" procedure. Note the following points.

- 1. Install:
 - Water pump cover
 - Pipe
 - Crankcase cover (Left)
 - Shift arm
 - Thermostatic cover



▲ CAUTION:

Always use new O-ring.

- 2. Fill:
 - Cooling system Refer to the "COOLANT REPLACEMENT" section in the CHAPTER 3.
- 3. Inspect:
 - Cooling system
 Decrease of pressure (Leaks) → Repair as required.

CARBURETOR CARB

CARBURETOR

CARBURETOR

- (1) Upper bracket
- 2 Throttle stop screw
- 3 Fuel overflow hose
- Lower bracket
- Syncronizing screw
- 6 Float
- 7 Float pin
- (8) Float chamber
- (9) Needle jet
- (1) Fuel drain screw

| n | Valve | seat | assembly |
|--------|-------|------|-----------|
| - U 1/ | vaive | scut | ussennery |

- 0 Pilot jet
- Main jet
- (14) Starter plunger assembly
- (5) Pilot screw
- (6) Piston valve assembly
- (1) Jet needle set
- (18) Starter lever shaft
- (19) O-ring

| SPECIFICATIONS | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|
| ID Mark MAIN JET MAIN AIR JET PILOT JET PILOT AIR JET JET NEEDLE PILOT SCREW THROTTLE VALVE | 3BF-00 (Except for California), 3FH-00 (For California) #87.5 #60 #15 #130 5CFZ2 3½ #130 | | | |
| ENGINE IDLE SPEED FUEL LEVEL | 1,250 ~ 1,350 r/min 4.5 ~ 6.5 mm (0.18 ~ 0.26 ir | | | |



SECTION VIEW

- (1) Starter air bleed (2) Starter air bleed pipe (3) Air vent (4) Air inlet (5) Mixture outlet 6 Starter plunger 7 Starter jet No 1 (8) Starter jet No. 2 (9) Pilot air jet 2
 - 10 Main air jet (i)Pilot air jet 1 12 Fuel inlet (13) Float needle valve (22) Main bleed pipe (14) Valve seat 15Pilot jet 16 Float (1)Throttle valve (18) Bypass hole
- (19)Pilot outlet 20 Pilot screw (21) Main jet (23) Needle jet 24 Jet needle (25) Spring clip (26) Piston valve

∆ CAUTION:

The pilot screw settings are adjusted for maximum performance at the factory. Any attempt to change these settings w Il decrease engine performance.

CARB



CARBURETOR CARB

REMOVAL

- 1. Remove:
 - Seat
 - Top cover
 - Refer to the "COWLING REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION – REMOVAL" section in the CHAPTER 3.
- 2. Turn the fuel cock to "OFF" position.
- 3. Remove:
 - Fuel cock lever (1)

ŧ







- 4. Disconnect:
- Fuel hose ①
- 5. Remove:
 - Fuel pump ②

▲ WARNING:

Gasoline is highly flammable. Avoid spilling fuel on the hot engine.

> ****** *********

- 6. Remove:
 - Fuel tank bracket ①

7. Remove: • Fuel tank ①

CARB



- 8. Disconnect:
 - ullet Crankcase ventilation hose igl(1)
 - Air vent hose ②
- 9. Remove:
 - Air filter case ③
- 10. Loosen:
 - Screw (Starter cable clamp)
- 11. Disconnect:
 - Starter cable ①

12. Disconnect: • Fuel hose ①

13. Loosen:
Screws (Carburetor joint clamp - U
①

- 14. Remove:
 - Carburetor assembly
- 15. Disconnect:
 - Throttle cable 1 (1)
 - Throttle cable 2 $\overline{\hat{2}}$



NOTE: ____

The following parts can be cleaned and inspected without carburetor separation.

CARB

- Throttle valve
- Piston valve
- Starter plunger
- Float chamber components
- 1. Remove:
 - Bracket (Upper) ①
 - Bracket (Lower) 2
 - Starter lever shaft ③





- 2. Remove: • Nut ①
 - •Spring ②
 - •Starter plunger ③





- 3. Remove:
 - Vacuum chamber cover ①
 - Spring (2)
 - Piston valve assembly ③

4. Remove:

- Plug (Jet needle) 1
- Spring 2
- Washer ③
- Jet needle ④

CARB

- 5. Remove:
 - Pilot screw



- 6. Remove:
 - Float chamber cover
 - Gasket
 - •Float pin ①
 - •Float 2
 - •Valve seat screw ③
 - •Valve seat assembly ④
 - 7. Remove:
 - Main jet 🛈
 - Holder (Main jet) 2
 - Washer ③
 - Pilot jet ④
 - Needle jet (5)
 - Pilot air jet ⑥

INSPECTION

- 1. Inspect:
 - Carburetor body
 - Float chamber
 - Fuel passage
 - Contamination \rightarrow Clean as indicated.

Carburetor cleaning steps:

- Wash carburetor in petroleum based solv (Do not use any caustic carburetor clear solution.)
- •Blow out all passages and jets with a pressed air.

2. Inspect:

- Floats
 - Damage→Replace.

- 3. Inspect:
 - •Float needle valve ①
 - Valve seat (2)
 - •O-ring ③

Damage/Wear/Contamination \rightarrow Replace as a set.

CARB

- 4. Inspect:
 - Throttle valve
 - Scratches→Replace.
 - Rubber diaphragm
 - Tears→Replace.
- 5. Inspect:
 - Needle jet ①
 - Main jet ②
 - Holder ③
 - Pilot jet ④
 - Pilot adjust screw (5)
 - Pilot air jet (6)

Bends/Wear/Damage \rightarrow Replace. Contamination \rightarrow Blow out jets with a compressed air.



 Free movement Insert the throttle valve into the carburetor body, and check for free movement. Stick→Replace.











CARB CARBURETOR

ASSEMBLY

To assemble the carburetor, reverse the disassembly procedures. Note the following points.

∆CAUTION:

- Before reassembling, wash all parts in clean gasoline.
- Always use a new gasket.
 - 1. Install:
 - Piton valve assembly

NOTE: -

Note position of tab 1 on diaphragm. This tab must be placed in the cavity of the carbureton body during reassembly.



- Float chamber cover
- Vacuum chamber cover



- 3. Connect:
 - Throttle shaft

∆ CAUTION:

Throttle valves must be fully closed.

4. Install:

Starter lever shaft

Screw (Starter Lever Shaft): 3 Nm (0.3 m•kg, 2.2 ft•lb) Apply LOCTITE®.











- 5. Installer:
 - •Upper bracket ①
 - Lower bracket ②



CARB

INSTALLATION Reverse the "REMOVAL" procedure. Note the following points.





1. Install: • Fuel tank ①



2. Install:Fuel tank bracket (1)



Bolts (Fuel Tank Bracket): 10 Nm (1.0 m · kg, 7.2 ft · lb)

- 3. Install:
 - Fuel pump ()



ADJUSTMENT

CARBURETOR

NOTE: ----

Before adjusting the fuel level, the float heig should be adjusted.

∆ CAUTION:

The pilot screw settings are adjusted f maximum performance at the factory. A attempt to change these settings w decrease engine performance.

Fuel Level Adjustment

- 1. Measure:
 - Fuel level (a)
 Out of specification → Adjust it by the follo ing adjustment steps.



Fuel Level (a) : 4.5 \sim 6.5 mm (0.18 \sim 0.26 in) Below the float chamber line.

Fuel level measurement steps:

- Place the motorcycle on the level place.
- Connect the Fuel Level Gauge (YM-013 to the carburetor ①.
- Place the Gauge vertically next to the fl chamber line ②.
- ullet Loosen the drain screw (3) .
- Warm up the engine, then shut it off aft few minutes.
- Measure the fuel level. It should be with the specified range.

NOTE: _

Fuel level readings of both side of carbur line should be equal.







- 2. Adjust:
 - •Fuel level

Fuel level adjustment steps:

- •Remove the carburetor assembly. Refer to "REMOVAL" section.
- •Remove the float, valve seat and the needle valve.
- •Inspect the valve seat and the needle valve. If either is worn, replace as a set.
- •If both are fine, adjust the float height by bending the float tang ①.
- •Recheck the fuel level.

FRONT WHEEL CHAS

FRONT WHEEL

- (1) Gear unit assembly (5) Bearing
- Oil seat
- 3 Meter clutch
- (4) Clutch retainer
- 6 Spacer 7 Collar
- (8) Wheel axle

CHASSIS

| TIRE AIR PRESSURE (COLD): | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|---|---|--|--|
| Cold tire pressure | Front | Rear | | |
| Up to 90 kg (198 lb) load* | 200 kPa (2.0 kg/cm ² , 28 psi) | 230 kPa (2.3 kg/cm ² , 32 psi) | | |
| 90 kg (198 lb) \sim Maximum load * | 200 kPa (2.0 kg/cm ² , 28 psi) | 250 kPa (2.5 kg/cm ² , 36 psi) | | |
| High speed riding | 200 kPa (2.0 kg/cm ² , 28 psi) | 250 kPa (2.5 kg/cm ² , 36 psi) | | |

* Load is the total weight of cargo, rider, passenger, and accessories.









REMOVAL

1. Place the motorcycle on a level place.

▲ WARNING:

Securely support the motorcycle so there is no danger of it falling over.

- 2. Remove:
 - Speedometer cable ①
- 3. Remove:
 - Brake calipers (Right/Left)
- 4. Loosen:
 - \bullet Pinch bolt (Front axle) (1)
 - Axle (Front) ②
- 5. Elevate the front wheel by placing a suitable stand under the engine.
- 6. Remove:
 - Axle ①
 - Wheel (Front)
 - Speedometer gear unit

NOTE: ____

Do not squeeze the brake lever while the wheel is off the motorcycle.

INSPECTION

- 1. Inspect:
 - Tire

Tire tread shows crosswise lines (minimum tread depth)/Cracks \rightarrow Repalce.



Minimum Tire Tread Depth: 1.0 mm (0.04 in)

(1) Tread depth (2) Side wall (3) Wear indicator

- 2. Inspect:
 - Front axle
 Bends → Replace.
 Roll the axle on a flat surface.

▲ WARNING:

Do not attempt to straighten a dent axle.

FRONT WHEEL CHAS

- 3. Inspect:
 - Wheel

 $Cracks/Bends/Warpage \rightarrow Replace.$

- 4. Measure:
 - Wheel runout
 - Over specified limit \rightarrow Repalce.



Rim Runout Limits: Radial ①: 2.0 mm (0.08 in) Lateral ②: 2.0 mm (0.08 in)

A WARNING:

- After mounting a tire, ride conservatively to allow proper tire to rim seating. Failure to do so may cause an accident resulting in motorcycle damage and possible operator injury.
- After a tire repair or replacement, be sure to torque tighten the valve stem locknut ① to specification.







- 5. Inspect:
 - Wheel bearings
 Bearings allow play in the wheel hub or wheel turns roughly → Repalce.

Wheel bearing replacement steps:

- Clean the outside of the wheel hub.
- Remove the bearing using a general bearing puller ①.
- Install the new bearing by reversing the previous steps.

FRONT WHEEL





NOTE: -

Use a socket ② that matches the outside diameter of the race of the bearing.

CHAS of To

▲ CAUTION:

Do not strike the center race or balls of the bearing. Contact should be made only with the outer race.

- 6. Inspect:
 - Brake disc
 Wear/Over specified limit → Replace.



Maximum Deflection: (Front and Rear): 0.5 mm (0.02 in) Minimum Disc Thickness Front: 3.5 mm (0.14 in)

INSTALLATION

When installing the front wheel, reverse t removal procedure. Note the following points.

- 1. Lublicate:
 - Bearings
 - Oil seals



2. Install:

Speedometer gear unit

NOTE: __

Be sure that the two projections inside wheel hub mesh with the two slots in the gunit assembly.



FRONT WHEEL



3. Install:

Front wheel

NOTE: ____

Be sure that the projecting portion (torque stopper) ① of the gear unit housing is positioned correctly.

CHAS 650

4. Tighten:

- Front axle
- Pinch bolt (Front axle)
- Brake calipers (Right/Left)
- Speedometer cable



WARNING:

Make sure that the brake hoses are routed properly.

Brake hose
 Brake hose holder

STATIC WHEEL BALANCE ADJUSTMENT

NOTE:____

- After replacing the tire and/or rim, wheel balancer should be adjusted.
- Adjust the wheel balance with brake disk installed.

1. Remove:

Balancing weight

FRONT WHEEL











- 2. Set the wheel on a suitable stand.
- 3. Find:
 - Heavy spot

Procedure:

- a. Spin the wheel and wait for it to rest.
- b. Put an "X₁" mark on the wheel bottom spot.

CHAS

- c. Turn the wheel so that the " X_1 " mark is 90° up.
- d. Let the wheel fall and wait for it to rest. Put an $"X_2"$ mark on the wheel bottom spot.
- e. Repeat the above b., c., and d. several times until these marks come to the same spot.
- f. This spot is the heavy spot "X".
- 4. Adjust:
 - •Wheel balance

Adjusting steps:

•Install a balancing weight ① on the spoke exactly opposite to the heavy spot "X".

NOTE: _

Start with the smallest weight.

- •Turn the wheel so that the heavy spot is 90° up.
- Check that the heavy spot is at rest there. If not, try another weight until the wheel is balanced.

5. Check:

•Wheel balance

Checking steps:

- Turn the wheel so that it comes to each point as shown.
- Check that the wheel is at rest at each point. If not, readjust the wheel balance.

REAR WHEEL CHAS

REAR WHEEL

- 1 Collar
- 2 Oil seal
- 3 Bearing
- (4) Spacer
- (5) Clutch hub
- (6) Collar
- $(\overline{7})$ Cotter pin
- 8 Tension bar
- (9) Brake hose holder



REMOVAL

1. Place the motorcycle on a level place.

WARNING:

Securely support the motorcycle so there is no danger of it falling over.

- 2. Elevate the rear wheel by placing a suitable stand under the swing arm.
- 3. Remove:
 - Brake caliper

NOTE: _

Do not depress the brake pedal while the calipe is off the disc.

- 4. Loosen:
 - Lock nut ①
 - Adjuster ②
- 5. Remove:
 - Cotter pin
 - Axle nut
 - Axle ③
 - Rear wheel

INSPECTION

- 1. Inspect:
 - Tire
 - Rear axle
 - Wheel
 - Wheel bearings
 - Brake disc

Refer to the "FRONT WHEEL – INSPECTION".

- 2. Measure:
 - Wheel runout

Refer to the "FRONT WHEEL – INSPECTION".



REAR WHEEL CHAS

INSTALLATION

When installing the rear wheel, reverse the removal procedure. Note the following points.

- 1. Lubricate:
 - Bearings
 - Oil seals
 - Spacer
 - Collar



- 2. Adjust:
 - Drive chain slack



Refer to the "DRIVE CHAIN ADJUST-MENT" section in the CHAPTER 3.

- 3. Tighten:
 - Nut (Rear axle)
 - Brake caliper



NOTE: _

Do not loosen the axle nut after torque tightening.

STATIC WHEEL BALANCE ADJUSTMENT

NOTE:

- After replacing the tire and/or rim, wheel balance should be adjusted.
- Adjust the wheel balance with brake disc and wheel hub installed.
 - 1. Adjust:
 - Wheel balance Refer to the "FRONT WHEEL – STATIC WHEEL BALANCE ADJUSTMENT" section in the CHAPTER 7.

FRONT AND REAR BRAKE

- Master cylinder cap
- 2 Rubber seal
- (3) Master cylinder kit
- (4) Master cylinder
- (5) Brake hose
- 👸 Union bolt
- (7) Copper washer
- (8) Joint

Brake caliper
 D
 C
 Pad spring

(1) Piston

(12) Piston seal

(13) Dust seal

(14) Brake pad (15) Brake disc D The arrow mark (a) on the pad spring must pointing the disc rotating direction.

CHAS 50



CHAS 650

(1) Union bolt (1) Reservoir tank cap (2) Bush (1) Copper washer (3) Diaphragm (12) Brake caliper (4) Reservoir tank (13) Piston (5) Reservoir hose (14) Piston seal (6) Master cylinder (15) Dust seal (7) Master cylinder kit (16) Brake pad (8) Brake hose (17) Pad spring (18) Brake disc







A CAUTION:

Disc brake components rarely require disassembly. Do not disassemble components unless absolutely necessary. If any hydraulic connection in the system is opened, the entire system should be disassembled, drained, cleaned and then properly filled and bled upon reassembly. Do not use solvents on brake internal components.

Solvents will cause seals to swell and distort. Use only clean brake fluid for cleaning. Use care with brake fluid. Brake fluid is injurious to eyes and will damage painted surfaces and plastic parts.

BRAKE PAD REPLACEMENT

NOTE:___

It is not necessary to disassemble the brake caliper and brake hose to replace the brake pads.



Front Brake

Remove:
 Cover ①

- 2. Remove:
 - Retaining clips ①
 - Retaining pins ②
 - Pad spring ③

CHAS 🖅 o

FRONT AND REAR BRAKE







- 3. Remove:
 - •Brake pads ①

NOTE:___

- Replace the pad spring if the pad replacement is required.
- Replace the pads as a set if either is found to be worn to the wear limit.
- Replace the pad shim if the pad replacement is required for the rear brake.

NOTE:___

Replace the pads as a set if either is found to be worn to the wear limit (\underline{a}) .

Wear Limit: 0.5 mm (0.02 in)

- Connect a suitable hose ① tightly to the caliper bleed screw. Then, place other end of this hose into an open container.
- Loosen the caliper bleed screw and push the piston into the caliper by your finger.
- 6. Tighten:
 - ·Caliper bleed screw



Caliper Bleed Screw: 6 Nm (0.6 m · kg, 4.3 ft · lb)



- 7. Install:
 - Brake pad (New)
 ①
 - Pad spring (New)
 ②
 - Retaining pins ③
 - Retaining clips



- 8. Inspect:
 - Brake fluid level Refer to the "BRAKE FLUID INSPEC-TION" section in the CHAPTER 3.
- 1) "LOWER" level line
 - 9, Check:
 - Brake lever operation
 - A softy or spongy filling → Bleed brake system.
 - Refer to the "AIR BLEEDING" section in the CHAPTER 3.







Rear Brake

- 1. Remove:
 - Bolts (Brake caliper)

- 2. Remove:
 - Retaining bolts ①
 - Brake pads ②
 - Pad spring

NOTE: ____

Replace the pads as a set if either is found to be worn to the wear limit (a).



0.5 mm (0.02 in)





- Connect a suitable hose ① tightly to the caliper bleed screw. Then, place other end of this hose into an open container.
- Loosen the caliper bleed screw and push the pistons into the caliper by your finger.
- 6. Tighten:
 - Caliper bleed screw

Caliper Bleed Screw: 6 Nm (0.6 m · kg, 4.3 ft · lb)



- 7. Install:
 - Brake pad (New) ①
 - Pad spring (New) 2
- 8. Install:
 - Retaining bolt ③



- 9. Inspect:
 - Brake fluid level Refer to the "BRAKE FLUID INSPEC-TION" section in the CHAPTER 3.
- () "LOWER" level line
- 10. Check:
 - Brake pedal operation
 - A softy or spongy filling \rightarrow Bleed brake system,

Refer to the "AIR BLEEDING" section in the CHAPTER 3.



CALIPER DISASSEMBLY

NOTE: ____

Before disassembling the front brake caliper or rear brake caliper, drain the brake system of its brake fluid.

Front Brake

- 1. Remove:
 - Cover
 - Retaining clips
 - Retaining pins
 - Pad spring
 - Refer to the "BRAKE PAD REPLACE-MENT" section.
- 2. Remove:
 - Brake hose ① Place the open hose end into a container and pump the old fluid out carefully.
- 3. Remove:
 - Caliper body
- 4. Remove:
 - Pistons ①
 - Dust seals (2)
 - \bullet Piston seals (3)





FRONT AND REAR BRAKE CHAS



Remove steps:

• Blow compressed air into the tube joint opening to force out the piston from the caliper body.

∆ WARNING:

- Never try to pry out the piston.
- Cover the piston with a rag. Use care so that piston does not cause injury as it is expelled from the cylinder.



Rear Brake

- 1. Remove:
 - Brake hose 1
 Place the open hose end into a container and pump the old fluid out carefully.
- 2. Remove:
 - Retaining bolts (2)
 - Brake pads ③
 - Pad spring
 - Refer to the "BRAKE PAD REPLACE-MENT" section.



- 3. Remove:
 - Piston ①
 - Piston seal (2)
 - \bullet Dust seal (3)
CHAS 🖅 🕫





Removal steps:

• Blow compressed air into the tube joint opening to force out the piston from the caliper body.

A WARNING:

- Never try to pry out the piston.
- Cover the piston with a rag. Use care so that piston does not cause injury as it is expelled from the cylinder.

MASTER CYLINDER DISASSEMBLY

NOTE:

Before disassembling the front or rear brake master cylinders, drain the brake system of the brake fluid.



Front Brake

- 1. Remove:
 - \bullet Brake lever (1)
 - Brake switch ②

- 2. Remove:
 - \bullet Union bolt (1)
 - Copper washer (2)
 - Brake hose ③

FRONT AND REAR BRAKE CHAS



(7)

8

•Screw (Master cylinder cap) 1

ര്

- ullet Master cylinder cap (2)
- Rubber seal ③
- Union bolt ④
- $\bullet \, \text{Copper}$ washer (5)
- Bolt (Master cylinder bracket) ⑥
- \bullet Master cylinder bracket 7
- Master cylinder
- Dust boot (9)
- Circlip 🕕
- ullet Master cylinder kit ${f I}$

Rear Brake 1. Remove:

- Cotter pin (1)
- Plain washer 2
- Shaft ③
- Union bolt ④
- Copper washer (5)
- Bolt (Master cylinder) 6
- Master cylinder 1
- Adjusting rod (8)
- Master cylinder kit (9)

INSPECTION AND REPAIR

- 1. Inspect:
 - Caliper piston
 - Rust/Wear \rightarrow Replace.
 - Caliper cylinder body
 Wear/Scratches → Replace.





 $(\mathbf{1})$

(2)

(10)

(1)

3



- 2. Measure:
 - Brake pad thickness (a)
 Out of specification → Replace.



Pad Wear Limit: 0.5 mm (0.02 in)

NOTE:

Replace the pads as a set if either is found to be worn to the wear limit.

- 3. Inspect:
 - Brake hose Cracks/Damage → Replace.



4. Inspect:

 Master cylinder body Scratches/Wear → Replace.

NOTE:_

Clean all passages with new brake fluid.



B

5. Inspect:

Master cylinder kit ①
 Scratches/Wear → Replace.

A Front brakeB Rear brake



ASSEMBLY

▲ WARNING:

- All internal parts should be cleaned in new brake fluid only.
- Internal parts should be lubricated with brake fluid when installed.



DOT # 4 If DOT # 4 is not available, # 3 can be used.

Replace the piston seals whenever a caliper is disassembled.



Front Brake

- 1. Install:
 - Piston seals ①
 - Dust seals (2)
 - Pistons ③
- 2. Install:
 - Brake pad
 - Pad spring
 - Retaining bolt
 - Retaining crip Refer to the "BRAKE PAD REPLACE-MENT" section.



- 3. Install:
 - Brake caliper ①

Bolts (Brake Caliper): 35 Nm (3.5 m · kg, 25 ft · lb)











- 4. Install:
 - Master cylinder kit (1)
 - Circlip (2)
 - Dust boot ③

- 5. Install:
 - Master cylinder

NOTE:___

Tighten first the upper bolt, then the lower bolt.

CHAS 650



Bolts (Master Cylinder Bracket): 9 Nm (0.9 m · kg, 6.5 ft · lb)

- 6. Install:
 - ullet Brake hose 1
 - Copper washers ②
 - Union bolts ③



Union Bolts: 26 Nm (2.6 m · kg, 19 ft · lb)

- A Master cylinder
- B Brake caliper

∆ CAUTION:

When installing the brake hose to the caliper, lightly touch the brake pipe (1) with the projection (2) on the caliper.

WARNING:

Always use new copper washers.

- 7. Install:
 - Brake switch ①
 - Brake lever 2
 - Spring ③

NOTE: __

Apply lithium soap base grease to pivot shaft of brake lever.

- CHAS 🔊
- 8. Fill:
 - Brake fluid



∆ CAUTION:

Brake fluid may erode painted surfaces or plastic parts. Always clean up spilled fluid immediately.

▲ WARNING:

- Use only the designated quality brake fluid. otherwise, the rubber seals may deteriorate, causing leakage and poor brake performance.
- Refill with the same type of brake fluid; mixing fluids may result in a harmful chemical reaction and lead to poor performance.
- Be careful that water does not enter the master cylinder when refilling. Water will significantly lower the boiling point of the fluid and may result in vapor lock.



- 9. Install:
 - Rubber seal ①
 - Master cylinder cap (2)



Screws (Master Cylinder Cap): 2 Nm (0.2 m · kg, 1.4 ft · lb)

- 10. Air bleed:
 - Brake system Refer to the "AIR BLEEDING" section in the CHAPTER 3.









- 11. Inspect:
 - Brake fluid level
 - Fluid level is under "LOWER" level line $(1) \rightarrow$ Replenish.
 - Refer to the "BRAKE FLUID INSPEC-TION" section in the CHAPTER 3.

Rear Brake

- 1. Install:
 - Piston seal ①
 - Dust seal (2)
 - Piston ③
- 2. Install:
 - Brake caliper

Bolts (Brake Caliper): 35 Nm (3.5 m · kg, 25 ft · lb)

- 3. Install:
 - Brake pad
 - Pad spring
 - Retaining bolt Refer to the "BRAKE PAD REPLACE-MENT" section.









- 4. Install:
 - \bullet Master cylinder kit ()
 - Adjusting rod ②
 - Master cylinder ③
 - Bolt (Master Cylinder) ④
 - Shaft (5)
 - Plain washer (6)
 - Cotter pin ⑦

Bolt (Master Cylinder): 20 Nm (2.0 m · kg, 14 ft · lb)

CHAS of

▲ WARNING:

Always use new cotter pin.

- 5. Install:
 - Reservoir tank

- 6. Install:
 - Master cylinder assembly ①



Bolts (Master Cylinder Assembly): 35 Nm (3.5 m·kg, 25 ft·lb)

- 7. Install:
 - Pin ①
 - Plain washer
 - Cotter pin (2)

▲ WARNING:

Always use new cotter pin.



- 8. Install:
 - Brake hose
 - Copper washers
 - Union bolts





- A Master cylinder
- B Brake caliper

△ CAUTION:

When installing the brake hose , lightly touch the brake pipe \bigcirc with the projections \bigcirc on the caliper and master cylinder.

▲ WARNING:

Always use new copper washers.

- 9. Fill:
 - Brake fluid



Recommended Brake Fluid : DOT #4 If DOT #4 is not available, DOT #3 can be used.

∆ CAUTION:

Brake fluid may erode painted surfaces or plastic parts. Always clean up spilled fluid immediately.



△ WARNING:

- Use only the designated quality brake fluid: otherwise, the rubber seals may deteriorate, causing leakage and poor brake performance.
- Refill with the same type of brake fluid; mixing fluids may result in a harmful chemical reaction and lead to poor performance.
- Be careful that water does not enter the master cylinder when refilling. Water will significantly lower the boiling point of the fluid and may result in vapor lock.





- 10. Install:
 - Diaphragm ①
 - Bush 2
 - Reservoir tank cap ③
- 11. Air bleed:
 - Brake system Refer to the "AIR BLEEDING" section in the CHAPTER 3.
- 12. Inspect:
 - Brake fluid level Fluid level is under "LOWER" level line (1)
 - → Replenish.
 - Refer to the "BRAKE FLUID INSPEC-TION" section in the CHAPTER 3.

FRONT FORK CHAS

FRONT FORK

- (1) Cap bolt
- (2) O-ring
- (3) Collar
- (4) Spring seat
- 5 Fork spring
- (1) Dust seal
- $(\bar{\mathbf{6}})$ Rebound spring
- (1) Retaining clip (12) Oil seal

(7) Damper rod

(9) Inner tube

(8) Oil lock piece

- (13) Seal spacer (1) Guide bushing (1) Outer tube
- (16) Gasket
- (1) Drain screw
- (18) Gasket



REMOVAL

△ WARNING:

Securely support the motorcycle so there is no danger of it falling over.

- 1. Elevate the front wheel by placing a suitable stand under the engine.
- 2. Remove:
 - Front wheel Refer to the "FRONT WHEEL – REMO-VAL" section.





- 3. Remove:
 - Front brake caliper
 - $\bullet\, {\rm Front}\, {\rm fender}\,\, \textcircled{1}$
 - Bolts (Brake hose clamp) 2

- 4. Loosen:
 - Bolts (Handlebar bosses) ①
- 5. Remove:
 - Handlebar (Right) ②
 - Handlebar bosses (Left and right) ③ with handlebar (Left) ④
- 6. Loosen:
 - Cap bolts ①

FRONT FORK CHAS



- 7. Loosen:
 - Pinch bolt (Handlebar crown) ①
 - Pinch bolt (Steering stem) ②

∆ WARNING:

Support the fork before loosening the pinch bolts.

- 8. Remove:
 - Front fork

DISASSEMBLY

- 1. Remove:
 - Cap bolt ①
 - •Collar (2)
 - Spring seat ③
 - Fork spring ④ Drain the fork oil
- 2. Remove:
 - $\bullet\, {\rm Dust} \,\, {\rm seal} \,\, (1)$
 - Retaining clip (2)

Use a thin flat screwdriver, and be careful not to scratch the inner fork tube.

- 3. Remove:
 - Bolt (Damper rod)
 - Use the Damper Rod Holder ① and T-Handle ② to lock the damper rod.



Damper Rod Holder: P/N YM-01300-1 T-Handle: P/N YM-01326

FRONT FORK

CHAS 6

- 4. Remove:
 - Damper rod ①
 Rebound spring ②



- 5. Remove:
 - Inner tube

Inner tube removal steps:

- Hold fork leg horizontally.
- Clamp the caliper mounting boss of the outer tube securely in a vise with soft jaws.
- Pull out the inner tube from the outer tube by forcefully, but carefully, with drawing the inner tube.

NOTE: _

- Excessive force will damage the oil seal and/or the bushes. Damaged oil seal and bushing must be replaced.
- Avoid bottoming the inner tube in the outer tube during the above procedure, as the oil lock piece will be damaged.
- 6. Remove:
 - Oil seal ①
 - Seal spacer (2)
 - Guide bushing ③
 - Oil lock piece ④

INSPECTION

- 1. Inspect:
 - Inner tube
 Constance / Panda > Panlar
 - Scratches/Bends \rightarrow Replace.

▲ WARNING:

Do not attempt to straighten a bent inner fork tube as this may dangerously weaken the tube.









2. Inspect:

• Outer tube Scratches/Bends/Damage \rightarrow Replace.

3. Measure: • Fork spring Over specified limit \rightarrow Replace.



- 4. Inspect:
 - Damper rod ①
 - Ring ②
 - Wear/Damage \rightarrow Replace.

Contamination → Blow out all oil passages with compressed air.

- Oil lock piece
- O-ring (Cap bolt)
- Damage \rightarrow Replace.

ASSEMBLY

Before assembling, clean and inspect all parts and replace when necessary.

NOTE:

In front fork assembly, be sure to use following new parts. Do not reuse them.

- Slide bushing
- Guide bushing
- Oil seal
- Dust seal
- 1. Install:
 - Rebound spring (1)
 - Damper rod 2 Allow the rod to slide slowly down the tube until the it protrudes from the bottom.
 - Oil lock piece (3) Fit oil lock piece over damper rod sticking out of the inner tube.
 - Inner tube ④ Into the outer tube.



CHAS of FRONT FORK



- 2. Tighten:
 - Bolt (Damper rod) Use the Damper Rod Holder (1) and T-Handle (2) to lock the damper rod.



P/N YM-01300-1 P/N YM-01326







- 3. Install:
 - Guide bushing ① (New) Into the outer tube 6.
 - Seal spacer ② On the top of guide bushing 1 .
 - Oil seal ③ Use the Fork Seal Driver Weight ④ and Adopter (5).



Fork Seal Driver Weight: P/N YM-33963 Fork Seal Driver Adapter: P/N YM-01372

- Retaining clip
- Dust seal

4. Fill:

• Front fork

FRONT FORK





- Each Fork: 444 cm³ (15.6 lmp oz, 15.0 US oz) Fork Oil 10WT or equivalent After filling, slowly pump the fork up and down to distribute oil.
 Oil Level (a) : 92 mm (3.62 in) From the top of inner fork tube fully compressed without spring.
- 1 Inner tube
- Fork oil
- 5. Install:
 - Fork spring
 - With the smaller pitch side up.
 - Spring seat
 - Collar
 - Cap bolt

Temporarily tighten the cap bolt.



Cap Bolt: 23 Nm (2.3 m·kg, 17 ft·lb)

INSTALLATION Reverse the removal procedure. Note the following point.



- 1. Install:
 - Front fork Temporary tighten the pinch bolts.

NOTE:

Hold the inner tube with its top 44 mm (1.7 in) above the top of the handlebar crown.

FRONT FORK



- 2. Tighten:
 - \bullet Pinch bolt (Handlebar crown) (1)

CHAS of To

• Pinch bolt (Steering stem) (2)

Pinch Bolt (Handlebar Crown): 26 Nm (2.6 m·kg, 19 ft·lb) Pinch Bolt (Steering Stem): 22 Nm (2.2 m·kg, 16 ft·lb)

- 3. Install:
 - Handlebar boss

NOTE:

Insert the pin on the spacer into the corresponding hole on the handlebar.



- 4. Install:
 - Front fender



Bolt (Front Fender): 7 Nm (0.7 m·kg, 5.1 ft·lb)

- 5. Install:
 - Front wheel

Refer to the "FRONT WHEEL – IN-STALLATION" section.



∆ WARNING:

Make sure that the brake hoses are routed properly.

STEERING HEAD AND HANDLEBAR CHAS

STEERING HEAD AND HANDLEBAR

Handlebar

- ① Throttle guide tube
- (2) Handlebar (Right)
- (3) Handlebar boss (Right)
- (4) Handlebar boss (Left)
- (5) Handlebar (Left)
- 6 Grip rubber
- Handlebar grip end

- 8 Locknut
- 9 Adjuster
- (1) Clutch cable
- 1 Throttle cable 1
- 12 Throttle cable 2
- (13) Starter cable
- () Starter lever assembly



Steering Head

- ① Steering stem nut
- 2 Handle crown
- 3 Lock washer
- Ring nut (Upper)
- (5) Washer
- 6 Ring nut (Lower)
- ⑦ Bearing cover
- (8) Bearing (Upper)(9) Bearing (Lower)
- 10 Steering stem



STEERING HEAD AND HANDLEBAR CHAS

REMOVAL

▲ WARNING:

Securely support the motorcycle so there is no danger of it falling over.

- 1. Elevate the front wheel by placing a suitable stand under the engine.
- 2. Remove:
 - Front wheel Refer to the "FRONT WHEEL – RE-MOVAL" section.

3. Remove:

- Bracket (Master cylinder)

- 4. Remove:
 - Handlebar grip end (Right) ①

- 5. Remove:
 - Handlebar switch (Right)

STEERING HEAD AND HANDLEBAR







- 6. Remove:
 - Throttle cable ①
 - Handlebar grip (Right) ②

CHAS 650

- 7. Remove:
 - Handlebar switch (Left) (1)

- 8. Remove:
 - \bullet Handlebar grip end (Left) (1)
 - Handlebar grip (Left) ②
 - $\bullet \, {\rm Clutch}$ lever holder (3)

- 9. Remove:
 - Handlebar (Right)
 - Handlebar bosses (Left and right) ① with handlebar (Left).
- 10. Loosen:
 - Pinch bolt (Handlebar crown) ②
- 11. Remove:
 - Lower cowlings (Left and right)
 - Center cowlings (Left and right) Refer to the "COWLING REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION – REMOVAL" section in the CHAPTER 3.
- 12. Remove:
 - Front forks (Left and right) Refer to the "FRONT FORK – RE-MOVAL" section.

STEERING HEAD AND HANDLEBAR





- 13. Remove:
 - Horn ①
 - Joint (Brake hose) ②

- 14. Remove:
 - Handlebar crown

- 15. Remove:
 - Lock washer ①
 - Ring nut (Upper) ② Use Ring Nut Wrench



Ring Nut Wrench: P/N YU-33975

- 16. Remove:
 - \bullet Washer (1)
 - Ring nut (Lower) 2
 - \bullet Bearing cover 3

A WARNING:

Support the steering shaft so that it may not fall down.

- 17. Remove:
 - Steering stem ①
 - Bearing (Upper) 2
 - Bearing (Lower)

STEERING HEAD AND HANDLEBAR CHAS

INSPECTION

- 1. Wash the bearing in a solvent.
- 2. Inspect:
 - Bearings
 - Bearing race
 - Pitting/Damage \rightarrow Replace.





Bearing race remplacement steps:

- Remove the bearing races using long rod ① and the hammer as shown.
- Remove the bearing race on the steering stem using the floor chisel ② and the hammer as shown.
- Install the new dust seal and races.

NOTE:

Always replace bearings and races as a set.

- 3. Inspect:
 - Handlebars Bents/Damage \rightarrow Replace.





- 4. Inspect:
 - Handlebar bosses
 Cracks/Damage → Replace.

STEERING HEAD AND HANDLEBAR

INSTALLATION

Reverse the removal procedure.

CHAS 000

Note the following points.

- 1. Lubricate:
 - Bearings (Upper/Lower)
 - Bearing races



2. Install:

- Bearing (Lower) ① Onto the steering stem.
- Steering stem 2

▲ CAUTION:

Hold the steering stem until it is secured.

- Bearing (Upper) ③
- Bearing cover ④
- Ring nut (Lower) (5)
- 3. Tighten:
 - Ring nuts (Lower/Upper)

Ring nuts tightening steps:

NOTE: _

Set the Torque Wrench to the Ring Nut Wrench so that they form a right angle.

• Install the ring nut (Lower) ⑤.

NOTE: _

The tapered side of ring nut must face downward.

• Tighten the ring nut (5) using the Ring Nut Wrench.



Ring Nut Wrench: P/N YU-33975

Ring Nut (5) (Initial Tightening): 52 Nm (5.2 m·kg, 37 ft·lb)

• LOOSEN THE RING NUT (5) COMPLETE-LY and retighten it to specification.

▲ WARNING:

Do not over-tightening.



Ring Nut (5) (Final Tightening): 3 Nm (0.3 m · kg, 2.2 ft · lb)





STEERING HEAD AND HANDLEBAR



• Check the steering stem by turning it lock to lock. If there is any binding, remove the steering stem assembly and inspect the steering bearings ①, ③.

CHAS 050

- ullet Install the washer ullet .
- Install the ring nut (Upper) 1 .

NOTE: _

The tapered side of ring nut must face downward.

- FINGER TIGHTEN THE RING NUT ⑦, then align the slots of both ring nuts. If not aligned, hold the lower ring nut ⑤ and tighten the other until they are aligned.
- Install the lock washer (8).

NOTE: _

Make sure the lock washer tab is placed in the slots.

• Install the handle crown (9), and tighten the steering stem nut (10) to specification.



Nut (Steering Stem): 110 Nm (11.0 m · kg, 80 ft · lb)

- 4. install:
 - Brake hose joint



Brake (Brake Hose Joint): 10 Nm (1.0 m · kg, 7.2 ft · lb)

5. Install:

 Front fork (Left and right) Refer to the "FRONT FORK – INSTALL-TION" section.

Pinch Bolt (Handlebar Crown): 26 Nm (2.6 m·kg, 19 ft·lb) Pinch Bolt (Steering Stem): 22 Nm (2.2 m·kg, 16 ft·lb)

STEERING HEAD AND HANDLEBAR CHAS











- 8. Install:
 - Handlebar bosses

NOTE:_

Insert the pin on the handlebar bosses into the corresponding hole on the handlebar crown.

9. Install:

Handlebars



10. Install:

- Clutch lever holder (1)
- Handlebar switch (Left) (2)
- Handlebar grip (Left) ③
- Handlebar grip end (Left) 4

Handlebar (Left) installation steps:

• Install the lever holder with the punched mark ① on the handlebar aligning with the slit in the lever holder ②.



Bolt (Lever Holder): 10 Nm (1.0 m · kg, 7.2 ft · lb)

- Install the handlebar switch (Left)
- Apply align coat of an adhesive for rubber to the handlebar end, as shown.

(a) 20 mm (0.8 in)

• Fit the handlebar grip fully over the handlebar end.

⚠ WARNING:

Leave the handlebar intact until the adhesive becomes dry enough to make the grip and handlebar stuck securely.

CHAS of To

• Install the handlebar grip end (Left).

Handlebar Grip End: 25 Nm (2.5 m·kg, 18 ft·lb)

- 11. Install:
 - Handlebar grip (Right)
 - Throttle cable
 - Handlebar switch (Right)

NOTE:

Before installing the handlebar grip (Right), apply a light coat of lithium soap base grease onto the handlebar end.

- 12. Install:
 - Front brake master cylinder

NOTE:_

Install the master cylinder with the punched mark (1) on the handlebar aligning with the master cylinder end (2).



Bolts (Master Cylinder Bracket): 9 Nm (0.9 m · kg, 6.5 ft · lb)

- 13. Install:
 - Handlebar grip end (Right) ①

△ WARNING:

Provide a clearance of 1 mm (0.04 in) between the handlebar grip 2 and the handlebar grip end 1. Otherwise, the grip may not move.



Handlebar Grip End: 25 Nm (2.5 m·kg, 18 ft·lb)





STEERING HEAD AND HANDLEBAR

CHAS of to

- 14. Install:
 - Front fender



15. Install:

- Front wheel
 - Refer to the "FRONT WHEEL INSTA-LLATION" section.



16. Install:

Clutch cable

NOTE:

Apply a light coat of lithium soap base grease onto the clutch cable end.

17. Adjust

• Clutch cable free play Refer to the "CLUTCH ADJUSTMENT" section in the CHAPTER 3.



Free Play:

 $2 \sim 3 \text{ mm}$ (0.08 \sim 0.12 in) At The Lever Pivot.



- **Rear Shock Absorber**
- 1) Shock absorber
- 2 Collar
- (3) Washer
- Č Collar
- **(5)** Oil seal**(6)** Bearing





Swingarm

1 Swingarm

- 2 Bearing
- (3) Thrust washer
- (4) Thrust cover
- (5) Bush
- 6 Pivot shaft
- ⑦ Guard seal
 ⑧ Arm (Left)
 ⑨ Arm (Right)
- (1) Oil seal
- (1) Collar
- (12) Relay arm

NOTE:

Coat the bearings, bushings, thrust covers, oil seals, and collars with a liberal amount of light weight lithium-soap base grease before installing. After installing, thoroughly wipe off excess grease.





HANDLING NOTES

A WARNING:

This shock absorber contains highly compressed nitrogen gas. Read and understand the following information before handling the shock absorber. The manufacturer cannot be held responsible for property damage or personal injury that may result from improper handling.

- 1. Do not tamper or attempt to open the cylinder assembly.
- 2. Do not subject shock absorber to an open flame or other high heat. This may cause the unit to explode due to excessive gas pressure.
- 3. Do not deform or damage the cylinder in any way. Cylinder damage will result in poor damping performance.



DISPOSAL NOTES

Shock absorber disposal steps:

Gas pressure must be released before disposing the shock absorber. To do so, drill (1) a $2 \sim 3 \text{ mm}$ (0.08 $\sim 0.12 \text{ in}$) hole through the cylinder wall at a point 25 $\sim 30 \text{ mm}$ (1.0 $\sim 1.2 \text{ in}$) under the spring seat.

∆CAUTION:

Wear eye protection to prevent eye damage from escaping gas and/or metal chips.

REMOVAL

Rear Shock Absorber

1. Place the motorcycle on a level place.

WARNING:

Securely support the motorcycle so there is no danger of it falling over.



- 2. Remove:
 - Lower cowlings (Left and right) Refer to the "COWLING REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION - REMOVAL" section in the CHAPTER 3.





- 3. Remove:
 - Bolt (Arms Bottom)

- 4. Remove:
 - Bolt (Swingarm) (1)
 - Bolt (Rear shock absorber Bottom) (2)
 - Relay arm ③

- 5. Remove:
 - $\bullet\, {\rm Bolt}$ (Rear shock absorber $-\, {\rm Top})$ ()
 - Rear shock absorber ②

Swingarm

A WARNING:

Securely support the motorcycle so there is no danger of it falling down.



- 1. Remove:
 - Rear wheel Refer to the "REAR WHEEL – RE-MOVAL" section.
 - Rear shock absorber
- 2. Remove:
 - Chain case



- 3. Check:
 - Swingarm (Side play) ①
 Side play → Replace the bearings and collar.
 Move the swingarm from side to side.
 There should be no noticeable side play.



- 4. Check:
 - Swingarm (Vertical movement) ② Tightness/Binding/Rough spots → Replace the bearings.
 Move the swingarm up and down.



- 5. Remove:
 - Nut (Pivot shaft) ①
 - Swingarm









- 2. Inspect:
 - Bushings
 - Bearing
 - Dust seals
 - Wear/Damage \rightarrow Replace.

CHAS of To

Swingarm

- 1. Wash the bearings in a solvent.
- 2. Inspect:
 - Bearings (Race/Rollers) ① Pitting/Damage → Replace.
 - Trust washers ②
 - Trust covers ③
 Damage → Replace.
 - Collar ④
 - Pivot shaft
 - Damage \rightarrow Replace.
- 3. Inspect:
 - $\bullet \operatorname{Arm}$ (Left) 1
 - Arm (Right) ②
 - Relay arm ③
 Damage → Replace.
 - Bearings
 - Pitting/Damge \rightarrow Replace.
 - Oil seals
 - Collars Damage \rightarrow Replace.
INSTALLATION

Reverse the removal procedure. Note the following points.

- 1. Lubricate:
 - Bearings
 - Oil seals
 - Collars



Swingarm

- 1. Install:
 - Guard seal ①
 - Tension bar (2)



Screw (Guard Seal): 8 Nm (0.8 m ⋅ kg, 5.8 ft ⋅ lb) Bolt (Tension Bar): 15 Nm (1.5 m ⋅ kg, 11 ft ⋅ lb)

CHAS of the

- 2. Install:
 - Arms (Left and right) \bigcirc

Bolt (Arm): 40 Nm (4.0 m·kg, 29 ft·lb)

- 3. Install:
 - Swing arm (1)

Pivot Shaft (Swingarm): 90 Nm (9.0 m · kg, 65 ft · lb)

Rear Shock Absorber

- 1. Install:
 - Rear shock absorber ①

Rear Shock Absorber: Upper: 40 Nm (4.0 m⋅kg, 29 ft・lb)









REAR SHOCK ABSORBER AND SWINGARM







2. Install:

• Relay arm 🕦



Rear Arm – Frame: 40 Nm (4.0 m·kg, 29 ft·lb) Relay Arm – Rear Shock Absorber: 40 Nm (4.0 m·kg, 29 ft·lb)

CHAS

d S

- 3. Install:
 - Arms (Left and right) ①



Relay Arm – Arms: 40 Nm (4.0 m · kg, 29 ft · lb)

- 4. Install:
 - Rear wheel Refer to the "REAR WHEEL – INSTAL-LATION" section.



Nut (Rear Axle): 107 Nm (10.7 m · kg, 77 ft · lb) Bolts (Brake Caliper): 35 Nm (3.5 m · kg, 25 ft · lb)

- 5. Adjust:
 - Drive chain slack Refer to the "DRIVE CHAIN SLACK ADJUSTMENT" section in the CHAPTER 3.

Drive Chain Slack: $10 \sim 20 \text{ mm} (0.4 \sim 0.8 \text{ in})$ DRIVE CHAIN AND SPROCKET



DRIVE CHAIN AND SPROCKET

REMOVAL

1. Place the motorcycle verticaly on a level place.

▲ WARNING:

Securely support the motorcycle so there is no danger of it falling over.

- 2. Remove:
 - Shift arm
 - Crankcase cover (Left)
 - Nut (Drive sprocket)
 - Lock washer
 - Drive sprocket Refer to the "ENGINE – REMOVAL" section in the CHAPTER 4.
- 3. Remove:
 - Rear wheel
 - Swingarm
 - Drive chain
 - Refer to the "REAR WHEEL RE-MOVAL" and REAR SHOCK ABSORBER AND SWINGARM – REMOVAL".
- 4. Remove:
 - Driven sprocket

INSPECTION AND CLEANING

- 1. Measure:
 - Drive chain wear ① Length of 10 links.

Over specified limit \rightarrow Replace the drive chain, drive sprocket and driven sprocket as a set.



Drive Chain Wear Limit (10 Links): 150.1 mm (5.91 in)







DRIVE CHAIN AND SPROCKET











- 2. Check:
 - Drive chain stiffness Clean and oil the chain and hold as illustrated.

CHAS 000

- Stiff \rightarrow Replace drive chain.
- 3. Clean:
 - Drive chain

Drive Chain Cleaner: Kerosene

∆CAUTION:

Do not use steam cleaning, high-pressure washes, and certain solvent of O-ring ① damage may occur.

- 4. Inspect:
 - Drive sprocket
 More than 1/4 teeth ① wear → Replace sprocket.
- 2 Correct
- 3 Roller
- ④ Sprocket
 - 5. Inspect:
 - Drive sprocket
 Bent teeth ② → Replace sprocket.

1Slip off

INSTALLATION

Reverse the removal procedure. Note the following points.

- 1. Install:
 - Driven sprocket





DRIVE CHAIN AND SPROCKET

- 2. Lubricate:
 - Bearings
 - Oil seals
 - Collars



- 3. Install:
 - Drive chain
 - Swingarm
 - Rear wheel Refer to the "REAR SHOCK ABSORBER AND SWINGARM - INSTALLATION" and "REAR - WHEEL - INSTALLA-TION".
- 4. Install:
 - Drive sprocket
 - Lock washer (New)
 - Nut (Drive sprocket)



5. Install:

- Crankcase cover (Left)
- Shift arm



6. Adjust:

 Drive chain slack Refer to the "DRIVE CHAIN SLACK ADJUSTMENT" section in the CHAPTER 3.



10 \sim 20 mm (0.4 \sim 0.8 in)

△ CAUTION:

Too small chain slack will overload the engine and other vital parts; keep the slack within the specified limits.

▲ WARNING:

Always use a new cotter pin on the axle nut.



ELECTRICAL

FZR400U/SUC CIRCUIT DIAGRAM



8

CIRCUIT DIAGRAM



- (1) Main switch (2) Rectifier/Regulator (3) A.C. generator (4) "START" switch (5) Starter motor (6) Starter relay 7) Fuse "MAIN" (8) Battery (9) Fuse "IGNITION" (1) "ENGINE STOP" switch (1) Diode block (12) Clutch switch (13) Sidestand switch (1) Ignition circuit cut-off relay (15) Digital ignitor unit (16) Ignition coil (#1 and #4 cylinder) (17) Ignition coil (#2 and #3 cylinder) (18) Pickup coil (19) Spark plug 20 Fuse "FAN" (21) Thermo switch (22) Fan motor 23 Fuse "SIGNAL" (24) Front brake switch (25) Rear brake switch (26) "NEUTRAL" indicator light (27) Neutral switch 28 "OIL" indicator light (29) Resistor (30) Oil level switch
 - (3) Relay assembly

(32) Starting circuit cut-off relay

- (33) Flasher relay
- (34) Cancelling unit
- 35) "TURN" switch
- (36) "TURN" indicator light
- Tront position light/Flasher light (Left)
- (38) Rear flasher light (Left)
- (39) Rear flasher light (Right)
- Front position light/Flasher light (Right)
- (i) Reed switch
- 42 Horn
- (43) "HORN" switch
- 4 Tachometer
- 45 Temp meter
- 🍈 Thermo unit
- Fuel pump relay
- (48) Fuel pump
- (49) Fuse "HEAD"
- (5) "LIGHTS" (Dimmer) switch
- Meter light
 - (52) "HIGH BEAM" indicator light
- 53 Headlight
- 54 Tail/Brake light
- 55 License light
- 56 EXUP control unit
- (57) EXUP servomotor
- A For California only

COLOR CODE

| 0 - 0 - 0 | | | |
|-----------|------------|------|--------------|
| 0 | Orange | Y/R | Yellow/Red |
| R | Red | Br/W | Brown/White |
| | Blue | R/W | Red/White |
| Br | Brown | R/Y | Red/Yellow |
| B | Black | B/R | Black/Red |
| Y | Yellow | B/W | Black/White |
| W | White | B/Y | Black/Yellow |
| G | Green | L/W | Blue/White |
| | Pink | L/B | Blue/Black |
| Dg | Dark green | L/Y | Blue/Yellow |
| Ch | Chocolate | G/Y | Green/Yellow |
| Gy | Gray | W/R | White/Red |
| Sb | Sky blue | W/G | White/Green |

ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS (1)

- (1) Thermo switch
- Thermo unit
- (3) Relay assembly
- 4 Fuel pump relay
- 5 Horn
- 6 Oil level switch
- (7) Neutral switch
- 8 Sidestand switch
- (9) Sidestand relay
- EXUP control unit (For California only)
- (1) EXUP servomotor (For California only)

| SPECIFICATIONS | RESISTANCE |
|--|---|
| IGNITION COIL: PRIMARY SECONDARY PICKUP COIL: | 1.8 ~ 2.2 Ω at 20°C (65°F) 9.6 ~ 14.4 k Ω at 20°C (68°F) 85 ~ 115 Ω at 20°C (68°F) |

ELEC





ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS (2)

Wireharness
 Rear brake switch
 Diode block
 Fuse "MAIN"
 Main switch
 Ignition coil

 $(\tilde{7})$ Plug cap

(8) Battery
(9) Starter relay
(10) Rectifier/Regulator
(11) Digital ignitor unit





CHECKING OF SWITCHES

Check the switches for the continuity between the terminals to determine correct connection.

Read the following for switch inspection.

SWITCH CONNECTION AS SHOWN IN MANUAL

The manual contains a connection chart as shown left showing the terminal connections of the switches (e.g., main switch, handlebar switch, brake switch, lighting switch, etc.)

The extreme left column indicates the switch positions and the top line indicates the colors of leads connected with the terminals in the switch component.

"O-O" indicates the terminals between which there is a continuity of electricity; i.e., a closed circuit at the respective switch positions.

In this chart:

"R and Br" and "L/W and L/R" are continuous with the "ON" switch position.

"B and B/W" is continuous with the "OFF" switch position.

"B and B/W" is continuous with the "LOCK" switch position.

''B and B/W'' and ''R and L/R'' are continuous with the ''P'' switch position.

CHECKING SWITCH FOR TERMINAL CONNECTION

Before checking the switch, refer to the connection chart as shown above and check for the correct terminal connection (closed circuit) by the color combination.

To explain how to check the switch, the main switch is taken for example in the following.

| | В | B/W | R | Br | L/W | L/R |
|------|------------|-----|---|----|------------|-----|
| ON | | | O | Ю | \bigcirc | -0 |
| OFF | O | -0 | | | | |
| LOCK | \bigcirc | 0 | | | | |
| Р | \bigcirc | -0 | 0 | | | H-0 |

ELEC







1. Disconnect the main switch coupler from the wireharness.

∆ CAUTION:

Never disconnect the main switch coupler by pulling the leads. Otherwise, leads may be pulled off the terminals inside the coupler.

 Inspect whether any lead is off the terminal inside the coupler. If it is, repair it.

NOTE: _

If the coupler is clogged with mud or dust, blow it off by compressed air.

 Use the connection chart to check the color combination for continuity (a closed circuit). In this example, the continuity is as follows.

"R and Br" and "L/W and L/R" are continuous with the "ON" switch position.

"B and B/W" is continuous with the "OFF" switch position.

"B and B/W" is continuous with the "LOCK" switch position.

"B and B/W" and "R and L/R" are continuous with the "P" switch position.

Please note that there is no continuity (an open circuit) at all for the color combinations other than the above.

 Check the switch component for the continuity between "R and Br".

Checking steps:

- •Turn the switch key to the "ON", "OFF", "LOCK", and "P" several times.
- Set the pocket tester selector to the " $\Omega \times 1$ ".
- •Connect the tester (+) lead to the "R" lead terminal in the coupler and the (-) lead to the "Br" lead terminal.

CHECKING OF SWITCHES

NOTE: ___





Use thin probes for checking the continuity. Otherwise, the probes may contact other terminals inside the coupler.

ELEC

• Check the continuity between "R" and "Br" at the respective switch positions of "ON" (1), "OFF" (2), "LOCK" (3), and "P" (4). There must be continuity (the tester indicating "0") at the "ON" switch position, and there must be no continuity (the tester indicating " ∞ ") at "OFF", "LOCK", or "P". There is something wrong between "R" and "Br" if there is no continuity at the "ON" position or if there is some continuity either at the "OFF" or "LOCK" or "P".

NOTE: ___

Check the switch for continuity several times.

- Next go on to checking of the continuity between "B and B/W", "L/W and L/R", and "R and L/R" at the respective switch positions, as in the same manner mentioned above.
- 6. If there is something wrong with any one of the combinations, replace the switch component.



CHECKING OF BULBS (FOR HEADLIGHT, TAIL/BRAKE LIGHT, FLASHER LIGHT, METER LIGHT, ETC.)

Check the bulb terminal continuity for the condition of the bulb.

KINDS OF BULBS

The bulbs used in the motorcycle are classified as shown left by the shape of the bulb socket.

(A) and (B) are mainly used for the headlight.

 \bigcirc is mainly used for the flasher light and tail/brake light.

D and E are mainly used for the meter light and other indicator lights.

CHECKING BULB CONDITION

1. Remove the bulb.

NOTE: -

- Bulbs of the (A) and (B) type uses a bulb holder. Remove the bulb holder before removing the bulb itself. Most of the bulb holders for this type can be removed by turning them counterclockwise.
- Most of the bulbs of (C) and (D) type can be removed from the bulb sockets by pushing and turning them counterclockwise.
- •Bulbs of the (E) type can be removed from the bulb sockets by simply pulling them out.

▲ CAUTION:

Be sure to hold the socket firmly when removing the bulb. Never pull the lead. Otherwise, the lead may be pulled off the terminal in the coupler.

△ WARNING:

Keep flammable products or your hands away from the headlight bulb while it is on. It will be hot. Do not touch the bulb until it cools down.







2. Check the bulb terminals for continuity.

Checking steps:

- •Set the pocket tester selector to the " $\Omega \times 1$ ".
- Connect the tester leads to the respective bulb terminals. Take for example a 3-terminal bulb as shown left. First check the continuity between the ① and ② terminals by connecting the tester (+) lead to the ① terminal and the tester (-) lead to the ② terminal. Then check the continuity between the ① and ③ terminals by connecting the tester (+) lead still to the ① terminal and the tester (-) lead to the tester (-) lead to the ③ terminal. If the tester shows "∞" in either case, replace the bulb.
- Check the bulb socket by installing a proven bulb to it. As in the checking of bulbs, connect the pocket tester leads to the respective leads of the socket and check for continuity in the same manner as mentioned above.



IGNITION SYSTEM CIRCUIT DIAGRAM



 \bigcirc



Aforementioned circuit diagram shows the ignition circuit in the wiring diagram.

NOTE:_

For the color codes, see page 8-2.

1 Main switch 7 Fuse "MAIN" (8) Battery (9) Fuse "IGNITION" $\widecheck{10}$ "ENGINE STOP" switch (1) Diode block (3) Sidestand switch (14) Sidestand relay (5) Digital ignitor unit () Ignition coil (#1 and #4 cylinder) $\overline{(1)}$ Ignition coil (#2 and #3 cylinder) (18) Pickup coil (19) Spark plug 27 Neutral switch (10) $\widehat{\mathbf{T}}$ (15) **(9**) (11











DIGITAL IGNITION CONTROL SYSTEM

DESCRIPTION

The electronic ignition that sparks the engine is computer controlled and operated by the digital microprocessor. It has a pre-programed ignition advance curve.

This programed advance curve closely matches the spark timing to the engine's ignition requirements. Only one pickup coil is needed to meet the requirements of the digital ignitor unit.

The digital ignitor also includes the control unit for the electric fuel pump.

- A Pickup coil
- B Wave-shape shaping circuit
- C Edge detection circuit
- D Latch circuit
- E Microprocessor
- F Free-running counter
- G Comparison circuit
- H Register
- Elip-flop circuit
- J Driving circuit
- K Ignition coil
- Digital ignitor unit

OPERATION

The following operations are digitally-performed by signal from the pickup coil signal:

- 1. Determing proper ignition timing.
- 2. Sensing the engine revolution speed.
- 3. Determing timing for switching on ignition coil (duty control).
- **4.** Increasing ignition coil primary current for starting the engine.
- 5. Sensing engine stall.
- 6. Preventing over-revolution of the engine.

ELEC

TROUBLESHOOTING

IF IGNITION SYSTEM SHOULD BECOME INOPERATIVE (NO SPARK OR INTERMITTENT SPARK)

Procedure

Check;

- 1. Fuse "MAIN"
- 2. Battery
- 3. Spark plug
- Ignition spark gap
- 5. Spark plug cap resistance
- 6. Ignition coil resistance
- 7. Main switch

- 8. "ENGINE STOP" switch
- 9. Neutral switch
- 10. Sidestand switch
- 11. Sidestand relay

4) Top cover

5) Air filter case

- 12. Pickup coil resistance
- 13. Wiring connection (Entire ignition system)

6) Crankcase cover (Left)

- NOTE:__
- Remove the following before troubleshooting.
 - 1) Seat
 - 2) Lower cowling
 - 3) Center cowling
- Use the following special tools in this troubleshooting.















ELEC IGNITION SYSTEM × 8. "ENGINE STOP" switch • Disconnect the "ENGINE STOP" switch coupler from the wire harness. • Check the switch component for the continuity between "Red/White ① and Red/-White ② ". Refer to the "CHECKING OF SWITCHES" section. R/W R/W OFF ON INCORRECT (2 R/W R/W R/Y (1)G/Y L/B L/W В Br Replace handlebar switch (Right). CORRECT 9. Neutral switch • Disconnect the neutral switch coupler from the wire harness. • Check the switch component for the continuity between ''Sky blue 1 and Ground''. Refer to the "CHECKING OF SWITCHES" section. Sb Neutral In gear O INCORRECT п B/R Sb Replace neutral switch. $\hat{\mathbf{L}}$

CORRECT

ELEC









ELECTRIC STARTING SYSTEM CIRCUIT DIAGRAM



ELECTRIC STARTING SYSTEM



A forementioned circuit diagram shows the electric starting circuit in the wiring diagram.

NOTE: ___

For the color codes, see page 8-2.

(1) Main switch

- (4) "START" switch
- (5) Starter motor
- 6 Starter relay
- 7 Fuse "MAIN"
- (8) Battery
- (9) Fuse "IGNITION" (1) "ENGINE STOP" switch
- (1) Diode block
- (2) Clutch switch
- **13** Sidestand switch
- (27) Neutral switch ${old tarting}$ Starting circuit cut-off relay (Relay assembly ${old I}$)





ELECTRIC STARTING SYSTEM





STARTING CIRCUIT OPERATION

The starting circuit on this model consist of the starter motor, starter relay, and the relay unit (starting circuit cut-off relay). If the engine stop switch and the main switch are both closed, the starter motor can operate only if:

The transmission is in neutral (the neutral switch is closed).

or if

The clutch lever is pulled to the handlebar (the clutch switch is closed) and the sidestand is up (the sidestand switch is closed.)

The starting circuit cut-off relay prevents the starter from operating when neither of these conditions has been met. In this instance, the starting circuit cut-off relay is open so current cannot reach the starter motor.

When one of both of the above conditions have been met, however, the starting circuit cut-off relay is closed, and the engine can be started by pressing the starter switch.

WHEN THE TRANSMISSION IS IN NEUTRAL WHEN THE SIDESTAND IS UP AND THE CLUTCH LEVER IS PULLED IN

- 1 Battery
- 2 Starter motor
- ③ Starter relay
- (4) Main switch
- (5) "ENGINE STOP" switch
- 6 Starting circuit cut-off relay
- (7) "START" switch
- 8 Neutral switch
- 9 Clutch switch
- (1) Sidestand switch
- A To ignition circuit cut-off relay

ELEC

TROUBLESHOOTING

STARTER MOTOR DOES NOT OPERATE.

Procedure

Check;

- 1. Fuse "MAIN"
- 2. Battery
- 3. Starter motor
- 4. Starter relay
- 5. Starting circuit cut-off relay
- 6. Main switch
- 7. "ENGINE STOP" switch

NOTE: __

Remove the following before troubleshooting.

- 1) Seat
- 2) Seat cowling
- Use the following special tool in this troubleshooting.

Pocket Tester:

3) Lower cowling

8. Neutral switch

10. Clutch switch

9. Sidestand switch

11. "START" switch

12. Wiring connection

(Entire electric starting system)

4) Fuel tank









ELECTRIC STARTING SYSTEM

ELEC



ELECTRIC STARTING SYSTEM





ELECTRIC STARTING SYSTEM







Diode block is faulty. Replace the diode block.

ELECTRIC STARTING SYSTEM



STARTER MOTOR

- 1) Brush
- 2 Armature
- 3 Stator
- (4) O-ring

* MATCH MARKS







Removal

1. Remove: • Starter motor

Refer to the "ENGINE OVERHAUL – ENGINE REMOVAL" section in the CHAPTER 4.





Inspection and Repair

- 1. Inspect:
 - Commutator
 - Dirty \rightarrow Clean it with #600 grit sandpaper.
- 2. Measure:
 - Commutator diameter (a)
 - Out of specification \rightarrow Replace starter motor.

Commutator Wear Limit (a) :

22 mm (0.87 in)



- 3. Measure:
 - Mica undercut (b)

Out of specification \rightarrow Scrape the mica to proper value use a hacksaw blade can be ground to fit.

Mica Undercut (b) : 1.8 mm (0.07 in)

NOTE: ____

The mica insulation of the commutator must be undercut to ensure proper operation of commutator.



4. Inspect:

Armature coil (insulation/continuity)
 Defects(s) → Replace starter motor.

Armature coil inspecting steps:

- Connect the Pocket Tester for continuity check ① and insulation check ②.
- Measure the armautre resistances.

ELECTRIC STARTING SYSTEM





5. Measure:

Brush length (a)
 Out of specification → Replace.



Brush Length Limit: 5.0 mm (0.20 in)

- 6. Measure:
 - Brush spring pressure Fatigue/Out of specification → Replace as a set.



Brush Spring Pressure: 540 ~ 660 g (19.05 ~ 23.28 oz)

- 7. Inspect:
 - Bearing
 - Oil seal
 - O-rings ① Wear/Damage → Replace.

Installation

- 1. Install:
 - Starter motor

NOTE:_

Align the match marks (1) on the bracket with the match marks (2) on the housing.






CHARGING SYSTEM



CHARGING SYSTEM

CIRCUIT DIAGRAM







Aforementioned circuit diagram show the charging circuit in the wiring diagram.

NOTE: __

For the color codes, see page 8-2.

Rectifier/Regulator
A.C. generator
Fuse "MAIN"
Battery





4. Stator coil resistance

(Entire charging system)

5. Wiring connection

ELEC

TROUBLESHOOTING

THE BATTERY IS NOT CHARGED.

Procedure

Check;

- 1. Fuse "MAIN"
- 2. Battery
- 3. Charge voltage

NOTE:_

- Remove the following parts before troubleshooting.
- 1) Seat

4) Fuel tank

5) Lower cowling

- 2) Seat colwing
- 3) Top cover
- Use the following special tools in this troubleshooting.



CHARGING SYSTEM

ELEC



CHARGING SYSTEM

ELEC



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LIGHTING SYSTEM

CIRCUIT DIAGRAM





Aforementioned circuit diagram shows the lighting circuit in the wiring diagram.

NOTE:_

For the color codes, see page 8-2.

1 Main switch

- (4) "START" switch
- Tuse "MAIN"
- (8) Battery
- (37) Front position light (Left)
- (4) Front position light (Right)
- (4) Fuse "HEAD"
- (5) "LIGHTS" (Dimmer) switch
- (5) Meter light
- (52) "HIGH BEAM" indicator light
- 53 Headlight
- 54 Tail light
- (55) License light





ELEC

TROUBLESHOOTING



Procedure

Check;

- 1. Fuse "MAIN"
- 2. Battery
- 3. Main switch

- 4. "LIGHTS" (Dimmer) switch
- 5. Wiring connection (Entire lighting system)

NOTE: _

- Remove the following parts before troubleshooting.
- 1) Seat

Seat cowling

- 2) Upper cowling
- Use the following special tool in this troubleshooting.



Pocket Tester: P/N. YU-03112







ELEC



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LIGHTING SYSTEM CHECK

1. Headlight and "HIGH BEAM" indicator light do not come on.







2. Meter light does not come on.



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LIGHTING SYSTEM



ELEC

4. Taillight does not come on.



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4. Taillight does not come on.



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SIGNAL SYSTEM CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

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Aforementioned circuit diagram shows the signal circuit in the wiring diagram.

NOTE:_

For the color codes, see page 8-2.



ELEC

TROUBLESHOOTING







ELEC

SIGNAL SYSTEM CHECK

1. Horn does not sound.







ELEC



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ELEC



3. Flasher light and/or "TURN" indicator light do not blink.











SIGNAL SYSTEM ELEC



4. Blinking (Flasher light) is not cancelled automatically.



ELEC



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ELEC



5. "OIL" indicator light does not come on when push "START" switch.









6. "OIL" indicator light does not come on, when oil tank is empty.





ELEC



- •Ground the lead to the frame with the jumper lead.
- •Turn the main switch to "ON".
- Check that the tempmeter hand moves up to "H".



INCORRECT

∆CAUTION:

As soon as the meter hand get in the "Red zone, turn the main switch to "OFF" to avoid damage to the tempmeter.

CORRECT



ELEC

*

2. Thermo unit

- Remove the thermo unit.
- ullet Immerse the thermo unit $\ensuremath{ 2}$ in coolant $\ensuremath{ 3}$.
- •Measure the resistance at each temperature as tabulated.
- 1 Thermo meter

| Coolant Temperature | Resistance |
|------------------------|------------------|
| 50°C (122°F) | 154Ω |
| 80°C (176°F) | 47 ~ 57 Ω |
| 100°C (212°F) | 26 ~ 29 Ω |
| 120°C (248°F) | 16 Ω |
| | |





• After measuring the thermo unit, install the unit.

∆ WARNING:

Handle the thermo unit with special care. Never subject it to strong or allow it to be dropped. Should it be dropped, it must be replaced.

A CAUTION:

Avoid overtightening.



COOLING SYSTEM ELEC

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COOLING SYSTEM CIRCUIT DIAGRAM




A forementioned circuit diagram shows the cooling circuit in the circuit diagram.

NOTE: _

For the color codes, see page 8-2.

Main switch
 Fuse "MAIN"
 Battery
 Fuse "FAN"
 Thermo switch
 Fan motor





TROUBLESHOOTING

FAN MOTOR DOES NOT TURN.

Procedure

Check;

- 1. Fuse "MAIN/FAN"
- 2. Battery

5. Thermo switch

3) Air filter case

6. Wiring connection

COOLING SYSTEM

(Entire cooling system)

3. Fan motor (Test 1) 4. Fan motor (Test 2)

NOTE: ___

- Remove the following before troubleshooting.
- 1) Seat
- 2) Top cover
- Use the following special tool in this troubleshooting.







COOLING SYSTEM





COOLING SYSTEM



5. Thermo switch

- Remove the thermo switch from the thermostat housing.
- Connect the pocket tester $(\Omega \times 1)$ to the thermo switch (1).
- Immerse the thermo switch in the water ② .
- Check the thermo switch for continuity. Note temperatures while heating the water with the temperature gauge 3.

| Test Step | Water Temperature | Good Condition |
|--------------|---|-------------------|
| 1 | 0~ 98°C (32~ 208.4°F) | х |
| 2 | More than 105 ± 3°C (221.0 ± 5.4° F) | 0 |
| 3* | 105 to 98°C (221.0 to 208.4°F) | 0 |
| 4* | Less than 98°C (208.4°F) | × |

Test 1 & 2; Heat-up tests Test 3* & 4*; Cool-down tests

 \bigcirc : Continuity X : No continuity



🗥 WARNING:

Handle the thermo switch with special care. Never subject it to strong shock or allow it to be dropped. Should it be dropped, it must be replaced.



Thermo Switch: 8 Nm (0.8 m \cdot kg, 5.8 ft \cdot lb) Three Bond Sealock[®] # 10

▲ CAUTION:

After replacing the thermo switch, check the cooland level in the radiator and also check for any leakage.

NOTE: ____

The electric fan is controlled by the thermo switch whenever the main switch is "ON" or "OFF". Thus, under certain operating conditions, this fan may continue to run until the engine temperature has cooled down to about $98^{\circ}C$ ($208^{\circ}F$).





Fan Motor Inspection

| The following problems may require repair or | | | |
|--|---------------------|--|--|
| replacement of components | | | |
| Component | Condition | | |
| Fan motor | Unsmooth operation | | |
| Fan motor | Excessive vibration | | |
| Fan motor bracket | Cracks | | |
| Fan blades | Cracks | | |
| Securing bolts | Looseness | | |

FUEL SYSTEM

+ 1-

FUEL SYSTEM CIRCUIT DIAGRAM





A forementioned circuit diagram shows the fuel circuit in the circuit diagram.

NOTE: _

For the color codes, see page 8-2.

Main switch
 Fuse "MAIN"
 Battery
 Fuse "IGNITION"
 "ENGINE STOP" switch
 Digital ignitor unit
 Fuel pump relay
 Fuel pump







FUEL PUMP CIRCUIT OPERATION

The fuel pump circuit consists of the fuel pump relay, fuel pump, "ENGINE STOP" switch and digital ignition unit.

The digital ignition unit includes the control unit for the fuel pump.

The fuel pump starts and stops as indicated in the chart below.

- (1) To main fuse and battery Ž Main switch
- (i) "ENGINE STOP" switch
 (i) Digital ignitor unit

FUEL SYSTEM

- (5) Fuel pump relay
- (6) Fuel pump



| FUEL PUMP | | | | | |
|--|------------------------|-----------------------|--|--|--|
| STA | RT | STOP | | | |
| Main/Engine stop switch turned to "ON" | • Engine turned on | • Engine turned off | | | |
| For about 5 seconds when car- buretor fuel level is low | After about 0.1 second | After about 5 seconds | | | |

TROUBLESHOOTING

FUEL PUMP FAILS TO OPERATE.

Procedure

- 1. Fuse "MAIN/IGNITION"
- 2. Battery
- 3. Main switch
- 4. "ENGINE STOP" switch

NOTE: ____

- Remove the following before troubleshooting.
- 1) Seat
- 2) Fuel tank
- Use the following special tool in this troubleshooting.





- 5. Fuel pump relay
- 6. Fuel pump
- 7. Wiring connection
 - (Entire fuel system)

FUEL SYSTEM

ELEC

ELEC FUEL SYSTEM 3. Main switch • Disconnect the main switch coupler and lead from the wire harness. • Check the switch component for the continuity between "Red 1) and Brown 2 ". Refer to the "CHECKING OF SWITCHES" section. Br ΟN OFF Ρ INCORRECT R Br L $\hat{\mathbf{2}}$ (1)Replace main switch. CORRECT 4. "ENGINE STOP" switch • Disconnect the "ENGINE STOP" switch coupler from the wire harness. • Check the switch component for the continuity between "Red/White ① and Red/-White (2) ". Refer to the "CHECKING OF SWITCHES" section. R/W R/W OFF ON (2) INCORRECT R/W R/W R/Y (1)G/Y L/B Br В L/W Replace handlebar switch (Right). CORRECT

FUEL SYSTEM





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FUEL SYSTEM







FUEL PUMP TEST

Operation

The diaphragm is pulled in by the plunger allowing fuel to be sucked into the fuel chamber. Fuel is pushed out from the pump until carb float chamber is filled with fuel, and then the cut-off switch cuts off the circuit.

When the spring pushes the diaphragm further to the end, the cut-off switch turns on and the solenoid coil pulls the plunger with the diaphragm forcing fuel into the fuel chamber.

NOTE:__

When the main and "ENGINE STOP" switches are ON, the fuel pump relay is activated for five (5) seconds at which time the fuel pump operates.

- 1 Cut-off switch
- Spring
- ③ Diaphragm
- 4 Plunger
- 5 Solenoid coil
- 6 Fuel chamber
- Valve
- 8 Outlet
- Inlet

Inspection

- 1. Connect:
 - Battery (12V)
- 2. Inspect:
 - Fuel pump Cracks/Damage → Replace.
- 3. Check:
 - Fuel pump operation
 Faulty operation → Replace.

YAMAHA EXHAUST VARIABLE VALVE SYSTEM (For California only) CIRCUIT DIAGRAM





A forementioned circuit diagram shows the cooling circuit in the circuit diagram.

NOTE: _

For the color codes, see page 8-2.

1) Main switch 7) Fuse ''MAIN'' 8) Battery

- 9 Fuse "IGNITION"
- (1) "ENGINE STOP" switch
- **(i)** Digital ignition unit

(5) EXUP control unit (5) EXUP servomotor







WHEN MAIN SWITCH IS TURNED TO "ON", EXUP SERVOMOTOR DOES NOT OPERATE ONE CYCLE.

Procedure (1)

Check;

- 1. Voltage
- 2. EXUP servomotor operation
- 3. EXUP servomotor operation
- 4. Wiring connection (Entire EXUP system)

Procedure (2)

Check;

1. Fuse "MAIN/IGNITION"

ELEC

- 2. Battery
- 3. Main switch
- 4. "ENGINE STOP" switch
- 5. Wiring connection (Entire EXUP system)

NOTE: __

Remove the following parts before troubleshooting.

1) Seat

3) Lower cowling (Left)

- 2) Seat cowling
- Use the following special tool in this troubleshooting.

Pocket Tester: P/N. YU-03112

Procedure (1)

| 1. Voltage | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|
| • Connect the pocket tester (DC20V) to the "EXUP control unit" (1) connector. | | | | |
| Tester (+) Lead → Red/White ② Terminal Tester (–) Lead → Black ③ Terminal | | | | |
| | | | | |

YAMAHA EXHAUST VARIABLE VALVE SYSTEM

ELEC





YAMAHA EXHAUST VARIABLE VALVE SYSTEM



ELEC

YAMAHA EXHAUST VARIABLE VALVE SYSTEM



METER ASSEMBLY

ELEC

METER ASSEMBLY

- (1) Speedometer
- 2 Tachometer
- 3 Tempmeter
- (4) Indicator lights unit
-) 5 Damper

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- 6 Meter bracket
-) Bulb
- Bulb socket leads
- 9 Speedometer cable





REMOVAL

1. Remove: • Upper cowling Refer to the "COWLING REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION - REMOVAL" section

in the CHAPTER 3.

- 2. Disconnect:
 - Bulb socket coupler ①
 - Speedometer cable (2)
- 3. Remove:
 - Speedometer assembly ③









4. Remove: • Damper ①

- 5. Remove:
 - \bullet Indicator light unit ()
 - Meter bracket ②
- 6. Remove:
 - Bulb socket lead

METER ASSEMBLY

Note the following points.

INSTALLATION





2. Install the indicator lights as shown.

Reverse the "REMOVAL" procedure.

1. Install the meter lights and leads as shown.

- 3. Install:
 - \bullet Meter assembly (1)



Nut (Meter Assembly): 6 Nm (0.6 m · kg, 4.3 ft · lb)



TROUBLESHOOTING

NOTE: .

The following troubleshooting does not cover all the possible causes of trouble. It should be helpful, however, as a guide to troubleshooting. Refer to the relative procedure in this manual for inspection, adjustment and replacement of parts.



STARTING FAILURE/HARD STARTING

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POOR IDLE SPEED PERFORMANCE

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POOR MEDIUM AND HIGH SPEED PERFORMANCE/ FAULTY GEAR SHIFTING

POOR MEDIUM AND HIGH SPEED PERFORMANCE

POOR MEDIUM AND HIGH SPEED PERFORMANCE



Incorrectly assembled transmission





CLUTCH SLIPPING/DRAGGING



OVERHEATING OR OVER-COOLING

OVERHEATING



FAULTY BRAKE/ TRBL FRONT FORK OIL LEAKAGE/MALFUNCTION SHTG



INSTABLE HANDLING



FAULTY SIGNALS AND LIGHTS

| F | AULTY SIGNALS AND LIGHTS SHTG ? |
|-------------------------|--|
| FAULTY SIGNALS AND LIGH | |
| HEADLIGHT DARK | • Improper bulb |
| | Too many electrical accessories |
| | Hard charging (broken stator coil wire, faulty rectifier with regulator) |
| | Incorrectly connected coupler/connector/ wire harness |
| | Improperly grounded |
| | Poor contacts (main or light switch) |
| | Bulb life expired |
| BULB BURNT OUT | • Improper bulb |
| | • Faulty battery |
| | • Faulty rectifier/regulator |
| | Improperly grounded |
| | Faulty switch (main and light switch) |
| | Bulb life expired |
| FLASHER DOES NOT LIGHT | Improperly grounded |
| | Discharged battery |
| | • Faulty flasher switch |
| | • Faulty flasher relay |
| | Broken wire harness/loosely connected coupler |
| | Bulb burnt out |
| FLASHER KEEPS ON | ← Faulty flasher relay |
| | Insufficient battery capacity (nearly discharged) |
| | ■ Bulb burnt out (front or rear) |

FAULTY SIGNALS AND LIGHTS



FAULTY EXUP (For California only)







FZR400U/FZR400SUC WIRING DIAGRAM